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ABSTRACT

This Kids Count county data book is the eleventh in a series to measure the well-being of Kentucky's children and focuses on the vital role that families play in ensuring their children's success. Included at the beginning of this document is an executive summary of the databook providing an overview of the statewide data for six child and family indicators. Following the introductory remarks in the data book, a narrative section discusses trends over the past 20 years in the number of children, child living arrangements, family types, births, and child and teen deaths. In addition, trends are discussed for indicators grouped in five areas: (1) economic security, including child poverty, cost of living, unemployment rate, and number of recipients for various economic support programs; (2) student performance, including dropout rate, daily attendance rate, and academic achievement; (3) child care and early education, including number of care providers and public preschool enrollment; (4) child abuse and neglect, including number of reports and rate of substantiation; and (5) juvenile justice, including type of offense. Recommendations for improving child and family well-being follow. The bulk of the report presents statewide and county indicator data for the above areas. Data indicate that there have been

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improvements in prenatal care, infant mortality, child deaths, child poverty, low-income children without health care coverage, child support, teen births, and teen violent deaths. However, there have also been increases in the percent of low birthweight infants, the percent of children living with single parents, and the rate of youth under supervision of the Kentucky Department of Juvenile Justice. Information on definitions and data sources conclude the report. (Contains 45 endnotes.) (KB)

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2001 County Data Book

Kentucky kid count

Families Count

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2001 County Data Book

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Families Count

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The 2001 Kentucky KIDS COUNT County Data Book is the eleventh annual edition of data collection and analysis for the purpose of improving the lives of Kentucky's children. The data book would not be possible without the input and support of a number of individuals and agencies. First and foremost, Michael Price, Martye Scobee, and Thomas Sawyer, of Kentucky Population Research, worked tirelessly to collect and process data for the indicators presented in the data book. Kentucky Youth Advocates is particularly grateful for their efforts and for the support of the following Kentucky KIDS COUNT Data Partners:

Cabinet for Health Services, Vital Statistics Branch

Cabinet for Families and Children, Department of Community Based Services

Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Support

Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care

Department of Education, Division of Extended Learning

Cabinet for Families and Children, Department for Social Insurance

Cabinet for Health Services, Department for Medicaid Services

Cabinet for Health Services, Department of Adult and Child Health

Department of Juvenile Justice

Kentucky KIDS COUNT is part of a nationwide initiative of The Annie E. Casey Foundation to promote stronger families and children. For more information on the KIDS COUNT Initiative, visit The Annie E. Casey Foundation web site at www.aecf.org.

KIDS COUNT Consortium

The KIDS COUNT Consortium is a unique collaboration among researchers and children's activists who have significant expertise in the aggregation and use of data to impact public policy. Since 1991, the Consortium has produced reports on children and families in Kentucky. The Consortium includes individuals from two Kentucky Universities and Kentucky Youth Advocates. The members of the Consortium are:

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Kentucky KIDS COUNT is a project of Kentucky Youth Advocates, Kentucky Population Research, University of Louisville, and the KIDS COUNT Consortium.

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For Additional Copies

Additional copies of the Kentucky KIDS COUNT County Data Book are available for $20 (postage included) at:

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National KIDS COUNT Data Books and special reports, with state-to-state comparisons on child well-being, are also available (at no charge).

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Executive Summary

2001 County Data Book

Kentucky kids count

Families Count

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A Project of
Kentucky Youth Advocates
and
Kentucky Population Research,
University of Louisville

The 2001 Kentucky KIDS COUNT County Data Book is the eleventh publication in a series to measure the health and well-being of Kentucky's children. This year's data book focuses on the vital role that families play in ensuring their children's success.

In 2000, households with children under age 18 in Kentucky comprised over one third of all households in the state. By examining child living arrangements, family types, birth records, and families' economic conditions, we learn that while most Kentucky families are strong and resourceful, there are too many struggling to provide for their families' basic needs. The 2001 County Data Book examines the current status of Kentucky's families and what is necessary in today's economy to help families provide for their children's health, well-being, and educations.

The 2001 Data Book reviews the trends of several child and family indicators from 1980, 1990, and 2000. Statewide data for six child and family indicators are summarized below.

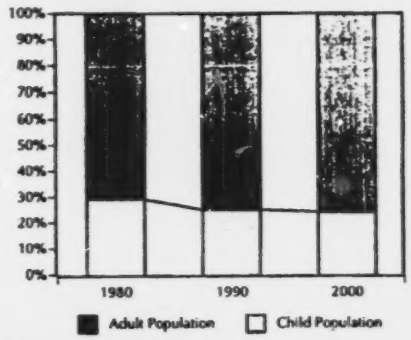
Key Findings—Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

Child Population

Children as a percent of total population decline. From 1980 to 2000, children under age 18 as a percent of the total Kentucky population declined from 30 percent to 25 percent.

- During the same period, the number of children under 18 decreased by 8 percent, from 1,082,730 to 994,818. However, from 1990 to 2000, the number of children increased by 4.3 percent, from 954,094 to 994,818.
- Only 27 of the state's 120 counties experienced increases in their child population over the past two decades.
- Among the nine economic development areas in the state, only three (Lexington, Northern Kentucky, and Bowling Green-Hopkinsville) have experienced an increase in the child population in the last two decades.

Child Population In Kentucky, 1980–2000



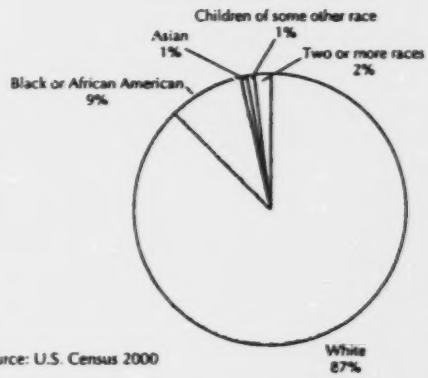
Source: U.S. Census 1980, 1990, and 2000

Children reflect growing diversity. In Kentucky, white children continued to be in the majority according to the 2000 Census, but diversity has increased over the past twenty years. The minority child population climbed to 13 percent compared to 9 percent in 1980.

Minority data are not available for all KIDS COUNT indicators. However, where data are available, it is clear that Kentucky's 126,468 minority children face higher risks for poor outcomes than do other children.

- Kentucky's child population is more diverse than the general population. While 10 percent of all Kentuckians self-identify as a race other than white, 13 percent of Kentucky's children were identified as a race other than white in the 2000 Census.
- Kentucky's child population has become more diverse during the last two decades. The number of white children under age 18 declined by 12 percent between 1980-2000.
- African American children represent 9 percent of the child population, the largest minority group among children.
- The number of children identified as Hispanic has more than doubled from 1980 to 2000, rising from 9,009 to 18,878.

13% of Kentucky's children were minority in 2000 Census



Source: U.S. Census 2000

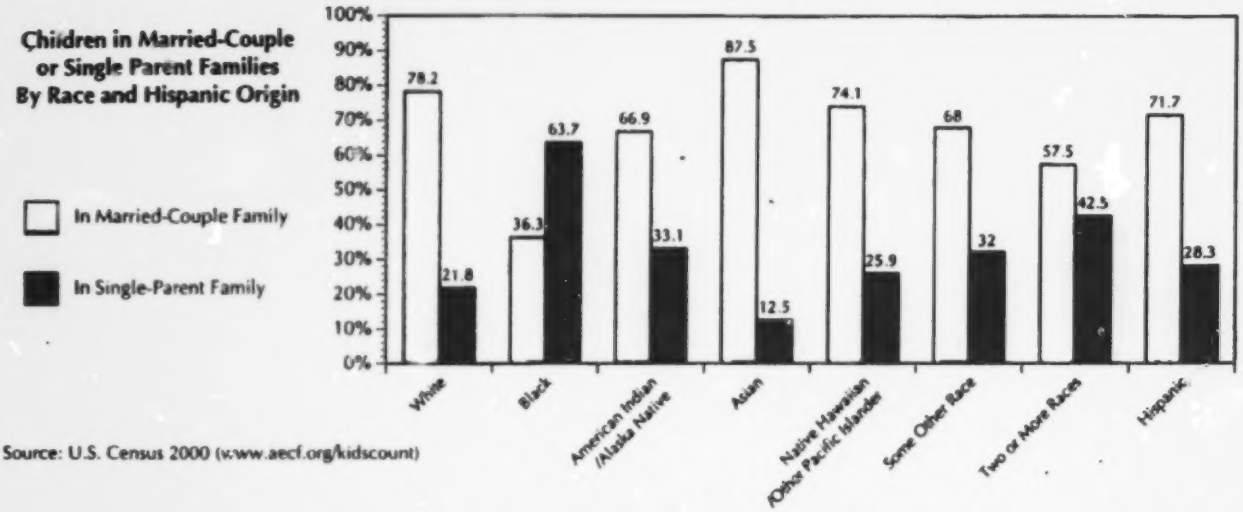
Families: Married, with Children?

The vast majority, almost 91 percent, of Kentucky's children lives with at least one parent present in the household. However, the most significant change in Kentucky's family structures over the past two decades has been the increase in single parent households. Since 1980, single parent households in Kentucky rose from 16 percent of families to 27 percent of families, an increase of 63 percent, making single parent families the fastest growing segment of Kentucky's families. For myriad reasons, many couples are unable to maintain stable relationships and provide nurturing homes for their children. Nevertheless, parents should accept the dual responsibilities of providing time and financial support to their children, regardless of the status of the adult relationship.

Living in a disrupted or single parent family can often lead to increased risk for children, including increased risk of teen pregnancy, drug use, and living in poverty. Demographically, most single-parent families are headed by women who are in poverty or living near the federal poverty line. However, since 1980, the percentage of single parents who are single fathers has increased notably, from 13 percent of single parent households to 22 percent.

Just over two-thirds of children in Kentucky live in married-couple families. While family types vary throughout the state, across Kentucky's 120 counties, the percent of chil-

Children in Married-Couple or Single Parent Families By Race and Hispanic Origin



Source: U.S. Census 2000 (www.aecf.org/kidscount)

dren living in single parent families ranges from 12 percent of children in Oldham County to 37.4 percent of children in Fulton County. Fewer African American children live in married-couple families than any other racial group.

Child Living Arrangements

More Kentucky children than ever—231,151—are living with single parents. These data answer the questions, "How many of our children are living with both married parents, with a single mother, a single father, another relative (including a grandparent), or in "group quarters," meaning that children live somewhere other than in a household, such as a hospital, detention facility, or dormitory. According to the 2000 Census,

- Only 67% of all children in Kentucky live in two-parent, married couples families. Among African American children, only 36% live in two-parent, married couple families. Among Hispanic children (of any race), 72% live in two-parent, married couple families.
- Almost 1 in 5 children in Kentucky lives with a single mother, while 1 in 4 lives with a single parent.
- More than one in twenty children lives in a household headed by a single father.
- Just over 7 percent of children live in families headed by other relatives, including grandparents.

Family Types

Among families with children, married couple families are the most common in Kentucky. However, single parent families comprise 27 percent of Kentucky's families with children, and include those who were never married, or are divorced, widowed, or co-habitating. According to the 2000 Census,

- 516,344 of Kentucky's families were those with children under 18 years of age.
- Over one third—36 percent—of all families were married-couple families with children under age 18.
- Among families with children, 73 percent were married-couple families with children under age 18.
- Twenty-eight percent of families with children nationwide were headed by a single parent. In Kentucky, 27 percent of families with children were headed by a single parent.

Kentucky

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
Number of Children			
All children under age 18	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Percent under age 5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
White	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Black or African American	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Some other race	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hispanic*	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Child Living Arrangements			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	67
With single mothers	13	20	25
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	7
With Grandparents	[illegible]	5	6
Number in group quarters	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Family Types			
All families with children	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Percent married couples	84	77	73
Percent single mothers	14	19	23
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980-84	1985-92	1995-99
Births			
All live births	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Percent premarital rate to 1st trimester	24	28	30
Percent 20 or more prenatal care visits	64	77	83
Percent mothers less than 18 reports low birthweight	7	7	8
Percent graduates less than 12 years	18	8	10
Percent live births BOTH years of 15 to 19	73	87	89
Percent mothers who expected smoking during pregnancy	30	27	24
Percent mothers under age 20	20	17	16
Percent mothers ages 30 and older	6	8	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	37	28	22
Percent mothers not married	18	24	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15-44)	67	61	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15-17)	41	44	36
Births out of wedlock	20	28	32
Child and Teen Deaths			
Infant mortality rate	12	9	7
Deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births			
Child death rate	33	32	28
Deaths ages 1-14 per 100,000			
Teen violent death rate	70	71	67
Deaths ages 15-19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000			

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Note: Due to data availability, trend periods differ on indicators.

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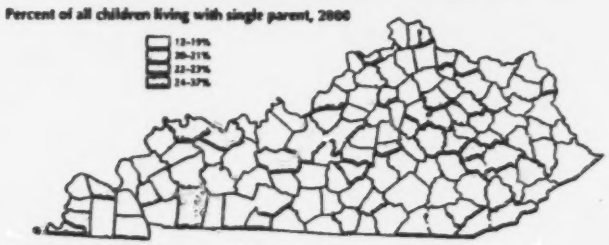
- Single mothers represented 78 percent of single parents. In 1980, single mothers represented 88 percent of single parents.
- Single fathers represented more than 1 in 5 (22%) single parent heads of household. In 1980, single fathers represented about 1 in 8 (13%) single parent heads of household.



Source: U.S. Census 2000. Graphic produced with ArcView GIS software.

Maternal Characteristics

Thirty percent of births are to unmarried mothers. The dramatic increase in single parent families over the last two decades is due, in large part, to the corollary increase in the number of parents (mothers and fathers) who have chosen not to marry. While divorce rates in Kentucky have remained relatively steady over the two-decade period, peaking in the early nineties, there has been an 88 percent increase in the number of births to unmarried mothers since 1980, from 16 percent to 30 percent of all births.

Economic Security

Combination of high child poverty and uncollected child support increases risk factors for children. Poverty is related to all KIDS COUNT indicators. Almost one in four (23%) of Kentucky's children lives in a family with an income below the federal poverty threshold. In many counties, the child poverty rate exceeds 40 percent. However, the federal poverty threshold is grossly inadequate in assessing family economic well-being. Another KIDS COUNT indicator that measures family economic success is children's participation in the Federal Free and Reduced Priced Lunch Program. During the 2000 school-year, almost half (48%) of public school students in Kentucky received free or reduced priced lunches.

Child support data are only available for cases managed by the Kentucky Division of Child Support, through local county attorney's offices. Data are not available for child support cases handled through private divorces or custody agreements. In 2001, forty-seven percent of child support was not collected on behalf of children. Though recent trends point to increasing child support collections, the increase in single parent families combined with the onset of tougher economic times, heightens the necessity to improve Kentucky's child support collection system.

Recommendations: Supporting All Families

- Enact a state Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) for low-income working families. Seventeen states and the District of Columbia offer their working families a state EITC for tax relief to supplement the federal earned income credit. A Kentucky EITC would benefit approximately 309,000 working families with children.
- Assure access to high quality child care and pre-school programs so that every infant, toddler, and preschooler in Kentucky has the opportunity to build a foundation for learning in a nurturing environment.
- Close the child support gap. Because shared parenting only begins with financial support, policies to improve child support collection should target non-custodial parents' involvement in their children's lives.
- Promote education and training opportunities for parents who are seeking to secure employment with sufficient wages and benefits to provide for their families.
- Support policies that encourage girls and young women to postpone childbearing until they have completed a post-secondary education and are able to both emotionally and financially support a child.
- Support policies that encourage boys and young men to postpone becoming fathers until they have completed a post-secondary education and are able to both emotionally and financially support a child.
- Help families obtain and keep health coverage through Medicaid and the Kentucky Child Health Insurance Program (KCHIP) by simplifying eligible families' enrollment, reducing administrative obstacles that result in loss of health insurance, and resisting cost sharing proposals that would limit access to needed health services.

Kentucky KIDS COUNT is a part of a broad national effort to measure the well-being of children at the state and local levels, and use that information to shape policies to improve the lives of children and families. The partners in the Kentucky KIDS COUNT Consortium include:

Kentucky Youth Advocates
A statewide child advocacy organization that seeks to improve the lives of Kentucky's children by being a strong voice on their behalf, and by promoting public policies that enhance their lives.

University of Louisville
Researchers and Demographers from Kentucky Population Research and the Kentucky State Data Center.

University of Kentucky
Researchers from the Department of Rural Sociology and the Research Center for Families and Children.

Funding is provided by The Annie E. Casey Foundation and the National Council of Jewish Women-Louisville Section.

The 2001 County Data Book is available for $20 (postage and shipping included)

For copies of the book, further information, or presentations, contact:

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[1] The category "minority" includes all children other than those who selected only one race (white).
[2] Hispanic can be of any race.
[3] For more information on the new racial categories see the KIDS COUNT/Population Reference Bureau Report, "Using the New Racial Categories in the 2000 Census," available at www.kidscount.org.
[4] The 2001 federal poverty guidelines are set at $14,630 for a family of three. Low-income families are defined as having incomes no more than double (200%) the federal poverty guidelines.
[5] Married-couple families include households in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Census definitions available at www.kidscount.org, prepared by the Population Reference Bureau, 2001.
[6] Cohabitating includes "persons of the opposite sex sharing living quarters." The male may or may not be the biological father of the children in the family. U.S. Census Bureau.
[7] "Family" households are those with two or more persons related by birth, marriage or adoption, and include both families with children under 18 and families with no children under 18. U.S. Census Bureau.
[8] 126,485 families were headed by single mothers. 34,318 families were headed by single fathers. U.S. Census 2000.
[9] The federal poverty threshold does not consider cost of living based on location. For a full report on the cost of living for families in each Kentucky County, see "The Self-Sufficiency Standard for Kentucky: Real Budgets, Real Families." University of Washington, Wider Opportunities for Women, Kentucky Youth Advocates, and Kentucky Family Economic Self-Sufficiency Coalition (KYFESS), 2001.
[10] Eligibility for National Free/Reduced Lunch Program is based on family income under 185% of the federal poverty guidelines, or $26,066 for a family of three.

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How to Use the KIDS COUNT Data Book

The KIDS COUNT County Data Book provides useful statistics for professionals, state policymakers, and community members who are interested in working to improve the lives of children in Kentucky. Though there are countless indicators that measure the well-being of children, those selected for this book represent measurements of children's family lives, health, economic security, education, and social well-being.

Data

The data included in this book were provided by or available through state and federal agencies. Standard mathematical formulas were used to convert data to rates or percents. (See IMPORTANT DATA REMINDERS below)

Narrative

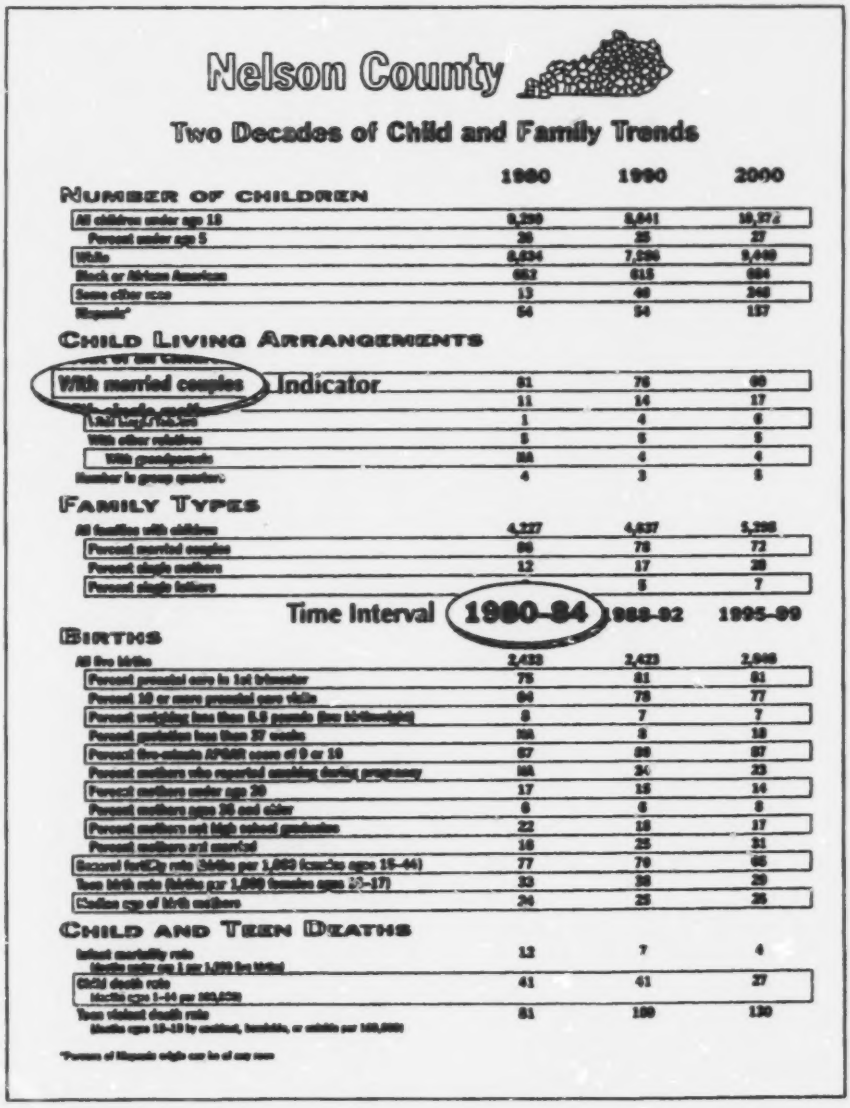
For each indicator, the narrative portion of this book provides findings and significance to be considered when viewing the data. A recommendations section is located at the end of the narrative section. Definitions and data sources are listed in the back of the data book.

Graphs

The graphs included in this book were developed by Kentucky Youth Advocates and Kentucky Population Research to provide a visual depiction of the data. Selected graphs are available at the Kentucky Youth Advocates' web site, www.kyyouth.org in the chart gallery.

Important Data Reminders

- Data are based on different time intervals (i.e. calendar year, fiscal year, academic year, three-year averages, and five-year averages) Readers should check each indicator, definition, and data source to determine the reported time period.
- No rates are reported for counties when the incidents of an indicator are too small to be considered meaningful.
- Indicators may be reported as either raw data, as rates, or both.
- Reported rates may vary. Readers should review each heading definition to interpret the rates (i.e. percent, which is rate per 100, or rate per 1,000, 10,000, or 100,000).



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Overview

Family structures are changing. There are more children living in single parent homes in Kentucky than ever before. For child advocates, this means that, as we work to ensure that all of Kentucky's children have the building blocks necessary to become healthy, productive adults, we must recognize the unique challenges that single parent families face. Still, we must recognize the shared challenges that all parents and guardians face as they raise their children.

Healthy families come in all shapes and sizes. Just as we cannot say that it is always preferable to grow up in a married couple family, we cannot say that it is always more difficult to grow up in a single parent family. Married couple families can face economic hardships, housing and neighborhood instability, and be plagued with conflict within their homes. Single parent families can have sufficient economic resources to care for their children, stable housing and supportive communities, and have low-conflict, nurturing homes.

Thousands of single parents are performing heroic feats each day to provide their children with the love, support, and guidance that they need to thrive. But, as the number of single parents who are working increases, time pressures on these families mount.

Parents with job stress, particularly those with limited incomes and few benefits, are finding it difficult to have the time and energy necessary to parent. Time to prepare young children for school, to help with homework, and to teach good decision-making is becoming increasingly scarce.

By examining child living arrangements, family types, birth records, and families' economic conditions, we see that while many Kentucky families are strong and resourceful, there are too many struggling to provide for their families' basic needs. The 2001 County Data Book examines the current status of Kentucky's families and what is necessary in today's economy to help families provide for the health, well-being, and education of their children.

For children to be strong and successful, they need families who are not made weak by economic insecurity. For families to thrive, they need neighborhoods and communities that offer support through quality child care and early education, challenging schools, jobs that pay sufficient wages, and access to doctors and health care.

Child advocates know that healthy children and families do not just happen. This data book provides the tools for community leaders, parents, and policy makers to create supportive neighborhoods where families can do their best work —raise their children.

Valerie Salley, J.D.
KIDS COUNT Coordinator
Kentucky Youth Advocates

Families Count Indicators

The 2001 Kentucky KIDS COUNT County Data Book is the eleventh publication in a series to measure the health and well-being of Kentucky's children. This year's data book focuses on the vital role that families play in ensuring their children's success. While several indicators are included, the following is an overview for better understanding recent trends affecting Kentucky families with children.

	Kentucky Compared to U.S. Average	Recent Trend in Kentucky
Prenatal care Percent of mothers receiving prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy	**Better**	**Better**
Low birth-weight babies Percent of low birth weight babies (less than 5.5 pounds)	**Worse**	**Worse**
Infant mortality Infant mortality (under age 1) per 1,000 live births	**Worse**	**Better**
Child deaths Rate of child deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14	**Worse**	**Better**
Children in poverty Percent of children under age 18 living in families with incomes below federal poverty line	**Worse**	**Better**
Low-income children without health care coverage Percent of children under age 19 living in families with incomes less than twice the federal poverty threshold	**Better**	**Better**
Children in single parent families Percent of all children living with single mothers or single fathers	**Better**	**Worse**
Child support* Percent of obligated child support collected		**Better**
Teen births Rate of births per 1,000 females ages 15–17	**Worse**	**Better**
Teen violent deaths Rate of deaths by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000 children ages 15–19	**Worse**	**Better**
Committed Youth* Rate of children ages 10–17 under supervision of Kentucky Department of Juvenile Justice		**Worse**

*Data not available for U.S. comparison.

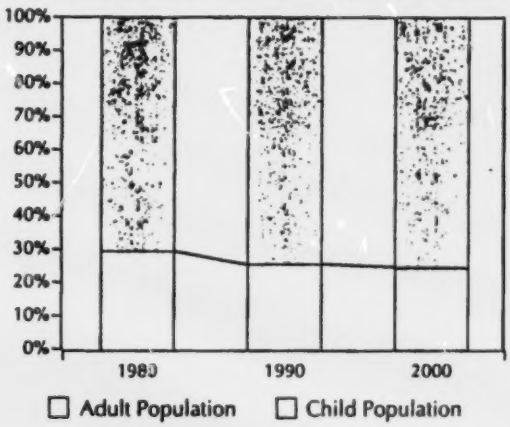
Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

Number of Children

Children as a percent of the total population decline.

From 1980 to 2000, children under age 18 as a percent of the total Kentucky population declined from 30 percent to 25 percent. During the same period, the number of children under 18 decreased by 8 percent, from 1,082,730 to 994,818. However, from 1990 to 2000, the number of children increased by 4.3 percent, from 954,094 to 994,818.

Child Population in Kentucky 1980–2000



Source: U.S. Census 1980, 1990, and 2000

Only 27 of the state's 120 counties experienced increases in their child population over the past two decades. Among the nine economic study areas in the state, only three (Lexington, Northern Kentucky, and Bowling Green-Hopkinsville) have experienced increases in the child population in the last two decades.[1]

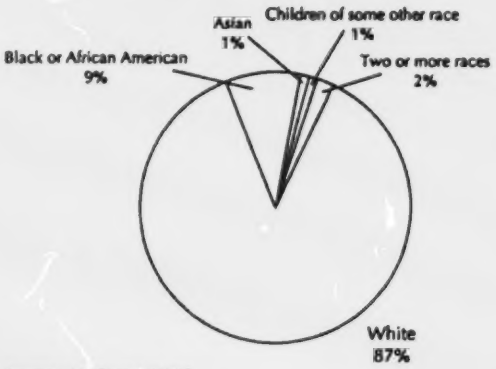
Children reflect growing diversity

In Kentucky, white children continued to be in the majority according to the 2000 Census, but diversity has increased over the past twenty years. The minority child population climbed to 13 percent in 2000 compared to 9 percent in 1980.

Minority data are not available for all KIDS COUNT indicators. However, where data are available, it is clear that Kentucky's 126,468 minority children face higher risks for poor outcomes than do other children.

- Kentucky's child population is more diverse than the general population. While 10 percent of all Kentuckians self-identify as a race other than white, 13 percent of Kentucky's children were identified as a race other than white in the 2000 Census;[2]
- Kentucky's child population has become more diverse during the last two decades. The number of white children under age 18 declined by 12 percent between 1980–2000;
- African American children represent 9 percent of the child population, the largest minority group among children; and
- The number of children identified as Hispanic has more than doubled from 1980 to 2000, rising from 9,009 to 18,878.[3]

13% of Kentucky's children were minority in 2000 Census



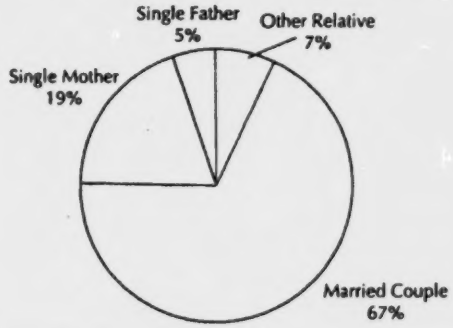
Source: U.S. Census 2000[4]

Child Living Arrangements

More Kentucky children than ever—almost one in four—are living with single parents.

Ninety-one percent of Kentucky's children live with at least one parent present in the household, but single parents head many of those households. Since 1980, the percent of all Kentucky children living in single parent homes has risen from 15 percent to 24 percent.

Kentucky's Child Living Arrangements 2000



*Percentages do not add to 100 due to rounding.
Source: U.S. Census 2000

Lacking the resources and parental involvement available in two-parent families, children of single parents often face increased risk for behavioral problems. These children are more likely to live in poverty, to struggle with schoolwork, and to experiment with a variety of risk-taking behaviors, including substance abuse. And for girls, the probability that they will become teen mothers increases. While many children of single parents overcome the odds and thrive, too many are unable to reach their full potential because of the social and economic barriers that they and their families face.

Kentucky Counties with the *Highest* Percentages of Children in Single-Parent Households

County	%
Fulton	37
Jefferson	30
McCracken	28
Bell	27
Franklin	26
Fayette	26
Hickman	26
Wolfe	26
Lee	25
Estill	25

Kentucky Counties with the *Lowest* Percentages of Children in Single-Parent Households

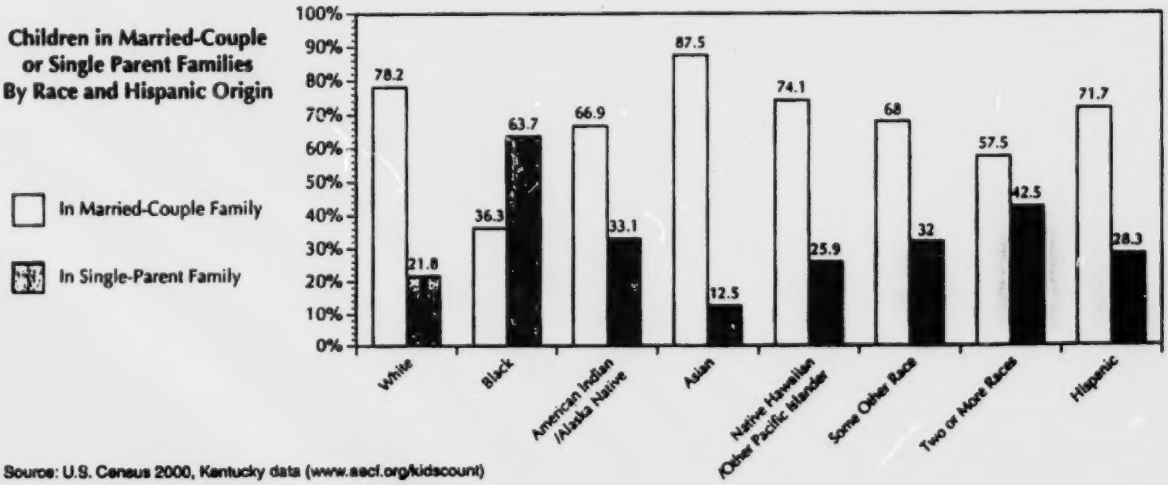
County	%
Oldham	12
Spencer	14
Hancock	16
Boone	17
Morgan	17
Edmonson	17
Livingston	17
Woodford	17
Ohio	18
Garrard	18

Source: U.S. Census 2000

Demographically, most single-parent families are headed by women who are in poverty or living near the federal poverty line.[5] In Kentucky, almost 8 in 10 single parents are female. However, since 1980, the percentage of single parents who are fathers has increased notably, from 13 percent of single parent households to 22 percent. Nevertheless, because of the gap in earning potential between men and women, children in female-headed single parent homes are more likely to be poor than those in male-headed single parent homes.[6]

Just over two-thirds of children in Kentucky live in married-couple families.[7] While family types vary throughout the state, across Kentucky's 120 counties,

Children in Married-Couple or Single Parent Families By Race and Hispanic Origin



Source: U.S. Census 2000, Kentucky data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)

the percent of children living in single parent families ranges from 12 percent of children in Oldham County to 37 percent of children in Fulton County.

These data answer the question, "How many of our children are living with both married parents, with a single mother, a single father, another relative (including a grandparent), or in group quarters?" Children living in group quarters live somewhere other than in a household, such as a hospital, detention facility, or dormitory. According to the 2000 Census:

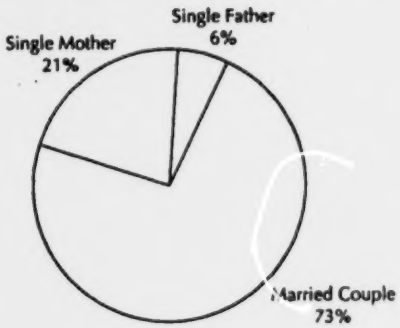
- Sixty-seven percent of all children in Kentucky live in two-parent, married couples families. Among African American children, only 36 percent live in two-parent, married couple families. Among Hispanic children (of any race), 72 percent live in two-parent, married couple families;
- Almost 1 in 5 children in Kentucky lives with a single mother, while 1 in 4 lives with a single parent;
- More than one in twenty children lives in a household headed by a single father;
- Just over 7 percent of children live in families headed by other relatives, including grandparents; and
- Fewer African American children live in married-couple families than any other racial group. In Jefferson County, 7 out of 10 African American children live in single parent families.

Family Types

Among families with children, married couple families are the most common in Kentucky, representing 73 percent of families with children.

However, the most significant change in Kentucky's family structures over the past two decades has been the increase in single parent households. Single parent families comprise 27 percent of Kentucky's families with children, and include those who were never married, are divorced, widowed, or co-habiting.[8] Since 1980, single parent households in Kentucky rose from 16 percent of families to 27 percent of families, an increase of 69 percent, making single parent families the fastest growing segment of Kentucky's families.

Kentucky's Families with Children 2000

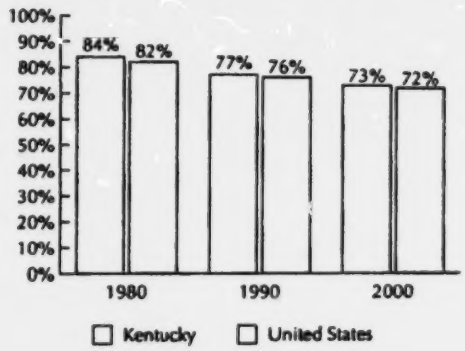


Source: U.S. Census 2000

According to the 2000 Census,

- 516,344 of Kentucky's families were those with children under 18 years of age;
- Over one third –36 percent—of all families were married-couple families with children under age 18;[9]
- Among families with children, 73 percent were married-couple families with children under age 18;
- Twenty-eight percent of families with children nationwide were headed by a single parent. In Kentucky, 27 percent of families with children were headed by a single parent;[10]
- Single mothers represented almost 4 in 5 (78 percent) of single parents in Kentucky. In 1980, single mothers represented 88 percent of single parents;
- In 2000, single fathers represented more than 1 in 5 (22%) of single parent heads of household. In 1980, single fathers represented about 1 in 8 (13%) single parent heads of household;
- While divorce rates in Kentucky have remained relatively steady over the two-decade period, peaking in the early nineties, there has been an 88 percent increase in the number of births to unmarried mothers since 1980, from 16 percent to 30 percent of all births; and

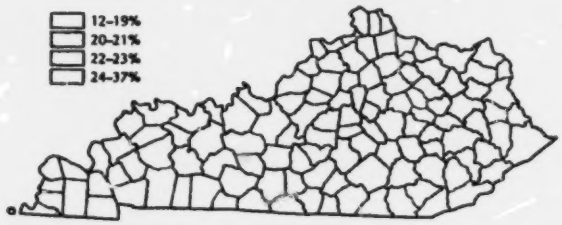
Percent of Families with Children Headed by Married Couples 1980–2000



Source: U.S. Census 1980, 1990, and 2000

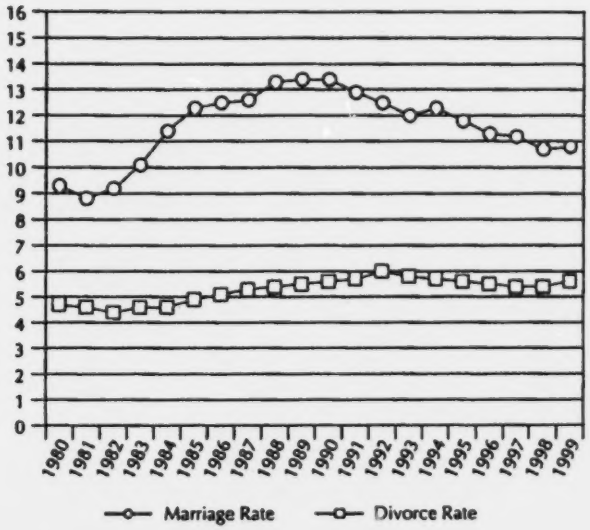
- In 1999, divorces with children represented fewer than half of divorces.

Percent of all children living with single parent 2000



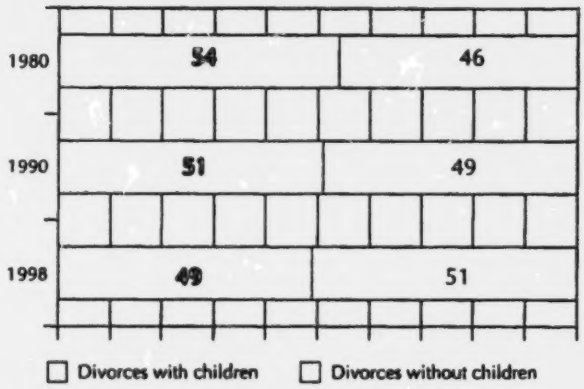
Source: U.S. Census 2000. Graphic produced with ArcView GIS software.

Kentucky Marriage and Divorce Rates* 1980–1999



*Crude rate per 1,000 population.
Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

Kentucky Divorces 1980–1998 Percent with Children



Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

More children are calling grandparents' house their home.

From 1990 to 2000, the number of children under 18 living in grandparent-headed homes rose from five to six percent of all children in Kentucky. These children may be living with both grandparents, with no parent, one parent, or both parents present. They may also live with only one grandparent, with no parent, one parent, or both parents present. Further data from the 2000 Census on grandparent-headed households will be available in 2002 that will provide more insight into the make-up of these families.

Multigenerational families are more common among immigrant populations, in areas in which affordable housing is in short supply, or in areas in which there is a high rate of births to unmarried women. Given the increasing rate of births to unmarried mothers statewide, the latter is the probable explanation for Kentucky's rise in grandparent-headed households. Due to economic circumstances, unmarried mothers often live with their children in their parent or parents' home.[11]

Nationally, about two-thirds of grandparent-headed households had at least one parent present. In over half of these households, both grandparents were present, 43 percent were maintained by grandmothers only, and 6 percent were maintained by grandfathers only. Children living with grandparents, especially in grandmother only homes, are much more likely to be poor, receiving public assistance, and living in a home in which no adult has completed high school than in any other family type.[12]

Births

More expectant mothers are receiving early prenatal care.

More expectant mothers in Kentucky are receiving prenatal care in the first trimester of their pregnancies and visiting their doctors at least ten times during pregnancy. Over the past two decades, early prenatal care rates in Kentucky have increased among all groups of pregnant women, married and unmarried, in every age group, racial group, and at every level of education attained. Nonetheless, early prenatal care still varies significantly by marital status, age, race, and education levels of mothers.

Statewide, for the 1995–99 period, 86 percent of all mothers reported that they began prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy. However, among unmarried mothers in 1999, only 76 percent reported receiving early prenatal care, while almost 90 percent of married mothers reported receiving early prenatal care.

Both the age and race of an expectant mother are predictors of how much prenatal care she will receive. Only 68 percent of all mothers in Kentucky under age 20 reported receiving prenatal care in the first trimester, and only 78 percent of black mothers reported early prenatal care as compared to 87 percent of white mothers. Among the most reported barriers to receiving prenatal care are the lack of health insurance, transportation, and child care. These barriers are faced disproportionately by low-income women and women of color.

Number of low birth-weight babies increases.

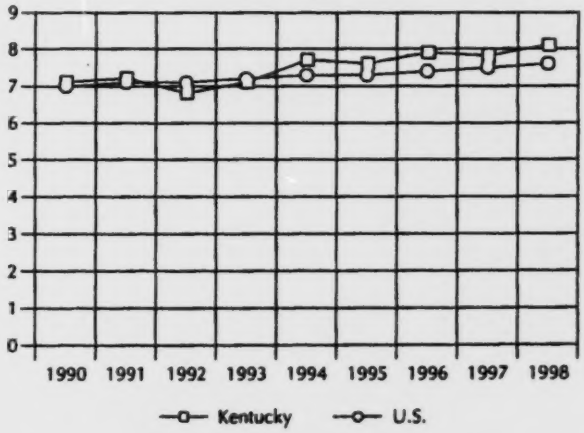
Following the national trend, Kentucky has seen the number of low birth-weight babies increase, resulting in 8 percent of babies being born with weights of less than 5.5 pounds during the 1997–99 period versus 7 percent in each of the comparison periods (1980–84 and 1988–92). Nationwide, Kentucky ranks 37th among states for its rate of low birth-weight babies. In 1990, Kentucky ranked 26th among states on this measure.[13]

An African American baby in Kentucky is almost twice as likely to be born with a low birth weight than a white baby. Of all live births to black mothers, 14.2 percent were low birth-weight; compared to 7.7 percent for whites. Birth-weights also vary markedly by a mother's marital status. Unmarried mothers have a higher percentage of low birth-weights than do married mothers, 10.9 percent compared to 7.1 percent.

Percent of Live Births to Mothers Who Received Prenatal Care in the First Trimester of Pregnancy by Mother's Age and Marital Status 1999

Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

Percent Low Birthweight Babies 1990–98



Source: The Annie E. Casey Foundation (www.aecf.org/kidscount)

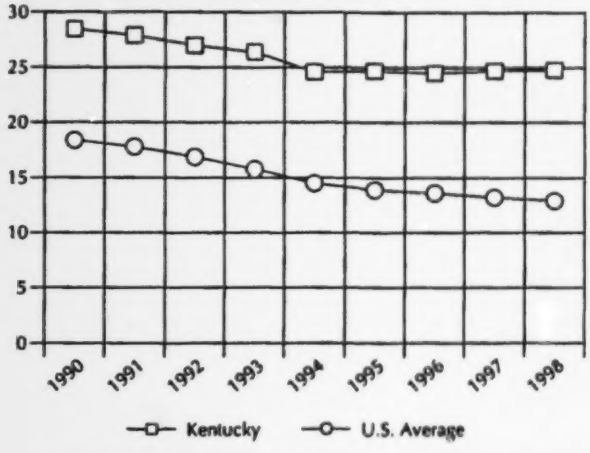
Fewer mothers report smoking during pregnancy.

Births to women who smoked accounted for 25 percent of births in Kentucky, compared with 13 percent in the nation as a whole. Rates of smoking during pregnancy are much higher among teen and young mothers than mothers age thirty and over. In 1998, Kentucky ranked 46th (out of the 50 states, with 50th being worst) on percent of total births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy.[14]

Smoking or other substance abuse negatively influences an infant's birth weight. Babies with low

birth weights are at higher risk for physical and developmental problems and death than normal birth weight babies. In addition to smoking, other risk-taking behaviors take their toll on newborns. Substance abuse, nutritional deficiencies, and risks that are present in the home environment such as domestic violence also affect prenatal care.

Smoking During Pregnancy 1990–1998



Source: The Right Start State Trends. Child Trends KIDS COUNT Special Report

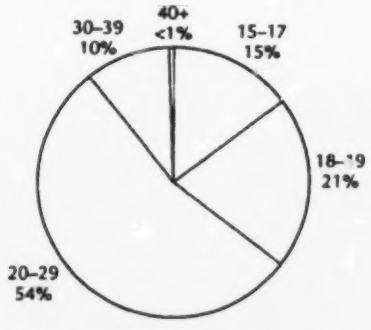
Births to unmarried mothers increase.

Almost one in three (30 percent) of births are to unmarried mothers. The dramatic increase in single parent families over the last two decades is due, in large part, to the corollary increase in the number of parents who have chosen not to marry. While divorce rates in Kentucky have remained relatively steady over the two-decade period, peaking in the early nineties, there has been an 88 percent increase in the number of births to unmarried mothers since 1980, from 16 percent to 30 percent of all births. The rate increased 25 percent from 1990 to 2000, from 24 percent to 30 percent of all births.

The increase in births to unmarried mothers over the past two decades is significant, yet Kentucky ranks 19th nationwide on percent of births to unmarried mothers (1 being best; 50 being worst).[15] Nationally, the trend of births to unmarried mothers appears to have peaked, and is beginning to decline.[16]

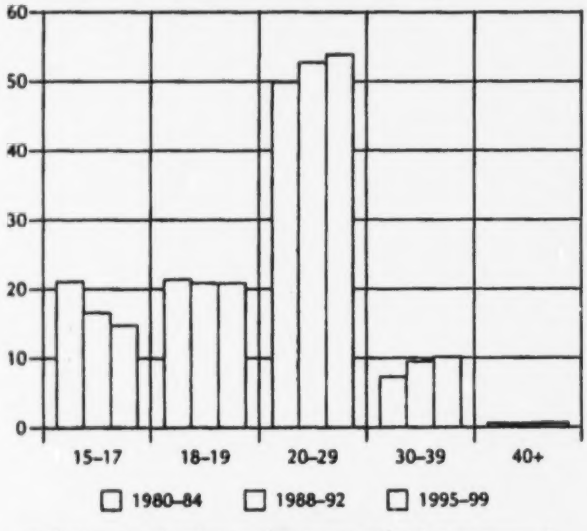
Over half of births to unmarried women in Kentucky were to women ages 20–29. Younger teens (ages 15–17) represented 15 percent of births to unmarried mothers while older teens (ages 18 –19) represented 21 percent of births to unmarried mothers. Due to the declining teen birth rate, the number and rate of births to unmarried teens has also dropped. However, births to unmarried women over 20 have increased.

Births to Unmarried Mothers By Age 1995–99



*Percentages add to more than 100 due to rounding
Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

Births to Unmarried Mothers by Age 1980–99



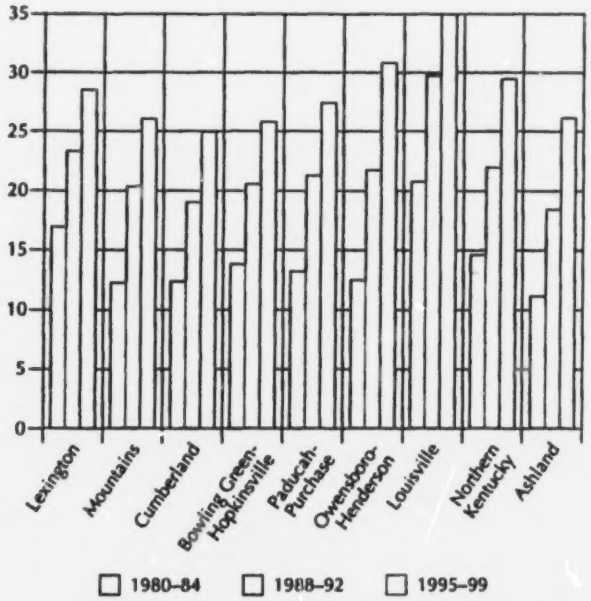
*Births to unmarried mothers over forty represented less than one percent of births to unmarried mothers for each comparison period.
Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Reports, 1980–1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

Data are not available to indicate how many children of unmarried mothers are living in homes where parents are cohabiting or where the child's mother is cohabiting with a partner who is not the child's father.[17] Following the national trend, many couples are postponing marriage, cohabiting, or are no longer romantically involved at the time of their baby's birth.

While marital status does not necessarily reflect the commitment of both mother and father to provide financial and emotional support to their child, marital status can affect the likelihood that a child

will receive child support should the couple separate. Children of divorced parents are more likely to receive some portion of court ordered child support than are children of never-married parents. And non-custodial parents, regardless of former marital status, who actively participate in parenting and take part in their children's lives are more likely to pay child support than absent parents.[18]

Percent of Mothers Not Married by Region* 1980–99



* See Definitions and Data Sources for counties in the nine economic study regions. These regions were delineated in a 2001 report, "The Recent Economic Performance of Regions in Kentucky".

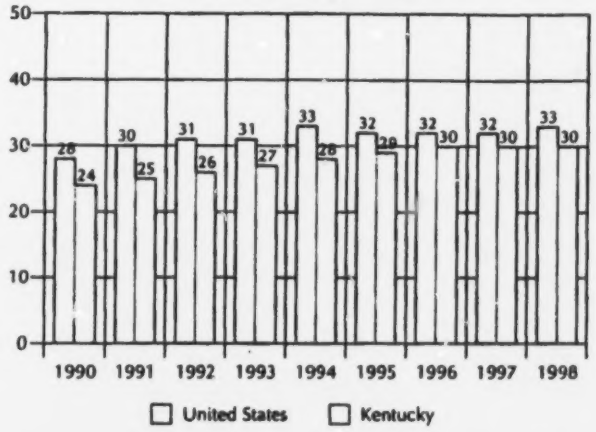
Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics. Data obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch. Data processed and table produced by Kentucky Population Research, University of Louisville.

Births to mothers with less than a high school education decline.

In the past two decades, the percent of mothers who have not completed high school has dropped 28 percent, from 32 percent of all births to 23 percent of all births. The decline has occurred in all regions of the state, most notably in the mountain region, where in 1980, almost one half of all births were to mothers who had not completed high school.[19] The lowest rate of births to mothers to without high school educations is the Ashland region, at fewer than one in five births (18 percent of all live births).

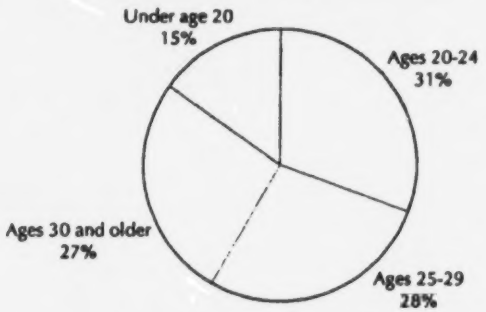
Children of unmarried teen mothers who have not completed high school are ten times more likely to grow up poor than those of married women who are

Percent of Total Live Births to Unmarried Mothers U.S. and Kentucky 1990–98



Source: Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2000). The Right Start: Conditions of Babies and their Families, State Trends.

Total Live Births by Age of Mother 1999



Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

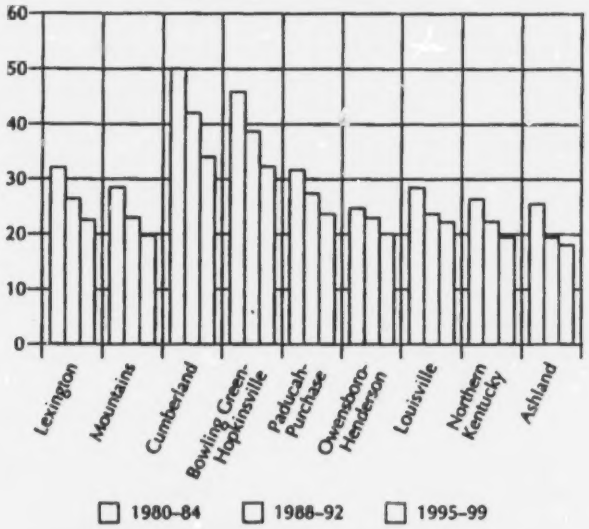
20 or older and have completed their high school educations. Parents with inadequate educations face deteriorating wages and job insecurity, especially women who more often seek employment in service related fields rather than in higher paying industries.[20] Women without high school diplomas face either extended periods of unemployment or extended periods of work for wages insufficient to meet a family's basic needs.

While more mothers' with high school educations is a positive trend, a high school education is no protection against poverty.[21] Education level is the single greatest predictor of family income. In 1999, only 20 percent of births in Kentucky were to mothers with bachelors' degrees or higher.[22]

Beyond the material benefits of parental education, children of parents with more education are less likely to be abused or neglected, and more likely

to thrive academically throughout their school years than children of less educated parents. In fact, parental education is the strongest determinant of how far one's children will go in school. Communities that have a high concentration of educated adults also provide immeasurable benefits to the children who live there. When children grow up seeing adults leading lives of self-determination and achievement, they learn to view education as an integral part of their life plans.

Percent of Mothers Not High School Graduates by Region* 1980–99



* See Definitions and Data Sources for counties in the nine economic study regions. These regions were delineated in a 2001 report, "The Recent Economic Performance of Regions in Kentucky".

Source: Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics. Data obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch. Data processed and table produced by Kentucky Population Research, University of Louisville.

Teen births are at record low.

Kentucky is consistent with the national trend of declining teen birth rates. Statewide, there are thirty-six births for every 1,000 girls ages 15–17, compared to 41 per 1,000 girls ages 15–17 in the early 1980's. In forty-seven counties, the teen birth rate exceeded the statewide rate, with the highest rate of births to younger teens in Owsley County.

Kentucky ranked 33rd among the fifty states on this indicator in 2001 (using 1998 data), and Kentucky's teen birth rate was higher than the national average of 30 births for every 1,000 girls ages 15–17.

Teen mothers are less likely to obtain adequate prenatal care and are more likely to have low birthweight babies. Young mothers also may lack appropriate parenting skills and find it difficult to cope with the stresses of parenthood, particularly if they lack the support of either the fathers of their children or of their families. These mothers are also less likely to be married and less likely to complete high school or to pursue higher education, factors which lead to a higher probability that their children will live in poverty. Essential elements for successful parenting are maturity and stability, attributes that teen parents most often lack.

The best efforts to reduce teen pregnancy focus both directly on issues of sex and contraception and on non-sexual antecedents, such as academics, career planning, and mentoring. Multi-faceted programs that include service learning and self-esteem building for girls have proven the most successful in evaluations.[23] For girls who do well in school, have aspirations beyond high school, and participate in sports or recreational after-school activities, the teen birth rate is reduced significantly.

Child and Teen Deaths

Infant mortality declines, yet racial disparities persist.

The infant mortality rate represents the number of deaths of children under one year old per 1,000 live births. These data are telling because they inform us on a number of factors associated with infant mortality such as maternal health, quality of and access to medical care, maternal risk-taking behaviors, and family economic status. The risk for infant mortality is higher among young adolescent mothers (ages 13–14) and older mothers (over 40), non-Hispanic black mothers, and mothers who lacked quality prenatal care or participated in risk taking behaviors such as drugs, alcohol, or tobacco during pregnancy.

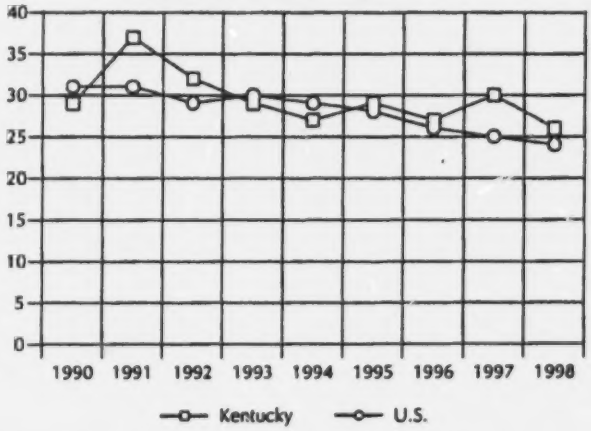
Kentucky's infant mortality rate ranks 29th among the 50 states, and has improved steadily in the last two decades.[24] Yet, Kentucky's infant mortality rate reveals ongoing racial disparities. The mortality rate for black infants has declined slightly over the most recent trend periods, from 12.6 deaths per 1,000 live births in 1990 to 12.3 deaths per 1,000 live births in 1999. Still, a black infant is nearly twice as likely to die before his or her first birthday than a white infant. In 1999, the black infant mortality rate was 12.3, compared to 6.6 for white infants.

Both advances in medical treatment and better access to medical care for pregnant women and their children have contributed to a reduction in infant mortality in Kentucky. Today a pregnant woman is eligible to receive Medicaid coverage for prenatal care if her family income is below 185 percent of the federal poverty line. Under the Kentucky Child Health Insurance Program (KCHIP), her infant is eligible to receive medical care if her family income is below 200 percent of the poverty line.

Child deaths continue to decline.

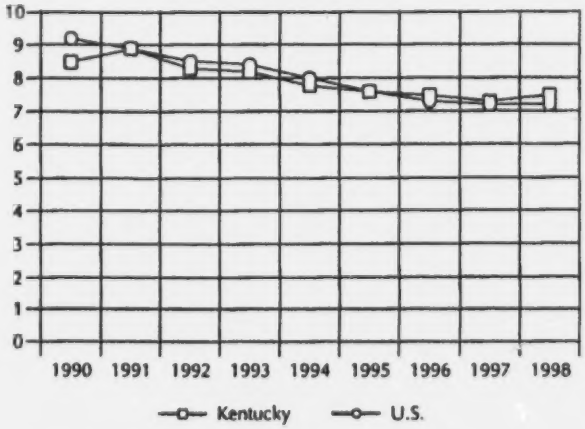
The child death rate is based on the numbers of deaths per 100,000 children age 1–14. The primary causes of death for young children (under age 6) stem from congenital anomalies and conditions originating in early infancy.

Child Deaths 1990–98
(per 100,000 children ages 1–14)



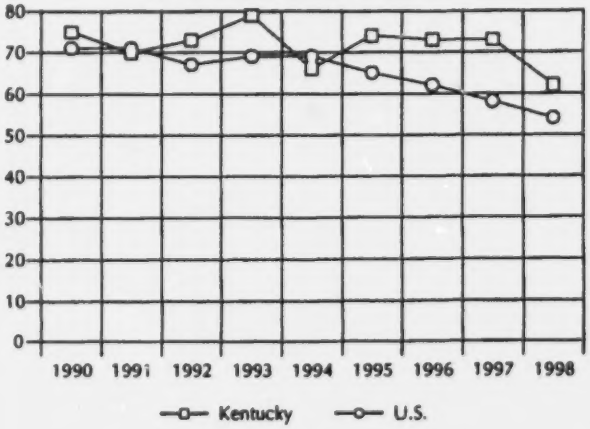
Source: The Annie E. Casey Foundation (www.aecf.org/kidscount)

Infant Mortality 1990–98
(per 1,000 live births)



Source: The Annie E. Casey Foundation (www.aecf.org/kidscount)

Teen Deaths by Accident, Homicide or Suicide 1990–98
(per 100,000 teens ages 15–19)



Source: The Annie E. Casey Foundation (www.aecf.org/kidscount)

Unintentional injuries remain the leading cause of death for children 6–14 in Kentucky, and are most often preventable. These include accidents from vehicles, fires, and other environmental causes. However, some child deaths are directly attributable to violence in their homes or neighborhoods.

Teen violent death rate declines.

The teen violent death rate is based on the numbers of deaths by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000 youths ages 15–19. For this indicator, Kentucky has seen a decline from 70 deaths per 100,000 youths in the early 1980's to 67 deaths per 100,000 youths in the late 1990's. Although media images highlight accounts of youth violence, it is important to note that accidents account for far more teen deaths than homicide or suicide.

Child Safety and Well-Being

Economic Security

Economic security is the foundation for a strong, resourceful family. To be economically secure means that a family has the means to meet children's basic needs: sufficient food, adequate shelter, necessary utilities, reliable transportation, clothing, and access to health care. Since the 1960's, the federal poverty threshold has been the standard used to measure a family's ability to meet these needs. The standard is outdated and inadequate.[25]

According to the United States Census Bureau's Small Area and Income Estimates (SAIPE) for 1998, Kentucky's official child poverty rate fell from 25 percent in 1989 to 22 percent in 1998, a decline of 12 percent. However, the rates of children in low-income families in many counties are significantly higher than the state's child poverty rate. Many families are just off the federal poverty threshold radar, but are still woefully unprepared to meet their basic needs.

Federal Poverty Guidelines 1998 and 2001

Size of Family	Poverty Level Income (1998)	Poverty Level Income (2001)
1	$8,050	$8,590
2	$10,850	$11,610
3	$13,650	$14,630
4	$16,450	$17,650
5	$19,250	$20,670
6	$22,050	$23,690

Sources: Federal Register, Vol. 63, No. 36, February 24, 1998, pp. 9235–9238 and Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 33, February 16, 2001, pp. 10695–10697. Also available on-line at http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty.

Unpaid child support puts children at risk for adverse outcomes.

The importance of two supportive parents to a child's life is immeasurable. Shared parenting begins with shared financial support. But, it doesn't end there. Studies find that when fathers provide nurturing support, are involved in their children's educations, and spend time participating in their children's daily routines, children are less likely to exhibit behavioral problems and more likely to excel in school than those with absent or non-nurturing fathers.[26] Many states are experimenting with creative strategies for improving parent-child and parent-parent relationships through child support programs.[27]

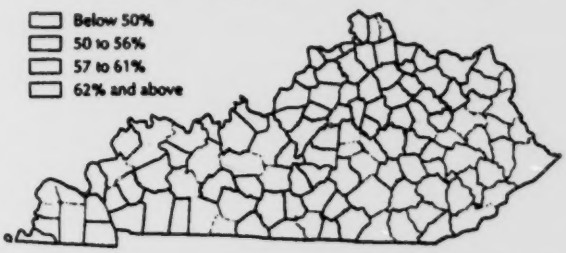
Statewide, just over half (53 percent) of the current child support owed to children is being collected on their behalf. In some counties, less than one third of obligated child support is collected. When a collection is made on behalf of a child, it may only be a portion of what is owed, or may only be collected for only a portion of the year, leaving many single parent families unsure of their incomes from month to month.

Often, custodial parents are unable to pursue child support collection until a non-custodial parent is behind in payments for three months. Not only does this uncertainty in family income contribute to difficulties in meeting basic monthly expenses, the effect of added financial stress on parents increases the likelihood that they will experience depression.[28]

In 2001, the average monthly child support payment statewide was $280 per month. This amount represents payment to a family—not per child. Average monthly child support payments ranged from $166 in Clay County to $356 in Boone County. County data indicate that economic opportunities available for low-income fathers play an integral role in the success of child support collection. An approach that combines emphasizing parental involvement, debt negotiations for low-income fathers, and support for employment opportunities for non-custodial parents may provide the most income support for children.[29]

Child support payments can reduce poverty.[30] Thousands of children rely on county-level child support offices to collect payments on their behalf. Waiting at the mailbox for a child support payment is an all too common occurrence for Kentucky's children. When a check does not arrive, children are reminded that somehow their well-being was not a priority for a parent, or a system, this month. Though recent trends point to increasing child support collections, the increase in single parent families combined with the onset of tougher economic times, heightens the necessity to improve Kentucky's child support collection system.

Percent Child Support Collections 2001



Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Support. Graphic produced with ArcView GIS software.

Basic cost of living in every Kentucky county exceeds federal poverty threshold.

The "Basic Cost of Living" measure is based on a working family's budget for basic needs including housing, child care, food, transportation, health care, taxes, and miscellaneous essentials such as clothing, shoes, cleaning products, personal hygiene items, and a telephone.[31] The "Basic Cost of Living" or "self-sufficiency standard" measures the income needed for families to meet their basic needs through employment only, without any public or private support.

This measure is adjusted based on family size and, unlike the federal poverty threshold, on the ages of children, in order to recognize the different costs associated with raising children at different ages. This measure also differs from the federal poverty threshold in that it considers varying costs for services and goods at the local level, rather than at the state level.

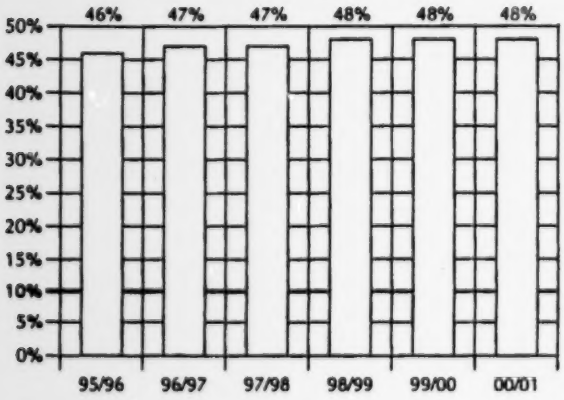
The KIDS COUNT indicator for "Basic Cost of Living" reflects the hourly or annual income necessary to meet a basic budget for a two parent, two child family, with one child in preschool and the other at school age. This indicator is not available for Kentucky because the measure is based on the cost of living at the local (county) level. For each of Kentucky's 120 counties, the necessary hourly income of each parent, both parents and annual combined income of parents are presented.

Free and reduced price lunch participation remains constant.

One of the best indicators of families' economic stability is the number of children participating in the National Free or Reduced Lunch Program (eligibility: free lunch—up to 130 percent of the federal poverty threshold or $22,945 for a family of four; reduced price lunch –from 130 to 185 percent of the federal poverty threshold or $32,652 for a family of four). In 2001, 305,733 or 48 percent of school-age children received either free or reduced lunch.

Kentucky's outreach for participation in this program has been very successful. Thousands of families throughout the state access the program to ensure that their school-age children receive proper nutrition during the school day.

Nearly One Half of K–12 Public School Students in Kentucky Participated in Free or Reduced Priced School Lunch through the Late 90's



Source: Kentucky Department of Education

Health care access is improving for children in low-income working families.

Kentucky families now have the option of providing health care coverage for their children even if their employer does not offer family coverage. As of June 2001, 53,410 children were enrolled in the Kentucky Children's Health Insurance Program (KCHIP), which is available for children in families' with incomes up to 200 percent of the federal poverty level ($35,300 for a family of four).

However, for families who lose health care coverage for children or who cannot afford high premiums, their children must "go without" health insurance coverage for six months before qualifying for Medicaid or KCHIP.

State policies should help families obtain and keep health coverage through Medicaid and KCHIP by simplifying eligible families' enrollment, reducing administrative obstacles that result in loss of health insurance, and resisting cost sharing proposals that would limit access to needed health services. Maintaining outreach efforts is needed to ensure that all children eligible for KCHIP receive preventive, emergency, and ongoing health care for their optimal health and well-being.

Economic Realities

- A one-parent, two-child family in which the parent works full-time (40 hours per week), at $7.00 per hour, earns only $14, 560 annually—before taxes. This family lives below the 2001 federal poverty threshold ($14,630 for a family of three);
- More than one in four (28 percent) of Kentucky's employed wage and salaried workers earns $7.15 per hour or less;[32]
- In 1970, minimum wage jobs paid 97 percent of the federal poverty level. Today, minimum wage jobs pay only 75 percent of the federal poverty level;[33]
- In 2001, custodial parents received only $188 million in child support payments of $354 million owed to their children.

Student Performance

Optimal student performance is dependent on three components: 1) a child's readiness to learn, 2) a school's readiness to teach, and 3) family participation in school.[34]

Student performance is measured in this report by attendance rates, retention rates (repeating a grade), high school dropout rates, and the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills (CTBS) scores for 3rd, 6th, and 9th grade reading and math.

Kentucky students have been required to take the CTBS since 1997 and the CTBS became a part of the long-term accountability measure for students in 1999.[35] These scores are recorded in percentiles. For example, a percentile of 50 would show that the average student scored equal to or better than 50 percent of all the students who took the test.

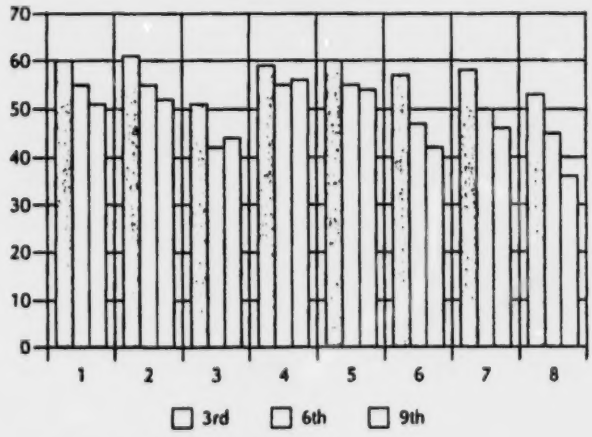
Math and reading scores improve.

Since 1997, statewide CTBS scores for math and reading have improved for every grade level tested (exiting primary (3rd), 6th, and 9th grades). In 2001, state CTBS math scores were 58, 51, and 48 for 3rd, 6th, and 9th grades respectively. Statewide reading scores were 58, 54, and 52 for 3rd, 6th, and 9th grades respectively. These scores show overall higher test results for children exiting 3rd grade than for 6th or 9th graders.

Regional and disaggregated comparisons afford a better picture of student performance throughout the state than statewide averages. There are eight regions by which test scores are tracked, with the highest math and reading scores for 3rd graders in region two.[36]

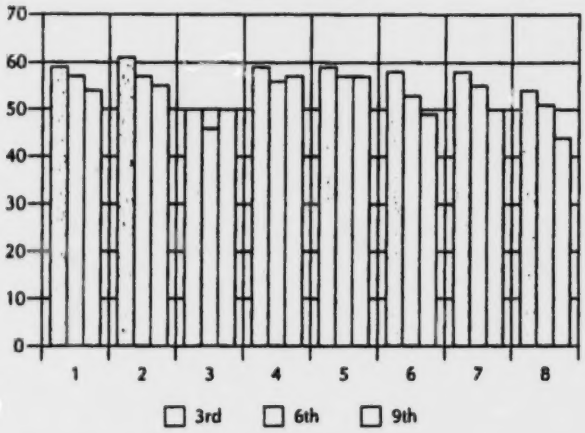
CTBS scores vary along socioeconomic lines. As a group, students who participated in the free or reduced price lunch program scored significantly lower in math and reading at every grade level tested than students who did not participate in the program.

Regional Comparison of Math Proficiency (2001 CTBS)



Source: Kentucky Department of Education

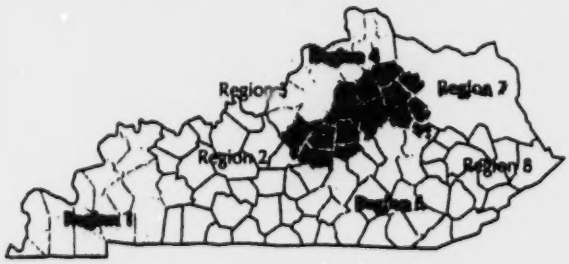
Regional Comparison of Reading Proficiency (2001 CTBS)



Source: Kentucky Department of Education

Students are more likely to drop out of school when they are poor, when they live in poor communities, or when they live in single parent homes. Early identification of academic struggles is vital to curb the dropout rate. Potential warning signs that a child may drop out of school are the inability to read at grade level, poor grades, truancy, substance abuse, and teen pregnancy.[37]

Regional Service Centers



Source: Kentucky Department of Education (http://www.kde.state.ky.us/oapd/rsc/)

Child Care and Early Education

Children experience a tremendous amount of cognitive and physical development in the first years of life. Quality care is essential to ensure that children reach their potential. While families work, they need assurance that their young children are in nurturing, learning environments. Quality early learning experiences include:

- Emphasis on multiple areas of child development (cognitive, language, social and emotional)
- Stimulating environments
- Small student/teacher ratios
- Stable child care arrangements
- Parent involvement
- Collaboration with community services
- Close, caring student/teacher relationships[38]

After-school care for children whose parents work is another important aspect of child-care. Too many children are left alone in the hours after school and before their parents' workdays end Children need safe and nurturing places to do their homework and play while their parents are unable to supervise them.

Rising need for quality child care

Parents play the most influential role in their young children's development. At home, children first learn important life skills such as using language, making choices, and resolving conflicts. However, in the past two decades, child care has become a fundamental part of Kentucky children's early years. In Kentucky, 53 percent of married mothers are working outside the home prior to their child's first birthday, while 59 percent of unmarried mothers with a child under one year are working outside the home.[39]

Nationally, in married couples, six out of ten mothers of children under age six work outside the home. In single parent families headed by women, seven out of ten work outside the home.[40] If the national picture holds true for Kentucky, among our 268,600 children under age 5, the vast majority of their mothers are making significant contributions to their family incomes or, in the case of single mothers, providing for their sole support. Recent census data indicate that women who are unmarried or who have a high school diploma or less are more likely to work outside the home when their children are young than are married mothers or mothers with higher levels of education.[41]

Almost half (49 percent) of children under 5 are cared for by non-relatives while their parents work, with 30 percent in an organized facility, which includes day care centers, nursery or preschools, Head Start, and kindergarten.[42] Still, over half choose relative care, with grandmothers being the first choice. Low-income and single parents often rely heavily on family networks for support of their young families. Many families are unable to afford regulated care if it is available where they live, but other families may feel more comfortable choosing relative care over regulated care.

Advances made in tracking the quality of child care.

Until now, parents of young children in Kentucky knew more about the quality of their kitchen appliances than they did about the quality of their child care. However, in July 2001, STARS for KIDS NOW, Kentucky's voluntary child care rating system, became available statewide for licensed child care centers. The new system provides technical assistance to centers to help them improve the quality of their teachers' training, early childhood education practices, and parent involvement. It also provides scholarships for child care teachers wishing to further their educations in child development.

STARS for KIDS NOW lets parents know if their children are attending quality programs while they work. Licensed child care centers with a four-star rating meet the highest standards for staff/child ratios and teacher credentials set forth by the National Association for the Education of Young Children. In 2002, STARS ratings will be available for licensed and certified child care homes.

Costs for quality care out of reach for many families.

In Kentucky, the average cost for full-time licensed infant care is $86 per week or $4,300 annually, which exceeds the cost of tuition at any public university in the commonwealth. The average cost for one infant and one preschooler in the state is $157 per week or $7,850 annually. Data in this report also include county data on the highest costs charged to parents. In higher cost licensed centers and homes, cost for infant care can exceed $10,000 annually.

With the state median income for a two-parent, two child family at $52,185 (half of families earn below this amount), a family earning the state median income with one infant and one preschooler will pay 15 percent of their monthly income for child care at the average statewide cost. Single parent

families with one or two children will pay from 16 to 30 percent of their income for the same care. As income falls below the state median income—where most young families are likely to be—the percent of income spent on child care increases. A low-income single working parent would spend almost one third—32 percent—of his or her income, before taxes, for average licensed care in Kentucky.[43]

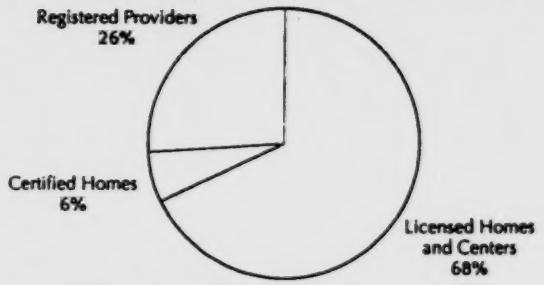
While cost does not determine quality of care, it is an indication that a child care home or center may be providing training, wages, and benefits to child care teachers, each of which contributes to improved quality. Child care costs for infants and preschoolers in rural areas of the state are generally about 15 percent lower than costs in more urban areas, while school-aged care is relatively the same in both rural and urban areas.

Child Care Gaps in Kentucky Cost and Quality

- Kentucky has increased the number of child care subsidies significantly since 1997, now providing assistance for over 45,000 young children, or 17 percent of children under age 5;
- Under current eligibility guidelines, there are more than 35,000 additional children who could benefit from child care subsidies who do not receive assistance. If the eligibility level were raised to the federal maximum (85 percent of state median income), a total of 170,200 children and their families could benefit from lower costs for child care and early education;
- In 2001, child care subsidies were available to families with incomes up to 165 percent of the federal poverty threshold ($24,173 for a family of three);
- Child care workers are among the lowest paid in the nation, with an average hourly wage of $7.27;
- In Jefferson County, the average hourly wage for child care teachers is $7.63;
- Low wages and limited benefits contribute directly to high child care staff turnover, which negatively impacts children's development; and
- Poorer communities and rural areas are especially likely to experience a lack of quality child care centers.

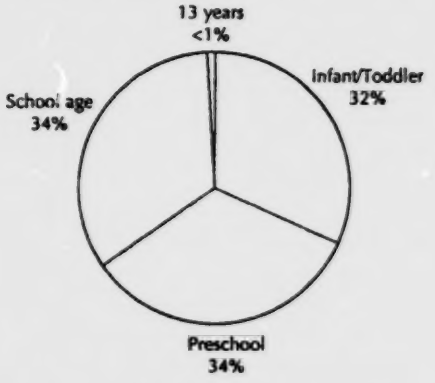
Sources: Child Care Bureau. www.acf.dhhs.gov/programs/ccb/research/ccreport/ccreport.htm. 2000 Survey: Wages Benefits, and Staff Development of Early Childhood Professionals in Jefferson County, Kentucky. Community Coordinated Child Care (4-C). Bureau of Labor Statistics

Child Care Subsidies by Type of Provider 2001



Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care

Child Care Subsidies by Age of Child 2001



*Percentages add to more than 100 due to rounding.
Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care

Child care assistance is available to low-income families whose incomes do not exceed 165 percent of the federal poverty threshold ($24,140 for a family of three). Families that qualify for assistance pay part of the cost of their child care expenses instead of bearing the entire cost. However, many families earn too much to qualify for child care assistance but too little to afford the quality child care their children need.

Public pre-school prepares children and their parents for school.

Head Start is a comprehensive early childhood development program for low-income preschool children and their families. To be eligible, families' incomes cannot exceed 100 percent of the federal poverty level or $14,630 for a family of three. The Head Start program serves 13,290 preschoolers and serves more single parent families than married-couple families due to the income eligibility requirements. Enrollment statewide has remained relatively stable in recent years, while public preschool for at-risk children has declined slightly.

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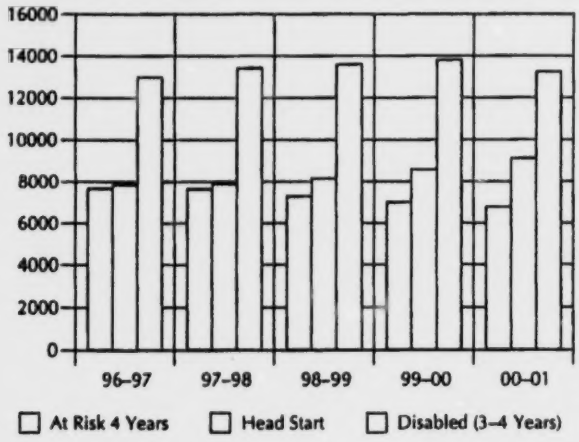
Families with preschool age children benefit from quality early learning programs as they prepare their children to start school. Head Start parents volunteer in classrooms and work with their children on educational activities such as counting and literacy. Participation in established school readiness and early childhood intervention programs has been associated with a number of long-term positive educational and social outcomes for children, especially children in low-income families.

Kentucky's preschool education programs are available for all four-year-old children who are eligible for free lunch (families with up to 130 percent of poverty or $19,019 for a family of three); all three and four-year-old children with developmental delays and disabilities, regardless of income; and other four-year-old children as placements are available.

Public preschool for at-risk and disabled three and four year olds served 15,892 children in 2000. However, public preschool could serve more families in need if funding were available. Approximately 10,000 more three and four year olds could be served if the eligibility level were increased to include children who are eligible for reduced price lunch.

Public Preschool Enrollment in Kentucky



Source: Kentucky Department of Education

Child Abuse and Neglect

Child safety and protection within the home are the baseline measures for a healthy family. Low educational attainment, financial pressures, mental illness, and alcohol or drug abuse are contributing factors to child abuse and neglect. However, child maltreatment is immune to socioeconomic status.

The long-term price that children pay from being exposed to child abuse is staggering. Research indicates that children who have experienced child maltreatment often have elevated rates of aggression and lower social competency than their peers. Many victims of maltreatment also exhibit developmental delays including lower IQ scores, lower language abilities, and poor overall school performance. These effects are present regardless of family income.[44]

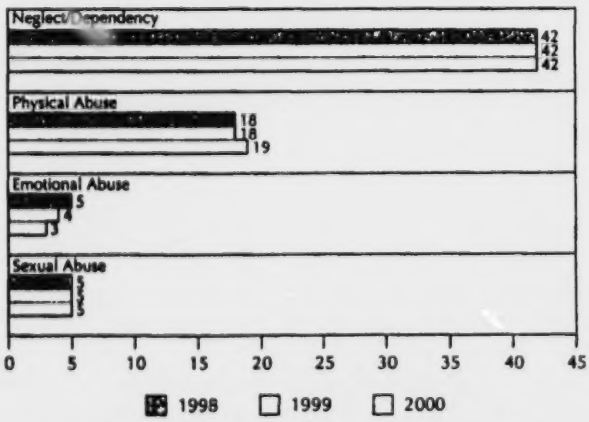
Child Abuse by Type

Neglect and dependency were by far the most frequent types of reported child maltreatment in Kentucky in 2000, as they were in the prior two comparison years (1998 and 1999). In 2000, there were 42 reports of neglect or dependency for every 1,000 children under age 18. Of those reports, thirty-one percent (13,096) were substantiated. Neglect and dependency reports were substantiated at a higher rate than were other types of maltreatment. In 2001, 25 percent of child physical abuse reports and 29 percent of sexual abuse reports were substantiated.

Both child abuse and neglect reports and substantiation rates varied little in the late nineties. However, the rate of substantiation for emotional abuse dropped notably from 1998 to 2000, from a substantiation rate of 31 percent to that of 14 percent.

Rates of most types of maltreatment were similar for male and female children. However, the percentage of sexual abuse reports made on behalf of girls (78 percent) was much higher than that for boys (22 percent).

Child Abuse and Neglect Reports Among Kentucky Children by Types of Abuse 1998–2000



Source: Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Community Based Services. Rates per 1,000 children under age 18.

Data Note: Data for child abuse and neglect have been tracked in the KIDS COUNT County data book since 1991. However, KIDS COUNT data reported prior to 1998 do not present comparable data to those published since 1998. The change in data reporting is due to the following policy change in Kentucky's child protection system:

Prior to 1998, substantiated reports of abuse or neglect included the finding, "some indication," meaning that there was some evidence presented to indicate neglect or abuse, but not sufficient evidence to substantiate. In 1998, the Cabinet for Families and Children adopted a policy that eliminated the finding of "some indication" of abuse or neglect. Findings in child abuse and neglect investigations must now have a "substantiated" finding in order to be reported as "substantiated" for data collection purposes. "Substantiated" is defined as either (a) An admission of abuse, neglect, or dependency by the person responsible; or (b) A judicial finding of child abuse, neglect, or dependency; or (c) A preponderance of evidence exists that abuse, neglect, or dependency was committed by the person alleged to be responsible. A preponderance of evidence is found when a reasonable person would find it more likely than not that abuse or neglect has occurred. See Kentucky Administrative Regulations at 922 KAR 1:330.

The Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children did not publish child abuse and neglect for 1997 due to its transition to a new computerized data collection system. For this reason, there are no 1997 child abuse and neglect data included in the Kentucky KIDS COUNT reports.

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Juvenile Justice

Risk factors that contribute to juvenile crime and delinquency include poverty, family violence, and inadequate parent involvement and supervision. Children living in strong and supportive communities fare better than those living in communities with few visible signs of a solid infrastructure.

In areas where thriving businesses are limited, streets are unsafe, and adults are struggling to make ends meet, young people often do not envision that their futures hold anything different. This hopelessness, combined with fragile family structures and unstable living arrangements, causes many young people to look outside their families and communities for a sense of identity.

Offenses by Type

The number of youths committed to the Kentucky Department of Juvenile Justice increased from 1998 to 2000, from 63 per 10,000 youths ages 10–17 to 73 per 10,000 youths, an increase of 16 percent. However, among offenses for which youth were committed to the Department, both offenses against person and property declined, while offenses that were drug related rose slightly (from 9 to 10 percent of offenses) and offenses that were alcohol related remained at 2 percent of all juvenile offenses.

Juvenile Offenses by Type 2000

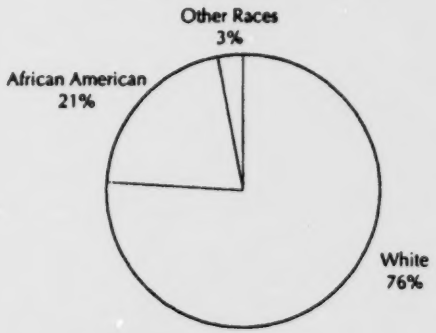
Source: Kentucky Department of Juvenile Justice

Minority youth are disproportionately represented.

Children of color, particularly African American youths, are disproportionately represented in Kentucky's juvenile justice system. More than one in five youths committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice is African American. Disproportionate minority confinement exists when the "proportion of minorities in detention, correctional facilities, and jails exceeds their percentage of the general population." African American youths represent 9 percent of Kentucky's general teen population (ages 10–19), but represent 21 percent of committed youth.

Disparities along racial lines are present for many KIDS COUNT indicators of child well-being. These disparities contribute to the disproportionate number of African American youths who are in the juvenile justice system. African American children are more likely to live in families with no male role model and more likely to live in economically deprived neighborhoods than other youth. However, these differences may not fully explain disproportionate minority confinement. Current research efforts are delving into questions of whether the juvenile justice and the child protection systems handle cases of minority youth differently than those of other youth.[45]

Committed Youth by Race 2000



Source: Kentucky Department of Juvenile Justice

Recommendations

Recommendations: Supporting All Families

Resourceful Families

- Adopt a state Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) for low-income working families. Seventeen states and the District of Columbia offer their working families a state EITC for tax relief to supplement the federal earned income credit. A Kentucky EITC would benefit approximately 309,000 working families with children;
- Close the child support gap. Because shared parenting only begins with financial support, policies to improve child support collection should target non-custodial parents' involvement in their children's lives;
- Increase Kentucky Child Care Credits. The Kentucky child care tax credit is currently only 20 percent of the federal child care credit; and
- Support policies that encourage boys and girls to postpone becoming parents until they have completed a post-secondary education and are able to both emotionally and financially support a child.

Healthy Babies

- Educate women of childbearing age about the negative effects of substance abuse, including cigarettes, before conception and during pregnancy;
- Ensure that health care providers are culturally competent to serve diverse populations, including those with language barriers.

Safe and Healthy Children

- Help families obtain and keep health coverage through Medicaid and the Kentucky Child Health Insurance Program (KCHIP) by simplifying eligible families' enrollment, reducing administrative obstacles that result in loss of health insurance, and resisting cost sharing proposals that would limit access to needed health services.
- Ensure that child-abuse prevention efforts that link parents to services or remove children from dangerous home environments are adequately staffed;
- Fund and support after-school programs that provide both academic and social supports to teens in the hours before their parents return home from work.

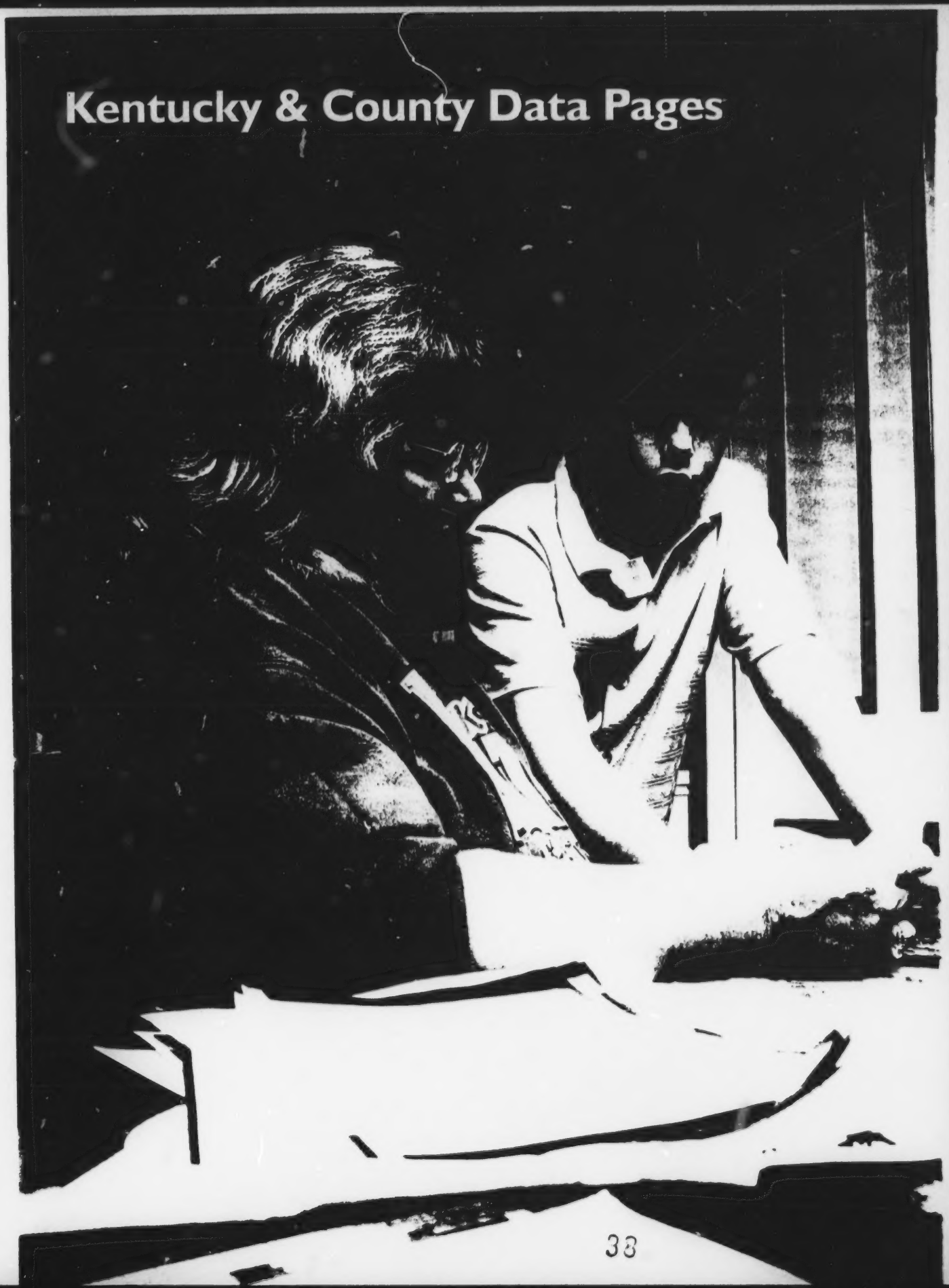
Successful Learners

- Assure access to high quality child care and pre-school programs so that every infant, toddler, and preschooler in Kentucky has the opportunity to build a foundation for learning in a nurturing environment;
- Support early identification and services for children with developmental delays that may affect learning and behavior in school;
- Strengthen academic support for girls, particularly in nontraditional areas such as math, computers, and science; and
- Ensure that all teens are educated about family planning and the disadvantages of becoming parents too early.

YOU CAN MAKE FAMILIES COUNT

- Model responsible behavior
- Use only language you would like to hear children use
- Read to your child
- Write a letter to a legislator on a family or children's issue
- Offer to babysit for a mom or dad that needs a break
- Care for your caregivers
- Eat meals as a family
- Make yourself available
- Use positive discipline rather than physical punishment
- Read to your child
- If you owe child support, pay it
- Create opportunities to laugh and have fun with children
- Set consistent limits
- Educate your children about their sexuality
- Hire a teen
- Get to know your child's friends and their parents
- Volunteer at schools or programs in your community
- Read to your child
- Work for family-friendly policies in your workplace

Kentucky & County Data Pages



Kentucky

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,062,730	954,094	984,818
Percent under age 5	26	26	27
White	968,132	861,460	868,350
Black or African American	87,591	82,955	89,136
Some other race	7,007	9,679	37,332
Hispanic*	9,009	7,103	18,878
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	67
With single mothers	13	16	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	6,623	3,643	4,707
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	520,895	531,874	516,344
Percent married couples	84	77	73
Percent single mothers	14	19	21
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	281,141	266,218	264,883
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	74	78	86
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	64	77	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	87	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	24
Percent mothers under age 20	20	17	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	26	23
Percent mothers not married	16	24	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	67	61	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	41	41	36
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	9	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	36	32	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	70	71	67

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

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Kentucky

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	53
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	NA
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	NA
Annual income	NA
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	23,227
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	321,223
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	7,917
June 2000	42,424
June 2001	53,410
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	35,870
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	22,681
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	185,078
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	305,733
Percent of students enrolled	48

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2,131	30,823
Certified homes	766	2,528
Registered providers	4,840	11,718

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	86/215	76/350
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	82/215	74/350
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/400	72/211
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	71/275	70/175

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	7,310	7,010	6,762
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	8,100	8,597	9,130
Head Start	13,000	13,822	13,290

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	18,225	18,253	18,840
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	18	19
Percent under age 5	28	28	28
Percent girls	48	48	47
Percent substantiated	29	27	25
Sexual abuse reports	4,862	4,631	4,558
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	5	5
Percent under age 5	26	24	25
Percent girls	73	71	72
Percent substantiated	31	29	29
Emotional abuse reports	5,353	3,507	3,130
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	3
Percent under age 5	26	23	20
Percent girls	51	51	51
Percent substantiated	31	15	14
Neglect/dependency reports	41,550	41,481	42,246
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	42	42	42
Percent under age 5	37	37	37
Percent girls	50	50	50
Percent substantiated	33	30	31

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	2,842	3,398	3,296
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	63	76	73
Percent under age 13	8	7	4
Percent girls	19	19	14
Percent white	77	74	76
Percent black or African American	21	24	21
Percent other races	2	2	3
Percent crimes against persons	36	30	32
Percent crimes against property	32	31	28
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	3	2
Percent drug related crimes	9	12	10
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	46

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Adair County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,297	3,778	4,053
Percent under age 5	23	23	26
White	4,127	3,668	3,885
Black or African American	162	103	94
Some other race	8	7	74
Hispanic*	34	32	32
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	79	72
With single mothers	8	12	15
With single fathers	2	2	5
With other relatives	7	6	5
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	3	3	16
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,110	2,131	2,126
Percent married couples	89	82	76
Percent single mothers	9	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	959	952	1,043
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	81	85
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	68	80	77
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	7
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	71	90	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	26
Percent mothers under age 20	27	20	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	46	34	32
Percent mothers not married	12	15	20
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	61	56	56
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	48	45	37
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	8	14
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	31	62	51
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	112	95	103

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

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Adair County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	30
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	59
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,082
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	16,064
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,735
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	56
June 2000	274
June 2001	395
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	71
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	98
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	707
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,514
Percent of students enrolled	58

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	6
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	59
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	46
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	9	201
Certified homes	4	21
Registered providers	24	48

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	86/95	85/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	82/90	78/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	79/90	80/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	77/80	80/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	38	41	26
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	27	24	39
Head Start	72	71	68

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	57	63	75
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	16	19
Percent under age 5	18	24	31
Percent girls	63	45	32
Percent substantiated	35	21	24
Sexual abuse reports	18	23	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	6	2
Percent under age 5	0	9	50
Percent girls	89	74	88
Percent substantiated	33	22	25
Emotional abuse reports	12	3	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	1	1
Percent under age 5	33	0	60
Percent girls	58	67	20
Percent substantiated	33	0	20
Neglect/dependency reports	189	144	137
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	47	36	34
Percent under age 5	33	41	48
Percent girls	49	55	46
Percent substantiated	40	38	29

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	16	8	4
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	84	42	21
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	13	50	25
Percent white	100	88	100
Percent black or African American	0	13	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	31	13	100
Percent crimes against property	6	13	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	6	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	19	25	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	0

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Allen County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,857	3,867	4,601
Percent under age 5	26	27	25
White	3,818	3,811	4,460
Black or African American	39	42	48
Some other race	0	14	93
Hispanic*	23	12	47
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	78	73
With single mothers	8	12	15
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	7	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	1	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,920	2,143	2,353
Percent married couples	89	83	78
Percent single mothers	9	14	17
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	992	1,085	1,128
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	77	78
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	75	70	65
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	80	87	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	24
Percent mothers under age 20	23	20	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	7	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	41	37	33
Percent mothers not married	9	15	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	69	72	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	48	54	33
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	5	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	14	67	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	130	77	91

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Allen County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	22
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	65
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	17,074
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,288
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	25
June 2000	209
June 2001	233
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	0
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	89
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	576
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,281
Percent of students enrolled	42

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	51
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	19
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	1	15

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	50/50
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	50/50	50/50
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	50/50	50/50
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	50/50	50/50

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	19	25	21
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	8	10	19
Head Start	40	40	37

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	79	105	155
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	23	34
Percent under age 5	29	23	21
Percent girls	46	58	43
Percent substantiated	18	7	21
Sexual abuse reports	11	34	43
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	7	9
Percent under age 5	18	26	21
Percent girls	100	74	67
Percent substantiated	36	26	21
Emotional abuse reports	12	17	12
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	4	3
Percent under age 5	8	6	8
Percent girls	75	24	42
Percent substantiated	25	18	8
Neglect/dependency reports	108	201	240
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	44	52
Percent under age 5	42	39	38
Percent girls	51	49	51
Percent substantiated	19	21	26

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	8	18	22
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	38	85	104
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	25	17	5
Percent white	100	89	91
Percent black or African American	0	11	9
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	38	17	47
Percent crimes against property	50	61	11
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	17	16
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	36

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Anderson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,805	3,851	5,077
Percent under age 5	26	27	28
White	3,614	3,706	4,876
Black or African American	186	115	106
Some other race	5	30	95
Hispanic*	12	30	52
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	79	75
With single mothers	11	11	13
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	6	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	1	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,903	2,197	2,710
Percent married couples	87	82	79
Percent single mothers	12	14	15
Percent single fathers	1	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	868	1,079	1,255
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	77	82	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	76	82	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	77	86	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	23	25
Percent mothers under age 20	17	13	11
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	7	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	25	20	15
Percent mothers not married	10	17	18
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	61	63	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	22	25	26
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	4	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	83	34	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	71	75	141

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Anderson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	13
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	62
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,496
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	22,707
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	899
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	3
June 2000	158
June 2001	205
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	47
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	47
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	363
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	966
Percent of students enrolled	26

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	55
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	11	103
Certified homes	4	3
Registered providers	17	39

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	83/85	70/70
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	81/85	70/70
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/80	70/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	71/80	70/70

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	12	14	16
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	203	199	211
Head Start	38	38	39

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	175	112	131
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	34	22	26
Percent under age 5	25	33	26
Percent girls	49	49	46
Percent substantiated	36	32	26
Sexual abuse reports	27	24	29
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	5	6
Percent under age 5	41	17	34
Percent girls	81	71	66
Percent substantiated	26	26	31
Emotional abuse reports	89	40	40
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	8	8
Percent under age 5	17	20	13
Percent girls	63	44	60
Percent substantiated	49	4	18
Neglect/dependency reports	316	193	236
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	62	38	46
Percent under age 5	35	42	29
Percent girls	53	49	46
Percent substantiated	33	33	31

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	14	23	5
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	65	107	23
Percent under age 13	7	0	0
Percent girls	29	17	0
Percent white	86	96	100
Percent black or African American	7	4	0
Percent other races	7	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	14	22	60
Percent crimes against property	36	30	20
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	9	0
Percent drug related crimes	14	13	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

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Ballard County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,415	1,848	1,911
Percent under age 5	25	24	26
White	2,288	1,769	1,782
Black or African American	122	75	81
Some other race	5	4	48
Hispanic*	10	15	23
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	79	73
With single mothers	7	11	13
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	3	5
Number in group quarters	7	0	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,203	1,085	1,042
Percent married couples	90	82	79
Percent single mothers	8	14	15
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	476	441	497
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	89	89	93
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	88	91	88
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	5	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	5	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	91	88	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	24
Percent mothers under age 20	19	16	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	26	22	19
Percent mothers not married	10	19	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	54	55	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	28	32	17
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	2	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	22	56	40
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	248	71	115

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Ballard County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	24,259
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	536
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	14
June 2000	93
June 2001	112
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	51
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	33
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	318
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	680
Percent of students enrolled	45

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	56
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	41
Certified homes	—	2
Registered providers	6	12

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	74/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	—	74/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	—	74/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	—	74/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	8	6	7
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	103	96	110
Head Start	40	41	43

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	44	25	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	13	9
Percent under age 5	27	24	18
Percent girls	52	42	29
Percent substantiated	36	40	12
Sexual abuse reports	12	13	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	7	4
Percent under age 5	42	15	14
Percent girls	92	69	71
Percent substantiated	33	23	43
Emotional abuse reports	5	1	2
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	1	1
Percent under age 5	80	0	0
Percent girls	20	100	50
Percent substantiated	80	0	100
Neglect/dependency reports	49	42	36
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	26	22	19
Percent under age 5	33	48	33
Percent girls	41	43	42
Percent substantiated	47	38	50

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	27	16	18
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	290	177	199
Percent under age 13	26	19	6
Percent girls	26	6	22
Percent white	96	100	100
Percent black or African American	4	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	26	6	17
Percent crimes against property	19	19	6
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	30	50	56
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	33

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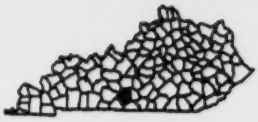
Barren County



Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	9,527	8,462	9,210
Percent under age 5	25	26	26
White	8,992	7,916	8,545
Black or African American	516	503	411
Some other race	19	43	254
Hispanic*	51	27	126
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	77	72
With single mothers	10	13	16
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	7	6	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	5	11	13
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,808	4,813	4,858
Percent married couples	87	81	77
Percent single mothers	11	16	18
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,303	2,113	2,319
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	83	84	86
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	84	81	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	4
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	63	92	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	23	19
Percent mothers under age 20	19	17	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	31	26
Percent mothers not married	11	17	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	63	57	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	36	34	33
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	7	4	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	22	46	34
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	68	120	93

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Barren County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	62
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.52
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.04
Annual income	35,998
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	21,948
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,741
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	58
June 2000	339
June 2001	414
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	279
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	199
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,508
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,897
Percent of students enrolled	42

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	59
3rd grade math	61
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	57
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	53

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	25	273
Certified homes	1	12
Registered providers	10	9

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/125	62/70
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	72/90	60/60
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	66/78	58/60
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	65/78	58/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	59	47	39
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	92	118	127
Head Start	95	96	98

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	139	169	219
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	18	24
Percent under age 5	33	33	26
Percent girls	48	55	45
Percent substantiated	37	25	27
Sexual abuse reports	38	36	51
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	6
Percent under age 5	16	31	27
Percent girls	79	78	78
Percent substantiated	34	36	35
Emotional abuse reports	27	62	76
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	7	8
Percent under age 5	30	26	36
Percent girls	60	64	42
Percent substantiated	7	13	32
Neglect/dependency reports	201	257	338
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	22	28	37
Percent under age 5	41	40	41
Percent girls	54	57	45
Percent substantiated	32	23	32

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	2	27	33
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	5	65	79
Percent under age 13	0	4	0
Percent girls	0	26	18
Percent white	100	96	91
Percent black or African American	0	4	9
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	48	33
Percent crimes against property	100	33	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	6
Percent drug related crimes	0	11	15
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	12

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Bath County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,989	2,439	2,678
Percent under age 5	26	26	27
White	2,885	2,363	2,591
Black or African American	103	69	42
Some other race	1	7	45
Hispanic*	16	11	26
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	72	69
With single mothers	8	14	17
With single fathers	1	4	5
With other relatives	9	9	7
With grandparents	NA	6	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,415	1,400	1,436
Percent married couples	89	79	75
Percent single mothers	9	17	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	711	684	711
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	60	70	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	48	64	80
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	10	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	86	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	34	30
Percent mothers under age 20	23	21	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	45	34	29
Percent mothers not married	13	20	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	67	64	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	46	47	30
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	10	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	45	32	29
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	171	87	139

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Bath County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,882
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	16,973
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,282
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	37
June 2000	182
June 2001	174
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	104
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	83
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	736
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,226
Percent of students enrolled	61

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	46
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	45

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	114
Certified homes	1	1
Registered providers	4	15

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	80/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/85	80/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	59/75	80/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	59/75	80/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	14	14	11
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	31	28	33
Head Start	60	60	—

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	95	83	57
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	31	21
Percent under age 5	29	31	25
Percent girls	40	42	44
Percent substantiated	12	16	21
Sexual abuse reports	20	16	19
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	6	7
Percent under age 5	15	25	37
Percent girls	55	69	58
Percent substantiated	15	31	0
Emotional abuse reports	11	17	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	6	5
Percent under age 5	27	53	23
Percent girls	40	41	31
Percent substantiated	0	6	15
Neglect/dependency reports	200	285	198
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	75	106	74
Percent under age 5	36	31	37
Percent girls	42	43	54
Percent substantiated	19	26	37

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	9	8	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	76	66	51
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	44	13	67
Percent white	100	88	100
Percent black or African American	0	13	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	11	50	17
Percent crimes against property	44	0	17
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	11	13	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	17

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Bell County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	11,073	8,537	7,329
Percent under age 5	24	25	25
White	10,735	8,272	6,995
Black or African American	294	222	174
Some other race	44	43	160
Hispanic*	97	25	72
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	74	69	62
With single mothers	13	18	22
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	9	8	9
With grandparents	NA	6	8
Number in group quarters	24	16	9
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,951	4,842	3,832
Percent married couples	83	73	69
Percent single mothers	14	23	25
Percent single fathers	3	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,687	2,302	1,976
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	71	80	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	56	83	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	68	91	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	36	30
Percent mothers under age 20	27	26	22
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	52	44	35
Percent mothers not married	17	25	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	72	63	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	56	52	49
Median age of birth mothers	22	22	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	7	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	47	52	39
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	93	81	92

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Bell County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	34
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	52
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.31
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.62
Annual income	35,098
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	16,260
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,598
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1998	117
June 2000	576
June 2001	739
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	212
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	318
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,834
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,206
Percent of students enrolled	75

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Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	6
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	51
3rd grade math	49
8th grade reading	48
8th grade math	43
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	213
Certified homes	12	54
Registered providers	96	239

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	93/170	68/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	91/170	68/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	74/145	67/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	67/95	67/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	51	48	43
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	47	61	48
Head Start	159	153	165

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	101	102	135
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	14	18
Percent under age 5	36	19	16
Percent girls	41	51	50
Percent substantiated	28	36	26
Sexual abuse reports	33	37	51
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	5	7
Percent under age 5	18	19	24
Percent girls	87	86	86
Percent substantiated	39	19	33
Emotional abuse reports	13	9	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	2
Percent under age 5	38	0	9
Percent girls	54	89	45
Percent substantiated	15	11	27
Neglect/dependency reports	284	290	502
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	39	40	68
Percent under age 5	41	32	35
Percent girls	49	53	50
Percent substantiated	23	23	25

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	30	20	23
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	85	57	65
Percent under age 13	3	5	4
Percent girls	10	15	26
Percent white	90	100	96
Percent black or African American	10	0	4
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	20	40	48
Percent crimes against property	30	35	30
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	3	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	87

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Boone County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	15,271	16,913	24,644
Percent under age 5	27	28	28
White	15,124	16,646	23,181
Black or African American	59	100	401
Some other race	88	167	1,062
Hispanic*	97	117	824
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	81	77
With single mothers	10	11	13
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	5	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	10	25	28
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	7,426	9,024	12,439
Percent married couples	87	82	80
Percent single mothers	11	14	15
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	4,255	4,894	5,786
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	94	81	91
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	50	81	87
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	90	87	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	24	18
Percent mothers under age 20	12	11	10
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	8	12
Percent mothers not high school graduates	19	13	12
Percent mothers not married	10	17	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	75	65	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	28	24	22
Median age of birth mothers	25	27	28
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	4	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	29	24	14
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	85	72	30

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Boone County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	10
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	73
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.17
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	18.34
Annual income	38,726
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	26,961
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,468
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	39
June 2000	279
June 2001	436
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	140
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	224
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,212
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,587
Percent of students enrolled	18

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Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	56
6th grade math	59
9th grade reading	55
9th grade math	56

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	46	409
Certified homes	18	34
Registered providers	34	53

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	105/125	104/150
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	98/125	102/150
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	92/117	97/130
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	82/102	93/125

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	38	40	33
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	247	265	288
Head Start	34	42	35

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	175	214	198
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	9	8
Percent under age 5	21	22	23
Percent girls	56	56	47
Percent substantiated	20	17	21
Sexual abuse reports	53	41	51
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	2	2
Percent under age 5	32	32	45
Percent girls	88	83	80
Percent substantiated	23	29	28
Emotional abuse reports	37	28	14
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	1
Percent under age 5	19	14	14
Percent girls	51	54	64
Percent substantiated	8	0	7
Neglect/dependency reports	361	363	356
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	15	14
Percent under age 5	38	33	41
Percent girls	49	53	48
Percent substantiated	31	21	23

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	36	31	31
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	34	29	29
Percent under age 13	3	3	3
Percent girls	25	16	13
Percent white	97	90	94
Percent black or African American	3	6	6
Percent other races	0	3	0
Percent crimes against persons	39	19	42
Percent crimes against property	36	45	31
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	3	3	8
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	45

Bourbon County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,694	5,051	4,843
Percent under age 5	25	28	26
White	5,123	4,566	4,306
Black or African American	562	460	307
Some other race	9	25	230
Hispanic*	29	26	152
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	71	66
With single mothers	11	18	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	8	7	6
With grandparents	NA	6	5
Number in group quarters	6	0	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,743	2,856	2,523
Percent married couples	85	75	70
Percent single mothers	13	21	23
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,256	1,320	1,230
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	67	71	76
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	74	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	85	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	24
Percent mothers under age 20	21	17	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	9
Percent mothers not high school graduates	31	27	22
Percent mothers not married	18	24	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	60	61	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	37	35	31
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	8	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	37	41	26
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	138	56	77

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Bourbon County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.81
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.62
Annual income	41,426
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	26,500
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,256
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	22
June 2000	146
June 2001	202
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	137
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	70
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	542
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,476
Percent of students enrolled	40

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	11	191
Certified homes	3	14
Registered providers	44	103

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	77/90	90/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	75/90	90/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	63/75	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	60/70	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	62	67	71
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	48	53	60
Head Start	148	148	166

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	71	76	100
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	16	21
Percent under age 5	20	32	27
Percent girls	44	58	34
Percent substantiated	32	31	41
Sexual abuse reports	15	15	24
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	3	5
Percent under age 5	20	40	21
Percent girls	73	73	58
Percent substantiated	31	27	33
Emotional abuse reports	44	47	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	10	5
Percent under age 5	32	19	19
Percent girls	57	49	58
Percent substantiated	73	57	46
Neglect/dependency reports	283	279	251
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	58	58	52
Percent under age 5	30	35	40
Percent girls	50	52	46
Percent substantiated	51	39	39

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	18	46	50
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	81	206	224
Percent under age 13	11	2	2
Percent girls	11	15	12
Percent white	83	89	94
Percent black or African American	17	7	0
Percent other races	0	4	6
Percent crimes against persons	50	48	48
Percent crimes against property	22	7	10
Percent alcohol related crimes	6	4	0
Percent drug related crimes	11	15	24
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	14

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Boyd County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	15,330	11,963	10,840
Percent under age 5	26	25	25
White	15,050	11,729	10,347
Black or African American	228	183	226
Some other race	52	71	267
Hispanic*	61	43	102
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	74	66
With single mothers	11	16	19
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	6	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	55	49	184
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	7,796	7,026	5,732
Percent married couples	86	78	72
Percent single mothers	13	19	22
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,697	3,076	2,886
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	81	75	91
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	74	80	90
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	5	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	91	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	24	24
Percent mothers under age 20	17	16	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	26	21	20
Percent mothers not married	12	20	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	60	56	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	30	27	32
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	10	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	24	34	27
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	63	57	42

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Boyd County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	45
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.50
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.00
Annual income	35,907
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	24,767
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,156
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	146
June 2000	431
June 2001	615
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	637
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	302
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,484
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	3,487
Percent of students enrolled	45

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	29	382
Certified homes	5	17
Registered providers	38	147

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	80/85	77/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	72/85	75/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	71/103	78/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	68/75	75/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	33	14	19
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	71	83	70
Head Start	315	318	331

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	259	215	231
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	20	21
Percent under age 5	26	27	25
Percent girls	48	52	41
Percent substantiated	25	17	26
Sexual abuse reports	62	76	51
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	7	5
Percent under age 5	26	34	25
Percent girls	63	71	73
Percent substantiated	8	12	14
Emotional abuse reports	64	40	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	4	2
Percent under age 5	25	33	0
Percent girls	59	53	47
Percent substantiated	25	3	18
Neglect/dependency reports	841	810	718
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	78	75	66
Percent under age 5	37	38	37
Percent girls	50	46	51
Percent substantiated	26	23	20

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	35	43	62
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	68	83	120
Percent under age 13	0	7	5
Percent girls	26	23	15
Percent white	97	95	97
Percent black or African American	0	5	0
Percent other races	3	0	3
Percent crimes against persons	46	28	16
Percent crimes against property	17	16	23
Percent alcohol related crimes	9	7	9
Percent drug related crimes	3	14	14
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	55

Boyle County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	7,313	6,195	6,276
Percent under age 5	22	24	25
White	6,468	5,463	5,351
Black or African American	816	684	602
Some other race	29	48	323
Hispanic*	49	36	130
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	72	69	64
With single mothers	12	17	21
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	7	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	520	247	112
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,408	3,476	3,280
Percent married couples	83	76	70
Percent single mothers	15	21	25
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,587	1,580	1,553
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	81	80	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	80	67	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	84	92	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	24
Percent mothers under age 20	21	17	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	30	23	22
Percent mothers not married	18	24	33
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	56	56	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	32	33	35
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	4	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	40	8	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	23	76	100

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Boyle County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,273
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	23,474
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,792
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	28
June 2000	246
June 2001	300
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	124
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	163
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	780
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,550
Percent of students enrolled	34

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	56
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	15	169
Certified homes	3	18
Registered providers	40	113

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	94/125	78/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	77/90	77/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	76/100	73/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	60/82	65/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	51	40	58
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	113	112	133
Head Start	31	33	34

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	110	118	101
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	19	16
Percent under age 5	17	25	22
Percent girls	55	46	48
Percent substantiated	31	17	30
Sexual abuse reports	27	26	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	4
Percent under age 5	22	15	23
Percent girls	63	56	88
Percent substantiated	48	23	38
Emotional abuse reports	36	13	29
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	2	5
Percent under age 5	19	0	28
Percent girls	59	54	41
Percent substantiated	33	31	34
Neglect/dependency reports	324	235	249
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	52	37	40
Percent under age 5	39	40	40
Percent girls	54	50	49
Percent substantiated	28	29	36

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	11	12	21
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	38	42	73
Percent under age 13	9	0	5
Percent girls	0	8	10
Percent white	55	92	81
Percent black or African American	36	8	14
Percent other races	9	0	5
Percent crimes against persons	27	42	48
Percent crimes against property	45	25	38
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	17	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	43

Bracken County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,287	2,019	2,115
Percent under age 5	23	25	26
White	2,265	2,008	2,071
Black or African American	13	10	20
Some other race	9	1	24
Hispanic*	16	4	9
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	76	67
With single mothers	8	14	16
With single fathers	1	4	6
With other relatives	7	6	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	1	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,055	1,099	1,082
Percent married couples	90	79	75
Percent single mothers	9	16	19
Percent single fathers	1	5	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	508	530	537
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	75	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	59	75	78
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	7	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	87	88	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	40	34
Percent mothers under age 20	21	18	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	23	22
Percent mothers not married	12	21	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	65	64	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	30	36	33
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	8	13
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	59	51	36
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	140	280	34

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Bracken County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	54
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,882
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	17,272
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	561
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	9
June 2000	72
June 2001	94
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	66
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	44
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	268
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	639
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	59
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	53

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	35
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	5	10

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	105/105	70/70
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	95/95	65/70
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	85/95	65/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	95/95	50/70

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	8	9	10
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	42	40	53
Head Start	39	40	40

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	49	51	61
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	24	29
Percent under age 5	24	29	23
Percent girls	54	51	48
Percent substantiated	39	37	26
Sexual abuse reports	15	24	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	11	6
Percent under age 5	27	13	31
Percent girls	73	67	69
Percent substantiated	7	25	8
Emotional abuse reports	45	26	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	21	12	6
Percent under age 5	9	27	15
Percent girls	44	46	31
Percent substantiated	60	38	15
Neglect/dependency reports	127	112	161
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	60	53	76
Percent under age 5	46	42	32
Percent girls	49	53	57
Percent substantiated	50	35	32

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	3	5
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	71	30	51
Percent under age 13	14	0	0
Percent girls	0	0	20
Percent white	100	67	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	33	0
Percent crimes against persons	86	33	0
Percent crimes against property	0	0	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	67	40
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	60

Breathitt County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,973	4,500	4,106
Percent under age 5	27	23	23
White	5,937	4,485	4,028
Black or African American	20	8	37
Some other race	16	7	41
Hispanic*	62	11	34
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	72	64
With single mothers	11	16	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	144	0	94
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,662	2,470	2,105
Percent married couples	86	76	72
Percent single mothers	12	20	22
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,328	1,129	987
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	60	72	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	47	71	77
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	40	38
Percent mothers under age 20	28	24	22
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	53	44	37
Percent mothers not married	16	22	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	67	60	56
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	52	50	45
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	12	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	54	41	51
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	82	95	105

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Breathitt County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	38
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	47
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,570
Unemployment rate, 2000	9
Per capita income, 1999	15,049
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,642
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	88
June 2000	456
June 2001	459
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	174
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	265
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,827
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,153
Percent of students enrolled	75

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	7
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	45
9th grade math	40

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	53
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	24	80

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/85	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/85	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	35	40	35
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	121	96	105
Head Start	68	62	234

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	109	78	164
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	27	19	40
Percent under age 5	21	27	33
Percent girls	51	56	44
Percent substantiated	15	23	18
Sexual abuse reports	31	21	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	5	6
Percent under age 5	29	57	27
Percent girls	87	86	62
Percent substantiated	32	48	27
Emotional abuse reports	21	4	34
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	1	8
Percent under age 5	0	25	18
Percent girls	48	25	62
Percent substantiated	10	0	12
Neglect/dependency reports	341	310	593
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	83	75	144
Percent under age 5	35	39	32
Percent girls	50	50	53
Percent substantiated	24	28	30

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	20	25	7
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	99	124	35
Percent under age 13	20	0	0
Percent girls	30	16	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	15	40	20
Percent crimes against property	25	24	40
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	25	0	20
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	29

Breckinridge County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,119	4,335	4,647
Percent under age 5	26	24	25
White	4,891	4,117	4,401
Black or African American	218	199	159
Some other race	10	19	87
Hispanic*	26	14	57
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	78	71
With single mothers	9	11	14
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	1	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,449	2,333	2,274
Percent married couples	88	81	77
Percent single mothers	10	15	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,191	957	1,079
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	78	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	70	80	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	87	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	34
Percent mothers under age 20	20	17	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	30	23	22
Percent mothers not married	12	18	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	66	56	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	34	28	23
Median age of birth mothers	23	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	9	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	21	41	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	12	68	59

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Breckinridge County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	27
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	66
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,585
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	16,870
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,435
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	49
June 2000	190
June 2001	299
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	116
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	73
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	738
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,822
Percent of students enrolled	56

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	58
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	55
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	51
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	10	30

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	58/60
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/85	58/60
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	83/85	58/60
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	85/85	60/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	12	12	12
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	51	57	49
Head Start	132	129	122

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	47	80	96
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	17	21
Percent under age 5	17	20	19
Percent girls	47	40	49
Percent substantiated	45	21	17
Sexual abuse reports	17	20	23
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	5
Percent under age 5	35	15	13
Percent girls	76	85	52
Percent substantiated	41	35	39
Emotional abuse reports	3	22	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	5	3
Percent under age 5	33	14	13
Percent girls	67	59	50
Percent substantiated	0	14	0
Neglect/dependency reports	116	169	240
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	25	36	52
Percent under age 5	30	36	35
Percent girls	55	48	53
Percent substantiated	34	36	36

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	9	10	18
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	40	45	81
Percent under age 13	0	0	6
Percent girls	11	0	17
Percent white	100	100	83
Percent black or African American	0	0	17
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	22	20	41
Percent crimes against property	22	70	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	11	0	12
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	33

Bullitt County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	16,248	13,923	16,640
Percent under age 5	22	25	27
White	16,128	13,796	16,242
Black or African American	84	55	68
Some other race	36	72	330
Hispanic*	88	63	150
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	79	71
With single mothers	8	10	14
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	1	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	7,580	7,858	8,657
Percent married couples	88	84	77
Percent single mothers	9	13	17
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,120	3,489	3,844
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	76	84	90
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	68	84	84
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	83	88	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	25
Percent mothers under age 20	19	18	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	31	26	20
Percent mothers not married	12	21	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	57	58	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	29	34	27
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	8	3
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	35	28	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	88	81	41

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Bullitt County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	13
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.98
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.96
Annual income	42,172
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	21,516
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,132
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	45
June 2000	417
June 2001	544
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	101
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	135
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,582
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	3,591
Percent of students enrolled	33

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	35	340
Certified homes	4	—
Registered providers	25	77

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	83/97	78/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/100	75/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	77/87	75/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/87	70/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	171	157	133
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	113	98	97
Head Start	89	91	83

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	241	189	159
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	11	10
Percent under age 5	14	22	25
Percent girls	47	45	46
Percent substantiated	22	20	21
Sexual abuse reports	84	69	49
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	3
Percent under age 5	29	36	20
Percent girls	64	70	73
Percent substantiated	18	29	33
Emotional abuse reports	150	56	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	3	1
Percent under age 5	21	21	29
Percent girls	52	48	53
Percent substantiated	25	55	12
Neglect/dependency reports	515	393	339
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	31	24	20
Percent under age 5	36	33	41
Percent girls	53	54	50
Percent substantiated	22	35	39

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	51

Juvenile Justice

Committed youth	1998	1999	2000
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	28	17	16
Percent under age 13	38	23	22
Percent girls	4	0	0
Percent white	11	6	6
Percent black or African American	100	100	100
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	0	0
Percent crimes against property	50	24	27
Percent alcohol related crimes	38	41	20
Percent drug related crimes	4	0	7
Percent out of home placement	0	0	13
	NA	NA	88

Butler County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,293	2,992	3,288
Percent under age 5	26	24	25
White	3,270	2,966	3,206
Black or African American	13	19	34
Some other race	10	7	48
Hispanic*	18	14	31
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	79	72
With single mothers	8	10	14
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	7	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	62	38	32
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,567	1,688	1,742
Percent married couples	89	83	79
Percent single mothers	9	12	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	835	736	756
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	58	74	80
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	62	77	79
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	56	89	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	32	27
Percent mothers under age 20	21	20	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	40	38	27
Percent mothers not married	10	14	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	70	61	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	49	60	41
Median age of birth mothers	24	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	5	11
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	41	43	40
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	73	143	100

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Butler County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	26
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	62
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	16,600
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,170
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	37
June 2000	203
June 2001	215
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	98
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	47
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	665
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,189
Percent of students enrolled	53

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	46
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	27
Certified homes	1	1
Registered providers	3	15

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	82/85	65/65
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/85	65/70
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	73/75	70/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/75	70/70

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	20	20	29
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	19	14	15
Head Start	33	34	34

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	55	58	45
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	18	14
Percent under age 5	24	27	13
Percent girls	58	59	66
Percent substantiated	15	27	36
Sexual abuse reports	22	20	20
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	6	6
Percent under age 5	14	30	20
Percent girls	95	75	85
Percent substantiated	5	21	30
Emotional abuse reports	21	14	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	4	2
Percent under age 5	38	29	13
Percent girls	33	29	88
Percent substantiated	24	43	13
Neglect/dependency reports	172	156	77
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	52	47	23
Percent under age 5	35	30	38
Percent girls	43	50	55
Percent substantiated	27	22	34

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	12	8	9
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	75	50	56
Percent under age 13	17	0	0
Percent girls	0	13	44
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	67	25	57
Percent crimes against property	25	25	14
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	13	0
Percent drug related crimes	8	38	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	56

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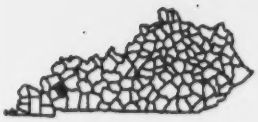
Caldwell County



Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,474	3,151	2,927
Percent under age 5	24	26	24
White	3,183	2,909	2,679
Black or African American	278	232	164
Some other race	13	10	84
Hispanic*	26	8	32
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	74	70
With single mothers	11	16	16
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	9	7	8
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	0	1	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,729	1,764	1,550
Percent married couples	86	78	76
Percent single mothers	12	19	19
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	914	824	723
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	76	79	86
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	68	72	79
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	8	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	89	88	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	31
Percent mothers under age 20	21	22	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	31	31	25
Percent mothers not married	14	20	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	68	62	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	42	49	37
Median age of birth mothers	24	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	16	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	46	33	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	92	65	94

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Caldwell County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	26
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	19,795
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	979
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	28
June 2000	156
June 2001	185
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	55
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	62
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	497
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	839
Percent of students enrolled	40

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	61
6th grade math	56
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	33
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	12	30

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	95/95	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/95	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	77/85	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	61/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	56	46	38
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	34	36	41
Head Start	17	17	17

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	42	59	30
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	20	10
Percent under age 5	26	10	27
Percent girls	40	60	50
Percent substantiated	36	34	17
Sexual abuse reports	16	10	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	3	2
Percent under age 5	19	40	40
Percent girls	69	80	100
Percent substantiated	38	20	20
Emotional abuse reports	7	6	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	2	2
Percent under age 5	14	17	0
Percent girls	43	67	29
Percent substantiated	57	33	29
Neglect/dependency reports	147	156	94
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	50	53	32
Percent under age 5	35	28	34
Percent girls	35	51	37
Percent substantiated	32	38	37

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	3	24
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	51	22	173
Percent under age 13	0	33	0
Percent girls	14	33	21
Percent white	100	33	96
Percent black or African American	0	67	4
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	14	67	28
Percent crimes against property	71	33	48
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	14	0	4
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	21

Calloway County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,455	5,991	6,406
Percent under age 5	26	27	26
White	6,226	5,755	5,954
Black or African American	179	183	240
Some other race	50	53	212
Hispanic*	36	42	146
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	79	70
With single mothers	10	13	17
With single fathers	1	2	5
With other relatives	5	4	5
With grandparents	NA	3	4
Number in group quarters	19	5	7
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,541	3,549	3,570
Percent married couples	87	81	75
Percent single mothers	11	16	20
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,679	1,576	1,719
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	81	71	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	74	76	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	7
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	97	87	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	23
Percent mothers under age 20	16	13	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	7	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	18	16	14
Percent mothers not married	8	14	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	43	41	42
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	20	23	24
Median age of birth mothers	24	26	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	7	11	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	54	13	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	17	50	20

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Calloway County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	13
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	53
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	23,622
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,838
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	49
June 2000	272
June 2001	299
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	247
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	91
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	907
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,937
Percent of students enrolled	40

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	1
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	62
3rd grade math	61
6th grade reading	60
6th grade math	57
9th grade reading	57
9th grade math	56

Child Care and Early Education

	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Child care providers, 2001		
Licensed centers and homes	24	332
Certified homes	3	14
Registered providers	17	32

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	87/100	75/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	83/110	68/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	81/110	62/65
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	69/95	58/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	32	22	25
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	100	88	112
Head Start	93	113	109

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	70	66	81
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	11	10	13
Percent under age 5	36	21	35
Percent girls	49	47	48
Percent substantiated	40	35	25
Sexual abuse reports	25	18	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	2
Percent under age 5	36	22	46
Percent girls	80	81	77
Percent substantiated	16	28	23
Emotional abuse reports	12	8	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	1
Percent under age 5	42	25	14
Percent girls	58	63	57
Percent substantiated	33	38	29
Neglect/dependency reports	155	111	120
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	17	19
Percent under age 5	46	47	38
Percent girls	45	48	53
Percent substantiated	41	37	33

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	10	11	29
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	33	36	96
Percent under age 13	0	18	0
Percent girls	33	64	10
Percent white	100	100	90
Percent black or African American	0	0	7
Percent other races	0	0	3
Percent crimes against persons	10	36	21
Percent crimes against property	40	27	54
Percent alcohol related crimes	10	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	10	9	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	45

Campbell County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	25,020	22,489	22,717
Percent under age 5	26	29	27
White	24,595	22,066	21,705
Black or African American	315	286	432
Some other race	110	147	580
Hispanic*	137	102	236
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	68
With single mothers	13	15	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	91	55	76
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	11,447	11,704	11,298
Percent married couples	83	77	71
Percent single mothers	15	19	23
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	6,716	6,558	6,225
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	84	85	90
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	61	82	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	90	88	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	26
Percent mothers under age 20	17	15	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	7	10
Percent mothers not high school graduates	26	19	18
Percent mothers not married	16	24	32
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	73	67	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	36	42	35
Median age of birth mothers	24	26	27
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	9	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	35	17	14
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	57	38	37

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Campbell County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	15
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	61
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.66
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.32
Annual income	36,587
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	24,373
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,186
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	64
June 2000	407
June 2001	570
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	543
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	368
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,476
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,443
Percent of students enrolled	36

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	56
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	53

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	55	644
Certified homes	18	33
Registered providers	25	83

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	106/150	102/125
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	102/135	97/120
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	94/125	94/110
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	90/125	88/100

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	74	80	70
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	246	264	274
Head Start	283	178	139

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	231	272	213
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	12	9
Percent under age 5	26	26	26
Percent girls	49	49	50
Percent substantiated	26	22	21
Sexual abuse reports	53	93	64
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	4	3
Percent under age 5	26	25	21
Percent girls	70	67	75
Percent substantiated	15	25	22
Emotional abuse reports	38	28	21
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	1
Percent under age 5	13	14	24
Percent girls	53	68	57
Percent substantiated	16	7	10
Neglect/dependency reports	733	808	696
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	32	36	31
Percent under age 5	41	34	35
Percent girls	48	50	50
Percent substantiated	34	32	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	96	99	75
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	93	95	72
Percent under age 13	9	6	4
Percent girls	23	9	13
Percent white	96	89	91
Percent black or African American	4	5	5
Percent other races	0	6	4
Percent crimes against persons	30	37	26
Percent crimes against property	31	30	22
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	2	0
Percent drug related crimes	8	15	11
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	51

Carlisle County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,482	1,265	1,251
Percent under age 5	23	24	25
White	1,465	1,240	1,207
Black or African American	17	16	19
Some other race	0	9	25
Hispanic*	2	4	21
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	85	81	72
With single mothers	6	10	16
With single fathers	1	2	5
With other relatives	7	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	714	693	675
Percent married couples	91	83	75
Percent single mothers	8	14	18
Percent single fathers	1	3	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	362	305	304
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	85	77	86
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	80	77	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	4	5	5
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	5	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	87	83	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	22
Percent mothers under age 20	16	16	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	23	28	25
Percent mothers not married	8	17	17
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	70	58	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	30	25	36
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	6	3	3
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	53	41	21
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	89	104	150

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Carlisle County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	21,716
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	342
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	7
June 2000	50
June 2001	69
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	25
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	30
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	159
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	447
Percent of students enrolled	49

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	60
3rd grade math	60
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	55
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	—	—
Certified homes	2	2
Registered providers	5	9

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	—	60/60
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	—	60/60
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	—	60/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	2	2	0
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	27	37	41
Head Start	21	20	20

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	8	6	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	5	5
Percent under age 5	13	0	33
Percent girls	75	50	67
Percent substantiated	50	33	67
Sexual abuse reports	4	4	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	3	2
Percent under age 5	50	0	0
Percent girls	75	100	100
Percent substantiated	100	25	67
Emotional abuse reports	1	5	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	4	1
Percent under age 5	0	20	0
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent substantiated	0	25	100
Neglect/dependency reports	28	22	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	22	18	7
Percent under age 5	36	32	44
Percent girls	39	50	44
Percent substantiated	54	82	67

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	11	7	12
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	183	117	200
Percent under age 13	0	14	0
Percent girls	0	43	8
Percent white	100	86	100
Percent black or African American	0	14	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	29	27
Percent crimes against property	36	29	36
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	55	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	33

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Carroll County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,696	2,521	2,570
Percent under age 5	25	25	26
White	2,655	2,452	2,421
Black or African American	37	56	47
Some other race	4	13	102
Hispanic*	16	11	114
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	72	69	64
With single mothers	15	16	18
With single fathers	2	4	7
With other relatives	9	8	8
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,315	1,368	1,303
Percent married couples	81	75	69
Percent single mothers	17	20	23
Percent single fathers	2	5	9
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	746	688	603
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	63	73	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	57	70	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	10	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	11	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	41	84	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	35	33
Percent mothers under age 20	24	19	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	7	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	41	40	30
Percent mothers not married	16	25	34
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	69	56
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	55	48	23
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	10	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	59	51	31
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	70	88	79

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Carroll County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	56
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	20,702
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	824
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	32
June 2000	125
June 2001	139
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	20
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	59
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	351
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	931
Percent of students enrolled	53

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	45
3rd grade math	47
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	24
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	3	5

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	98/105	90/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	95/103	90/90
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	93/100	90/90
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	93/100	90/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	1	2	0
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	7	9	9
Head Start	—	103	103

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	85	97	69
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	33	38	27
Percent under age 5	28	24	19
Percent girls	52	63	54
Percent substantiated	21	18	23
Sexual abuse reports	14	21	22
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	8	9
Percent under age 5	7	29	18
Percent girls	79	81	68
Percent substantiated	43	20	32
Emotional abuse reports	30	12	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	5	4
Percent under age 5	10	50	18
Percent girls	60	67	82
Percent substantiated	30	17	20
Neglect/dependency reports	198	183	160
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	77	71	62
Percent under age 5	34	42	44
Percent girls	50	49	53
Percent substantiated	30	33	25

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	25	11	26
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	214	94	223
Percent under age 13	20	10	0
Percent girls	16	9	15
Percent white	92	91	92
Percent black or African American	8	9	4
Percent other races	0	0	4
Percent crimes against persons	16	18	22
Percent crimes against property	56	9	30
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	4
Percent drug related crimes	16	9	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	27

Carter County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	8,102	6,504	6,583
Percent under age 5	26	23	26
White	8,097	6,483	6,512
Black or African American	0	4	11
Some other race	5	17	60
Hispanic*	80	27	49
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	77	71
With single mothers	10	12	15
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	7	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	2	3	10
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,746	3,648	3,460
Percent married couples	88	81	77
Percent single mothers	10	15	17
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,999	1,767	1,801
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	64	68	85
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	61	70	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	84	88	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	30
Percent mothers under age 20	23	19	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	40	29	25
Percent mothers not married	13	21	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	71	63	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	46	35	42
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	7	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	51	61	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	25	92	58

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Carter County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	30
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	55
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.71
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.42
Annual income	36,770
Unemployment rate, 2000	9
Per capita income, 1999	16,564
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,140
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	116
June 2000	422
June 2001	494
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	221
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	153
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,017
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,857
Percent of students enrolled	59

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	48
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	141
Certified homes	7	10
Registered providers	34	71

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	83/85	68/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/85	65/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	72/75	64/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	72/75	55/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	69	62	59
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	31	32	59
Head Start	130	125	120

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	197	168	166
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	30	26	25
Percent under age 5	26	31	33
Percent girls	55	48	44
Percent substantiated	24	30	21
Sexual abuse reports	57	56	43
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	9	7
Percent under age 5	28	27	28
Percent girls	67	68	63
Percent substantiated	37	14	33
Emotional abuse reports	88	29	54
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	4	8
Percent under age 5	33	21	15
Percent girls	49	31	49
Percent substantiated	28	14	13
Neglect/dependency reports	685	607	668
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	104	92	101
Percent under age 5	35	41	32
Percent girls	49	48	47
Percent substantiated	29	28	25

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	15	13	20
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	51	44	68
Percent under age 13	7	0	0
Percent girls	20	8	20
Percent white	100	100	95
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	5
Percent crimes against persons	53	38	33
Percent crimes against property	13	15	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	13	15	11
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	25

Casey County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,563	3,778	3,786
Percent under age 5	25	24	26
White	4,551	3,730	3,710
Black or African American	1	16	25
Some other race	11	32	51
Hispanic*	20	12	64
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	77	71
With single mothers	9	12	14
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	7	5	7
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	58	43
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,133	2,069	1,939
Percent married couples	88	81	76
Percent single mothers	10	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,112	954	975
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	71	73	71
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	65	67	72
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	73	90	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	24	23
Percent mothers under age 20	25	20	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	7	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	52	42	37
Percent mothers not married	12	17	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	73	63	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	55	38	44
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	12	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	70	35	21
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	101	108	37

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Casey County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,101
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	15,279
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,560
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	45
June 2000	281
June 2001	346
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	43
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	81
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	798
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,472
Percent of students enrolled	61

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	49
3rd grade math	48
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	52
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	72
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	21	57

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/70	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	65/70	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	63/70	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	63/70	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	20	10	13
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	20	29	35
Head Start	99	91	100

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	46	33	42
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	9	11
Percent under age 5	24	15	26
Percent girls	51	52	45
Percent substantiated	24	24	29
Sexual abuse reports	12	10	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	3	2
Percent under age 5	42	20	25
Percent girls	83	90	100
Percent substantiated	0	20	50
Emotional abuse reports	9	3	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	2
Percent under age 5	22	0	0
Percent girls	67	67	33
Percent substantiated	33	0	67
Neglect/dependency reports	95	71	74
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	25	19	20
Percent under age 5	26	30	28
Percent girls	45	56	53
Percent substantiated	35	24	35

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	13	13	12
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	74	74	68
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	15	31	17
Percent white	92	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	8	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	46	23	67
Percent crimes against property	46	46	8
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	8	8	8
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	33

Christian County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	19,799	17,955	20,459
Percent under age 5	31	33	35
White	13,465	11,565	12,777
Black or African American	5,736	5,548	5,897
Some other race	598	842	1,785
Hispanic*	692	849	1,272
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	72	72	69
With single mothers	16	17	20
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	8	7	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	176	29	82
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	9,178	9,570	10,214
Percent married couples	81	76	73
Percent single mothers	17	21	22
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	7,744	6,635	7,346
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	49	66	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	52	70	78
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	87	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	19	15
Percent mothers under age 20	18	14	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	28	22	19
Percent mothers not married	16	22	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	107	91	92
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	55	52	55
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	8	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	48	39	31
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	65	96	105

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Christian County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	65
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.52
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.04
Annual income	35,969
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	18,005
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,039
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	112
June 2000	642
June 2001	859
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	603
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	434
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,688
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	5,841
Percent of students enrolled	60

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	51
3rd grade math	50
6th grade reading	47
6th grade math	46
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	32	982
Certified homes	82	308
Registered providers	193	529

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	80/95	74/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	84/95	71/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	73/85	66/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/85	62/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	157	129	154
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	199	209	221
Head Start	207	207	217

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	258	253	232
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	12	11
Percent under age 5	28	27	29
Percent girls	44	49	47
Percent substantiated	27	35	29
Sexual abuse reports	60	29	46
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	1	2
Percent under age 5	25	10	30
Percent girls	80	66	76
Percent substantiated	37	45	11
Emotional abuse reports	34	24	15
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	1
Percent under age 5	24	33	33
Percent girls	38	50	40
Percent substantiated	6	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	570	554	503
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	27	25
Percent under age 5	40	47	45
Percent girls	50	45	51
Percent substantiated	27	30	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	107	102	158
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	146	139	216
Percent under age 13	4	2	3
Percent girls	25	28	24
Percent white	27	44	40
Percent black or African American	68	52	57
Percent other races	5	4	3
Percent crimes against persons	50	44	41
Percent crimes against property	18	21	14
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	0	1
Percent drug related crimes	7	10	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	31

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Clark County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	8,679	7,629	8,223
Percent under age 5	26	26	26
White	8,094	7,156	7,596
Black or African American	570	424	406
Some other race	15	49	221
Hispanic*	59	32	149
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	74	68
With single mothers	13	14	18
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	8	7	8
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	3	1	27
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,245	4,372	4,342
Percent married couples	84	79	74
Percent single mothers	14	18	21
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,135	2,087	2,143
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	71	75	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	79	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	84	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	27
Percent mothers under age 20	22	17	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	35	27	25
Percent mothers not married	16	23	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	65	61	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	42	39	40
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	8	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	36	47	13
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	48	47	82

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Clark County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	54
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.80
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.60
Annual income	41,407
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	24,040
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,442
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	51
June 2000	309
June 2001	374
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	327
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	149
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,505
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,128
Percent of students enrolled	41

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	57
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	30	329
Certified homes	5	18
Registered providers	40	95

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	90/105	84/95
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	79/105	83/95
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/100	83/95
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	72/100	80/95

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	25	24	36
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	41	51	59
Head Start	142	134	153

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	104	78	110
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	9	13
Percent under age 5	35	28	31
Percent girls	46	46	39
Percent substantiated	17	17	40
Sexual abuse reports	55	28	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	3	3
Percent under age 5	33	21	36
Percent girls	92	67	88
Percent substantiated	47	46	24
Emotional abuse reports	12	6	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	1
Percent under age 5	17	17	10
Percent girls	33	50	50
Percent substantiated	8	0	20
Neglect/dependency reports	239	223	255
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	29	27	31
Percent under age 5	46	47	44
Percent girls	48	45	42
Percent substantiated	31	19	35

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	24	42	28
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	64	112	69
Percent under age 13	8	14	8
Percent girls	21	26	15
Percent white	83	88	96
Percent black or African American	17	7	0
Percent other races	0	5	4
Percent crimes against persons	29	36	31
Percent crimes against property	38	31	8
Percent alcohol related crimes	8	5	0
Percent drug related crimes	8	2	12
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	42

Clay County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	8,237	6,586	6,232
Percent under age 5	24	25	22
White	8,087	6,460	6,056
Black or African American	122	93	101
Some other race	28	33	75
Hispanic*	132	15	49
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	75	66
With single mothers	10	12	16
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	8	8	8
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	42	1	227
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,492	3,002	3,153
Percent married couples	87	80	76
Percent single mothers	11	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,050	1,879	1,533
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	57	72	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	46	73	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	8	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	80	84
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	37	38
Percent mothers under age 20	28	24	23
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	62	56	45
Percent mothers not married	16	20	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	80	73	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	59	58	43
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	10	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	68	43	30
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	105	85	94

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Clay County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	34
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	39
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.29
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.58
Annual income	35,035
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	14,977
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,017
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	116
June 2000	610
June 2001	654
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	205
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	414
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,687
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	3,250
Percent of students enrolled	76

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	6
Average daily attendance rate	91
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	48
6th grade reading	48
6th grade math	43
9th grade reading	45
9th grade math	38

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	64
Certified homes	1	6
Registered providers	34	103

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	75/90	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	75/90	80/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/75	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	68/75	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	50	38	38
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	33	31	47
Head Start	219	193	195

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	79	94	125
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	15	20
Percent under age 5	18	30	14
Percent girls	63	48	56
Percent substantiated	22	31	39
Sexual abuse reports	13	9	20
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	3
Percent under age 5	31	33	0
Percent girls	62	67	70
Percent substantiated	38	22	35
Emotional abuse reports	30	9	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	1	2
Percent under age 5	20	11	30
Percent girls	41	33	60
Percent substantiated	73	0	30
Neglect/dependency reports	196	216	189
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	31	35	30
Percent under age 5	34	29	26
Percent girls	59	44	58
Percent substantiated	42	29	43

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	8	6	3
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	26	6	10
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	13	0	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	50	0	33
Percent crimes against property	38	100	67
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

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Clinton County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,677	2,269	2,184
Percent under age 5	24	24	28
White	2,677	2,267	2,170
Black or African American	0	0	0
Some other race	0	2	14
Hispanic*	21	11	19
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	77	73
With single mothers	9	13	15
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	8	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,260	1,307	1,216
Percent married couples	88	79	76
Percent single mothers	10	17	18
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	623	580	610
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	78	81	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	71	81	89
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	9	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	7
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	48	91	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	24
Percent mothers under age 20	23	19	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	50	38	28
Percent mothers not married	10	15	20
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	58	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	53	33	36
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	2	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	20	69	48
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	122	172	100

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Clinton County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	37
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,082
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	16,391
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,318
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	50
June 2000	284
June 2001	327
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	60
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	58
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	613
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,146
Percent of students enrolled	69

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	61
3rd grade math	63
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	44
Certified homes	3	10
Registered providers	11	32

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	100/100	45/50
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	90/90	45/50
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	85/85	45/50
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	85/85	45/50

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	9	11	1
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	50	73	78
Head Start	43	40	39

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	101	91	62
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	46	42	28
Percent under age 5	35	36	35
Percent girls	40	52	35
Percent substantiated	27	33	42
Sexual abuse reports	42	16	27
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	7	12
Percent under age 5	33	31	19
Percent girls	88	81	70
Percent substantiated	24	13	30
Emotional abuse reports	35	25	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	16	11	2
Percent under age 5	20	16	25
Percent girls	46	55	25
Percent substantiated	17	8	25
Neglect/dependency reports	287	152	143
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	131	70	65
Percent under age 5	35	32	36
Percent girls	54	50	46
Percent substantiated	24	36	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	8	0	2
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	82	0	21
Percent under age 13	25	—	0
Percent girls	38	—	0
Percent white	100	—	100
Percent black or African American	0	—	0
Percent other races	0	—	0
Percent crimes against persons	13	—	0
Percent crimes against property	38	—	50
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	—	0
Percent drug related crimes	25	—	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	—	0

Crittenden County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,450	2,290	2,178
Percent under age 5	24	25	23
White	2,434	2,269	2,123
Black or African American	11	16	17
Some other race	5	5	38
Hispanic*	22	7	12
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	86	80	74
With single mothers	6	11	15
With single fathers	1	3	3
With other relatives	6	5	7
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	1	2	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,260	1,270	1,134
Percent married couples	92	82	78
Percent single mothers	7	14	17
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	601	511	510
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	83	77	74
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	79	74	66
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	5
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	7
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 0 or 10	85	85	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	20	23
Percent mothers under age 20	19	14	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	7	9
Percent mothers not high school graduates	33	31	38
Percent mothers not married	8	16	21
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	54	57
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	40	23	31
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	17	8	12
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	43	57	12
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	51	151	61

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Crittenden County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1996 *(percent of children under age 18)*	22
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	60
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	9
Per capita income, 1999	16,234
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	673
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	21
June 2000	103
June 2001	136
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	89
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	34
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	354
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	638
Percent of students enrolled	44

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	58
6th grade math	60
9th grade reading	56
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	49
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	5	10

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/85	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/75	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	5	5	5
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	28	30	38
Head Start	53	46	49

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	11	7	18
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	3	8
Percent under age 5	18	29	28
Percent girls	45	43	61
Percent substantiated	27	29	33
Sexual abuse reports	2	4	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	3
Percent under age 5	0	25	0
Percent girls	100	100	100
Percent substantiated	0	50	57
Emotional abuse reports	0	0	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	0
Percent under age 5	—	—	—
Percent girls	—	—	—
Percent substantiated	—	—	—
Neglect/dependency reports	40	45	45
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	21	21
Percent under age 5	23	24	31
Percent girls	50	36	62
Percent substantiated	53	64	42

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	3	1	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	28	9	56
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	67	100	33
Percent crimes against property	33	0	50
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	30

Cumberland County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,954	1,6[illegible]	1,689
Percent under age 5	24	26	24
White	1,841	1,532	1,594
Black or African American	111	76	53
Some other race	2	4	42
Hispanic*	22	4	14
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	72	70	66
With single mothers	15	15	16
With single fathers	2	4	6
With other relatives	9	8	9
With grandparents	NA	7	7
Number in group quarters	1	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	974	920	875
Percent married couples	82	74	73
Percent single mothers	16	21	20
Percent single fathers	2	5	8
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	523	454	376
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	81	79	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	79	77	87
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	10	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	6
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	31	83	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	41	27
Percent mothers under age 20	28	20	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	10
Percent mothers not high school graduates	48	44	27
Percent mothers not married	16	27	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	71	65	54
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	56	50	27
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	11	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	28	32	31
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	62	143	40

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Cumberland County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	36
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	43
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,082
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	15,105
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	811
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	28
June 2000	134
June 2001	156
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	65
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	48
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	403
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	742
Percent of students enrolled	65

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	7
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	51
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	45
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	9
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	9	42

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	—	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	35/35	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	35/35	—

Public preschool enrollment*	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	12	9	8
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	8	11	12
Head Start	70	60	67

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	8	17	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	10	5
Percent under age 5	38	18	13
Percent girls	25	53	38
Percent substantiated	63	35	25
Sexual abuse reports	4	4	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	2	2
Percent under age 5	0	0	100
Percent girls	75	50	67
Percent substantiated	100	25	0
Emotional abuse reports	1	1	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	1
Percent under age 5	100	0	0
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent substantiated	0	100	100
Neglect/dependency reports	16	25	27
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	15	16
Percent under age 5	44	28	33
Percent girls	44	44	41
Percent substantiated	44	40	44

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	4	9	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	49	109	97
Percent under age 13	0	0	13
Percent girls	0	33	13
Percent white	100	89	100
Percent black or African American	0	11	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	25	0	100
Percent crimes against property	75	33	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	25

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Daviess County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	25,931	23,683	23,620
Percent under age 5	26	27	26
White	24,543	22,197	21,463
Black or African American	1,221	1,317	1,323
Some other race	167	169	834
Hispanic*	143	126	298
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	74	68
With single mothers	12	16	19
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	5	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	39	177	282
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	12,478	12,619	11,843
Percent married couples	84	77	72
Percent single mothers	14	20	22
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	7,347	6,371	6,339
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	78	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	77	78	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	92	95	95
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	25
Percent mothers under age 20	17	16	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	22	18	18
Percent mothers not married	13	24	35
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	64	65
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	34	29
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	9	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	26	25	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	53	52	40

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Daviess County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	46
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.67
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.34
Annual income	36,841
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	23,383
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	6,781
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	137
June 2000	797
June 2001	952
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	891
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	556
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	4,060
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	5,737
Percent of students enrolled	40

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	1
CTBS scores *(50th normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	60
3rd grade math	60
6th grade reading	58
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	57
9th grade math	56

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	59	1,188
Certified homes	4	21
Registered providers	79	180

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/150	65/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/150	65/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	79/150	63/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/150	63/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	194	230	222
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	161	179	219
Head Start	308	319	178

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	603	669	647
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	28	23
Percent under age 5	28	26	28
Percent girls	46	45	45
Percent substantiated	20	23	19
Sexual abuse reports	147	147	136
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	6	6
Percent under age 5	30	18	30
Percent girls	71	85	76
Percent substantiated	22	23	24
Emotional abuse reports	41	55	30
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	2	1
Percent under age 5	22	22	13
Percent girls	61	50	53
Percent substantiated	8	28	33
Neglect/dependency reports	1,996	2,039	1,616
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	71	86	68
Percent under age 5	39	41	42
Percent girls	50	48	51
Percent substantiated	29	31	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	49	39	77
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	44	35	70
Percent under age 13	4	8	9
Percent girls	29	13	10
Percent white	73	77	90
Percent black or African American	24	21	10
Percent other races	2	3	0
Percent crimes against persons	20	31	24
Percent crimes against property	41	36	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	3	1
Percent drug related crimes	10	5	14
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	26

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Edmonson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,070	2,723	2,745
Percent under age 5	25	23	25
White	3,004	2,671	2,686
Black or African American	57	47	19
Some other race	9	5	40
Hispanic*	12	9	21
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	93	77	74
With single mothers	7	12	13
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	48	60	23
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,496	1,521	1,478
Percent married couples	91	83	80
Percent single mothers	8	14	16
Percent single fathers	2	2	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	629	546	601
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	62	76	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	68	81	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	5	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	5	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	48	90	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	32	28
Percent mothers under age 20	19	20	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	40	32	23
Percent mothers not married	7	15	19
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	60	49	50
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	32	32	27
Median age of birth mothers	24	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	9	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	43	30	48
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	41	84	48

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Edmonson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 (percent of children under age 18)	26
Child support payments, 2001 (percent of obligated payments collected)	53
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income (1 adult)	8.35
Hourly income (2 adults)	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	15,034
Medicaid (recipients under age 18), 2001	1,032
KCHIP (recipients under age 18), 2001	
June 1999	37
June 2000	175
June 2001	234
K-TAP (recipients under age 18), 2001	75
SSI (recipients under age 18), 2000	43
Food stamps (recipients under age 18), 2001	532
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	956
Percent of students enrolled	48

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate (grades 7–12)	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores (Mean normal curve equivalent)	2001
3rd grade reading	63
3rd grade math	59
6th grade reading	57
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	60
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	5	12

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants (under age 1)	78/85	—
Toddlers (ages 1–2)	78/85	—
Preschool (ages 3–4)	75/80	—
School age (ages 5 and up)	71/80	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk (4 years)	33	27	33
Disabled (3–4 years)	16	23	22
Head Start	39	37	36

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	36	40	31
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	15	11
Percent under age 5	24	30	26
Percent girls	37	38	23
Percent substantiated	29	38	26
Sexual abuse reports	5	6	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	2	2
Percent under age 5	20	0	0
Percent girls	100	67	80
Percent substantiated	40	17	40
Emotional abuse reports	16	11	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	4	4
Percent under age 5	6	36	10
Percent girls	63	27	40
Percent substantiated	44	18	20
Neglect/dependency reports	66	94	82
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	34	30
Percent under age 5	29	24	30
Percent girls	56	40	48
Percent substantiated	48	39	45

Juvenile Justice

Committed youth	1998	1999	2000
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	1	7	6
Percent under age 13	8	54	46
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent white	0	0	17
Percent black or African American	100	100	83
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	0	17
Percent crimes against property	100	14	17
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	29	33
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	0	14	33
	NA	NA	33

Elliott County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

Number of Children

	1980	1990	2000
All children under age 18	2,374	1,879	1,712
Percent under age 5	27	24	25
White	2,374	1,879	1,695
Black or African American	0	0	1
Some other race	0	0	16
Hispanic*	20	9	10

Child Living Arrangements

Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	76	74
With single mothers	9	14	14
With single fathers	2	4	3
With other relatives	7	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0

Family Types

All families with children	1,060	1,021	880
Percent married couples	89	78	80
Percent single mothers	10	17	16
Percent single fathers	2	5	4

	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
Births			
All live births	402	374	349
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	60	68	85
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	55	72	84
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	10	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	39	31
Percent mothers under age 20	25	21	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	9	6	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	53	40	33
Percent mothers not married	13	21	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	52	53	50
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	45	52	38
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	23

Child and Teen Deaths

Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	16	3
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	55	0	76
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	183	155	0

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Elliott County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1993 *(percent of children under age 18)*	36
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	45
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.45
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.90
Annual income	35,684
Unemployment rate, 2000	12
Per capita income, 1999	12,279
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,037
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	67
June 2000	153
June 2001	169
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	187
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	44
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	741
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	851
Percent of students enrolled	70

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	56
6th grade reading	59
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	41

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	6
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	10	23

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	90/95	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/90	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	80/85	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	80/85	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	5	4	7
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	5	5	5
Head Start	62	60	54

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	29	38	32
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	22	19
Percent under age 5	34	32	6
Percent girls	52	39	44
Percent substantiated	28	26	25
Sexual abuse reports	10	9	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	5	6
Percent under age 5	10	11	36
Percent girls	70	67	64
Percent substantiated	20	44	64
Emotional abuse reports	7	0	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	0	4
Percent under age 5	0	—	33
Percent girls	14	—	50
Percent substantiated	43	—	0
Neglect/dependency reports	98	157	130
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	57	92	76
Percent under age 5	40	20	37
Percent girls	52	48	55
Percent substantiated	32	32	47

Juvenile Justice

Committed youth	1998	1999	2000
	0	0	2
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	0	0	25
Percent under age 13	—	—	0
Percent girls	—	—	0
Percent white	—	—	100
Percent black or African American	—	—	0
Percent other races	—	—	0
Percent crimes against persons	—	—	100
Percent crimes against property	—	—	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	—	—	0
Percent drug related crimes	—	—	0
Percent out of home placement	—	—	100

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Estill County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,582	3,901	3,697
Percent under age 5	24	23	25
White	4,588	3,896	3,640
Black or African American	0	3	8
Some other race	4	2	49
Hispanic*	27	19	26
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	72	65
With single mothers	11	17	20
With single fathers	1	3	6
With other relatives	8	8	8
With grandparents	NA	6	6
Number in group quarters	1	2	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,129	2,222	1,973
Percent married couples	85	77	71
Percent single mothers	13	19	22
Percent single fathers	2	3	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,105	1,020	938
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	89	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	54	63	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	88	86	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	28
Percent mothers under age 20	28	19	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	53	36	34
Percent mothers not married	13	21	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	70	61	57
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	52	35	36
Median age of birth mothers	22	24	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	10	2
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	23	67	14
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	114	65	56

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Estill County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	54
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.31
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.62
Annual income	35,105
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,589
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,802
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	61
June 2000	240
June 2001	277
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	235
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	131
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,239
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,404
Percent of students enrolled	52

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	95
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	8	22

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	88/90	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	88/90	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/75	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/75	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	40	36	38
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	29	38	37
Head Start	39	39	37

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	90	77	117
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	21	32
Percent under age 5	28	25	37
Percent girls	51	47	53
Percent substantiated	21	25	21
Sexual abuse reports	19	11	20
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	3	5
Percent under age 5	11	18	40
Percent girls	63	91	79
Percent substantiated	47	55	40
Emotional abuse reports	4	8	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	2
Percent under age 5	0	50	29
Percent girls	75	50	29
Percent substantiated	0	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	219	219	360
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	59	59	97
Percent under age 5	35	32	41
Percent girls	50	49	46
Percent substantiated	16	25	23

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	14	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	35	83	35
Percent under age 13	0	0	17
Percent girls	50	36	17
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	17	7	33
Percent crimes against property	50	7	17
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	33

Fayette County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	51,867	50,416	55,533
Percent under age 5	27	30	29
White	41,710	39,713	41,226
Black or African American	9,273	9,446	10,086
Some other race	684	1,257	4,221
Hispanic*	425	599	2,133
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	71	68	65
With single mothers	19	22	22
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	6	6	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	133	145	207
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	26,372	28,820	29,528
Percent married couples	77	71	69
Percent single mothers	21	25	25
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	15,580	17,112	16,893
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	76	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	63	72	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	80	85	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	21	18
Percent mothers under age 20	15	13	12
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	9	12
Percent mothers not high school graduates	23	19	17
Percent mothers not married	21	27	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	56	55	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	37	43	34
Median age of birth mothers	25	26	27
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	9	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	25	20	22
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	50	51	43

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Fayette County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	17
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.81
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.62
Annual income	41,429
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	31,663
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	12,425
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	129
June 2000	1,252
June 2001	1,739
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,233
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	919
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	6,991
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	11,815
Percent of students enrolled	37

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	55
9th grade math	55

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	139	2,934
Certified homes	24	77
Registered providers	248	465

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	110/215	105/150
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	105/200	97/150
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	95/160	94/150
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	91/150	92/150

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	490	427	469
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	212	238	266
Head Start	445	607	489

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	671	742	1,114
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	13	20
Percent under age 5	31	36	36
Percent girls	48	49	47
Percent substantiated	35	37	32
Sexual abuse reports	252	204	281
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	5
Percent under age 5	28	27	32
Percent girls	68	74	68
Percent substantiated	38	39	27
Emotional abuse reports	202	31	31
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	1
Percent under age 5	35	10	16
Percent girls	47	42	65
Percent substantiated	44	45	19
Neglect/dependency reports	1,388	1,576	1,791
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	25	28	32
Percent under age 5	42	41	43
Percent girls	50	49	51
Percent substantiated	49	46	39

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	80	112	205
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	34	47	87
Percent under age 13	13	8	4
Percent girls	15	22	18
Percent white	59	56	43
Percent black or African American	41	42	54
Percent other races	0	2	2
Percent crimes against persons	65	45	36
Percent crimes against property	20	34	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	1
Percent drug related crimes	6	5	7
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	58

Fleming County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,655	3,121	3,500
Percent under age 5	24	25	26
White	3,572	3,052	3,373
Black or African American	81	61	56
Some other race	2	8	71
Hispanic*	37	16	40
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	78	73
With single mothers	8	11	13
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	7	6	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	2	0	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,790	1,755	1,866
Percent married couples	89	82	78
Percent single mothers	8	14	15
Percent single fathers	2	5	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	835	796	836
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	63	69	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	54	75	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	83	89	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	32
Percent mothers under age 20	21	15	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	25	22
Percent mothers not married	9	18	26
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	65	60	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	34	27	30
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	6	10	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	38	50	15
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	112	87	62

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Fleming County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	26
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,882
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,339
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,210
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	21
June 2000	169
June 2001	261
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	100
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	71
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	632
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,292
Percent of students enrolled	53

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7-12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	56
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	69
Certified homes	3	2
Registered providers	13	33

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	105/105	66/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	105/105	64/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	100/100	64/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	100/100	56/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	7	7	5
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	13	14	15
Head Start	110	110	112

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	46	53	67
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	15	19
Percent under age 5	28	32	37
Percent girls	52	51	51
Percent substantiated	39	34	25
Sexual abuse reports	20	11	19
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	3	5
Percent under age 5	20	9	11
Percent girls	85	73	68
Percent substantiated	35	73	47
Emotional abuse reports	21	17	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	5	2
Percent under age 5	5	29	33
Percent girls	50	59	33
Percent substantiated	43	35	67
Neglect/dependency reports	99	118	182
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	34	52
Percent under age 5	35	44	34
Percent girls	41	40	54
Percent substantiated	40	58	40

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	4	4
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	38	25	25
Percent under age 13	0	50	75
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent white	83	100	75
Percent black or African American	0	0	25
Percent other races	17	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	33	25	50
Percent crimes against property	33	75	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	25
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	50

Floyd County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	15,997	12,562	10,034
Percent under age 5	28	25	25
White	15,903	12,495	9,843
Black or African American	65	116	78
Some other race	29	41	113
Hispanic*	139	54	79
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	75	69
With single mothers	9	14	19
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	80	47
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	7,425	7,084	5,570
Percent married couples	88	80	74
Percent single mothers	10	17	20
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,847	3,242	2,847
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	70	78	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	63	81	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	89	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	29
Percent mothers under age 20	25	23	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	45	41	34
Percent mothers not married	10	19	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	71	63	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	57	57	39
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	7	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	46	27	32
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	117	118	97

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Floyd County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	43
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.24
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.48
Annual income	34,819
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	17,058
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	6,501
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	255
June 2000	1,001
June 2001	1,143
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,046
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	492
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	4,359
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	5,043
Percent of students enrolled	71

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	91
Retention rate	6
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	48
6th grade math	45
9th grade reading	45
9th grade math	40

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	14	133
Certified homes	2	12
Registered providers	58	202

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	95/125	85/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	90/125	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	83/125	70/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	58/125	73/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	44	41	39
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	60	62	65
Head Start	242	242	242

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	314	236	217
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	31	24	22
Percent under age 5	32	29	25
Percent girls	45	44	46
Percent substantiated	21	31	24
Sexual abuse reports	79	43	57
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	4	6
Percent under age 5	28	26	25
Percent girls	65	74	82
Percent substantiated	29	37	16
Emotional abuse reports	16	15	2
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	0
Percent under age 5	6	13	0
Percent girls	75	33	0
Percent substantiated	44	0	100
Neglect/dependency reports	881	889	848
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	88	89	85
Percent under age 5	33	37	28
Percent girls	48	49	48
Percent substantiated	23	23	20

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	3	6	7
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	6	12	14
Percent under age 13	33	0	0
Percent girls	33	17	14
Percent white	100	83	100
Percent black or African American	0	17	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	67	17	67
Percent crimes against property	0	33	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	17	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

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Franklin County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1930	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	11,566	10,566	10,776
Percent under age 5	25	26	27
White	10,700	9,562	9,261
Black or African American	792	883	1,023
Some other race	74	121	492
Hispanic*	56	59	166
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	71	64
With single mothers	15	18	21
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	8	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	30	26	49
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,061	6,248	5,881
Percent married couples	81	74	69
Percent single mothers	17	22	25
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,988	2,885	2,930
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	76	78	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	76	81	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	87	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	26
Percent mothers under age 20	18	18	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	7	9
Percent mothers not high school graduates	24	22	20
Percent mothers not married	16	26	34
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	58	54	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	34	34
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	7	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	34	22	26
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	17	63	37

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Franklin County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	16
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,440
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	28,072
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,348
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	47
June 2000	285
June 2001	355
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	77
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	318
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,193
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,220
Percent of students enrolled	35

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	29	545
Certified homes	7	28
Registered providers	80	168

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	99/125	79/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	85/105	73/90
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	90/100	73/90
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/90	68/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	9	20	24
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	133	132	144
Head Start	114	117	106

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	247	286	294
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	27	27
Percent under age 5	28	28	32
Percent girls	48	44	40
Percent substantiated	28	35	24
Sexual abuse reports	90	85	74
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	8	7
Percent under age 5	34	32	23
Percent girls	62	69	58
Percent substantiated	30	24	32
Emotional abuse reports	60	21	42
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	2	4
Percent under age 5	38	5	21
Percent girls	51	48	58
Percent substantiated	28	25	0
Neglect/dependency reports	465	557	581
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	43	52	54
Percent under age 5	37	35	37
Percent girls	52	52	50
Percent substantiated	39	34	25

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	53	63	39
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	109	129	80
Percent under age 13	11	13	0
Percent girls	27	21	12
Percent white	72	87	85
Percent black or African American	28	11	13
Percent other races	0	2	3
Percent crimes against persons	34	44	56
Percent crimes against property	47	32	10
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	2	3
Percent drug related crimes	4	8	10
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	41

Fulton County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,561	2,068	1,928
Percent under age 5	24	25	26
White	1,940	1,486	1,239
Black or African American	615	575	618
Some other race	6	7	71
Hispanic*	14	4	18
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	65	61	49
With single mothers	20	24	33
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	12	11	13
With grandparents	NA	9	11
Number in group quarters	1	4	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,138	1,141	948
Percent married couples	78	65	56
Percent single mothers	20	30	39
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	688	542	530
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	75	55	75
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	73	60	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	11	10	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	78	85	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	25
Percent mothers under age 20	24	23	23
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	43	38	30
Percent mothers not married	26	41	40
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	77	65	68
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	54	56	49
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	0	13
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	32	0	41
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	25	101	67

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Fulton County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	34
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	40
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	20,412
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	921
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	33
June 2000	97
June 2001	97
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	174
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	93
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	622
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,030
Percent of students enrolled	74

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	47
3rd grade math	60
6th grade reading	43
6th grade math	43
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	22
Certified homes	1	10
Registered providers	18	38

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	80/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/85	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/70	70/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	65/65	60/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	23	11	4
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	39	38	24
Head Start	69	68	68

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	37	26	31
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	13	16
Percent under age 5	35	23	32
Percent girls	54	54	42
Percent substantiated	35	50	39
Sexual abuse reports	15	8	15
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	4	8
Percent under age 5	0	38	20
Percent girls	80	63	73
Percent substantiated	73	25	33
Emotional abuse reports	7	13	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	7	1
Percent under age 5	43	8	0
Percent girls	43	46	100
Percent substantiated	0	31	100
Neglect/dependency reports	78	65	84
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	40	34	44
Percent under age 5	45	46	37
Percent girls	62	49	44
Percent substantiated	45	45	73

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	11	12	33
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	120	130	359
Percent under age 13	0	17	6
Percent girls	45	17	19
Percent white	55	42	48
Percent black or African American	45	58	52
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	45	33	19
Percent crimes against property	9	17	16
Percent alcohol related crimes	27	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	36

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Gallatin County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,543	1,536	2,247
Percent under age 5	25	27	26
White	1,504	1,507	2,148
Black or African American	33	22	36
Some other race	6	7	63
Hispanic*	10	2	31
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	76	71
With single mothers	9	11	13
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	8	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	727	819	1,073
Percent married couples	87	82	75
Percent single mothers	10	14	16
Percent single fathers	3	4	8
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	343	441	521
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	73	82	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	43	80	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	12	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	70	85	84
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	35	35
Percent mothers under age 20	20	16	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	6	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	40	25	25
Percent mothers not married	16	24	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	73	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	30	50	39
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	20	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	71	34	33
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	81	97	76

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Gallatin County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	16
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	63
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.61
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.22
Annual income	36,365
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	17,101
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	622
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	11
June 2000	72
June 2001	97
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	31
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	37
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	395
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	779
Percent of students enrolled	51

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	12
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	59
3rd grade math	59
6th grade reading	46
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	45

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	33
Certified homes	3	6
Registered providers	1	6

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	105/105	79/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	105/105	71/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	100/100	70/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	100/100	66/70

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	40	27	25
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	14	18	18
Head Start	17	24	18

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	30	26	20
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	12	9
Percent under age 5	30	15	25
Percent girls	40	42	50
Percent substantiated	20	13	5
Sexual abuse reports	11	8	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	4
Percent under age 5	55	25	20
Percent girls	55	75	90
Percent substantiated	45	38	0
Emotional abuse reports	4	0	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	0	1
Percent under age 5	25	—	0
Percent girls	50	—	67
Percent substantiated	50	—	0
Neglect/dependency reports	58	48	66
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	26	21	29
Percent under age 5	55	54	38
Percent girls	57	38	62
Percent substantiated	28	10	24

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	18	14	12
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	184	143	123
Percent under age 13	0	14	0
Percent girls	6	7	8
Percent white	94	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	6	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	17	36	10
Percent crimes against property	61	43	30
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	10
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	42

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Garrard County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,958	2,787	3,602
Percent under age 5	26	25	25
White	2,789	2,671	3,429
Black or African American	167	106	105
Some other race	2	10	68
Hispanic*	12	7	55
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	77	74
With single mothers	8	12	14
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	2	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,501	1,649	1,916
Percent married couples	90	81	79
Percent single mothers	9	15	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	683	736	814
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	76	79	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	73	68	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	80	90	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	25
Percent mothers under age 20	19	15	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	35	28	26
Percent mothers not married	10	19	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	59	58	51
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	29	23	28
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	7	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	27	9	14
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	44	49	101

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Garrard County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	59
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	17,313
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,107
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	27
June 2000	169
June 2001	237
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	78
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	70
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	662
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,072
Percent of students enrolled	45

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	45
Certified homes	4	18
Registered providers	26	57

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	95/95	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/80	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/70	73/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/70	73/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	40	28	21
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	28	35	31
Head Start	38	20	40

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	31	30	38
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	8	11
Percent under age 5	39	20	24
Percent girls	39	27	42
Percent substantiated	29	20	21
Sexual abuse reports	13	9	14
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	2	4
Percent under age 5	0	33	14
Percent girls	54	56	71
Percent substantiated	0	33	7
Emotional abuse reports	2	3	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	3
Percent under age 5	0	0	10
Percent girls	50	0	60
Percent substantiated	0	0	20
Neglect/dependency reports	85	52	108
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	14	30
Percent under age 5	41	38	29
Percent girls	41	27	56
Percent substantiated	18	22	19

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	9	5	13
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	54	30	79
Percent under age 13	11	0	0
Percent girls	22	0	15
Percent white	67	80	77
Percent black or African American	11	20	23
Percent other races	22	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	33	20	8
Percent crimes against property	44	80	31
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	8
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	23
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	31

Grant County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,230	4,544	6,425
Percent under age 5	25	25	28
White	4,261	4,515	6,283
Black or African American	12	15	11
Some other race	7	14	131
Hispanic*	24	13	105
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	76	69
With single mothers	7	13	16
With single fathers	2	4	6
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	62	7	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,947	2,430	3,236
Percent married couples	89	80	75
Percent single mothers	9	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	5	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,090	1,257	1,696
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	82	76	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	45	78	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	89	86	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	36	31
Percent mothers under age 20	17	17	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	33	27	24
Percent mothers not married	13	20	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	70	66
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	38	39	31
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	6	8	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	55	40	16
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	48	16	61

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Grant County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	62
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.47
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.94
Annual income	35,788
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	19,063
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,719
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	24
June 2000	236
June 2001	272
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	127
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	99
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,110
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,797
Percent of students enrolled	42

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(fifth normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	51
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	148
Certified homes	10	10
Registered providers	17	32

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/95	76/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	74/85	75/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	80/115	74/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	63/85	74/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	15	21	16
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	24	26	29
Head Start	99	89	95

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	76	87	129
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	14	20
Percent under age 5	28	22	33
Percent girls	49	49	47
Percent substantiated	26	31	16
Sexual abuse reports	26	13	34
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	2	5
Percent under age 5	4	46	24
Percent girls	85	67	82
Percent substantiated	15	9	18
Emotional abuse reports	26	9	12
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	2
Percent under age 5	15	0	8
Percent girls	73	44	64
Percent substantiated	27	11	33
Neglect/dependency reports	179	163	279
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	25	43
Percent under age 5	34	34	35
Percent girls	51	53	50
Percent substantiated	33	30	17

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	15	23	25
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	54	82	90
Percent under age 13	7	0	0
Percent girls	20	17	0
Percent white	93	100	96
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	7	0	4
Percent crimes against persons	40	30	25
Percent crimes against property	40	61	55
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	5
Percent drug related crimes	7	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	48

Graves County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	8,828	8,139	9,068
Percent under age 5	25	26	27
White	8,310	7,632	8,135
Black or African American	504	476	515
Some other race	14	31	418
Hispanic*	37	32	323
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	77	70
With single mothers	9	14	17
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	36	75
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,598	4,587	4,673
Percent married couples	88	81	75
Percent single mothers	10	16	20
Percent single fathers	1	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,155	2,101	2,428
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	72	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	77	73	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	89	82	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	23
Percent mothers under age 20	18	18	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	25	25	25
Percent mothers not married	11	19	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	61	66
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	41	35
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	8	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	58	47	43
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	76	116	111

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Graves County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.56
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.12
Annual income	36,159
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	20,060
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,798
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	56
June 2000	399
June 2001	458
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	226
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	234
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,413
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,606
Percent of students enrolled	44

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	58
6th grade math	60
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	17	310
Certified homes	9	17
Registered providers	28	78

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	78/90	71/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	76/90	71/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	72/90	66/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/90	63/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	65	58	49
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	58	86	93
Head Start	107	107	110

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	119	114	102
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	13	11
Percent under age 5	35	32	30
Percent girls	46	37	51
Percent substantiated	33	25	29
Sexual abuse reports	35	31	34
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	4
Percent under age 5	43	29	24
Percent girls	86	81	74
Percent substantiated	17	19	9
Emotional abuse reports	11	7	12
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	1
Percent under age 5	0	0	8
Percent girls	55	57	42
Percent substantiated	0	43	58
Neglect/dependency reports	226	211	296
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	25	23	33
Percent under age 5	48	48	53
Percent girls	48	49	43
Percent substantiated	35	37	35

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	20	29	86
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	48	70	207
Percent under age 13	0	3	1
Percent girls	15	34	13
Percent white	95	55	73
Percent black or African American	5	45	21
Percent other races	0	0	6
Percent crimes against persons	30	31	24
Percent crimes against property	40	38	31
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	3
Percent drug related crimes	15	14	19
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	26

Grayson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,324	5,494	5,876
Percent under age 5	25	24	26
White	6,288	5,444	5,755
Black or African American	25	22	28
Some other race	11	28	93
Hispanic*	38	26	55
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	77	69
With single mothers	7	13	17
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,024	3,089	3,084
Percent married couples	89	81	75
Percent single mothers	9	15	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,551	1,398	1,472
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	71	80	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	74	82	80
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	76	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	36
Percent mothers under age 20	23	21	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	39	31	28
Percent mothers not married	11	17	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	71	62	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	39	42	27
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	5	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	17	14	44
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	123	149	157

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Grayson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.59
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.18
Annual income	36,280
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,962
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,162
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	67
June 2000	293
June 2001	413
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	103
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	105
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,061
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,923
Percent of students enrolled	47

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(fifties normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	55
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	13	188
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	19	27

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	76/85	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	75/85	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/73	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	62/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	33	41	32
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	19	20	28
Head Start	160	—	160

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	83	107	84
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	18	14
Percent under age 5	33	26	20
Percent girls	41	53	44
Percent substantiated	34	28	42
Sexual abuse reports	22	31	31
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	5	5
Percent under age 5	18	23	19
Percent girls	77	74	52
Percent substantiated	23	42	55
Emotional abuse reports	24	18	14
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	2
Percent under age 5	29	11	21
Percent girls	71	67	57
Percent substantiated	42	11	86
Neglect/dependency reports	188	208	271
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	32	35	46
Percent under age 5	35	45	33
Percent girls	50	50	52
Percent substantiated	31	38	52

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	10	21	57
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	37	79	213
Percent under age 13	0	0	4
Percent girls	30	19	11
Percent white	100	100	89
Percent black or African American	0	0	7
Percent other races	0	0	4
Percent crimes against persons	30	24	16
Percent crimes against property	40	19	35
Percent alcohol related crimes	20	24	4
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	2
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	51

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Green County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,992	2,407	2,614
Percent under age 5	24	24	24
White	2,879	2,293	2,485
Black or African American	112	96	71
Some other race	1	18	58
Hispanic*	25	22	42
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	79	70
With single mothers	7	11	15
With single fathers	1	2	6
With other relatives	7	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	2
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,557	1,439	1,407
Percent married couples	91	84	77
Percent single mothers	8	13	16
Percent single fathers	1	3	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	621	558	566
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	74	81	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	70	81	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	87	90	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	30
Percent mothers under age 20	24	20	23
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	38	26	29
Percent mothers not married	7	15	21
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	55	51	51
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	38	33	49
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	14	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	27	21	40
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	103	29	26

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Green County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	29
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	55
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	15,768
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	922
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	28
June 2000	155
June 2001	182
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	26
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	46
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	477
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	870
Percent of students enrolled	52

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	55
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	55
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	6	19

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	90/95	60/60
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/95	60/60
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	77/80	60/60
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	75/80	60/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	—	—	—
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	—	—	—
Head Start	73	70	73

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	61	30	30
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	11	11
Percent under age 5	25	13	13
Percent girls	56	60	57
Percent substantiated	40	23	30
Sexual abuse reports	14	19	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	7	4
Percent under age 5	0	11	10
Percent girls	93	74	80
Percent substantiated	29	42	10
Emotional abuse reports	21	7	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	3	1
Percent under age 5	29	14	33
Percent girls	38	57	0
Percent substantiated	57	43	67
Neglect/dependency reports	245	148	159
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	94	57	61
Percent under age 5	33	36	35
Percent girls	48	57	45
Percent substantiated	36	39	37

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	2	3	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	16	23	62
Percent under age 13	0	33	0
Percent girls	50	33	13
Percent white	50	100	75
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	50	0	25
Percent crimes against persons	50	0	38
Percent crimes against property	0	67	50
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	50	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	50

Greenup County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	12,428	9,422	8,699
Percent under age 5	25	22	25
White	12,360	9,306	8,478
Black or African American	45	39	62
Some other race	23	77	159
Hispanic*	60	32	78
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	80	72
With single mothers	7	10	15
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	3	0	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,089	5,405	4,649
Percent married couples	90	84	77
Percent single mothers	8	13	18
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,635	2,056	1,963
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	77	90
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	70	80	89
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	68	89	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	21	22
Percent mothers under age 20	18	17	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	27	20	16
Percent mothers not married	9	16	21
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	58	49	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	28	24	26
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	7	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	28	36	12
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	71	34	64

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Greenup County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	49
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.70
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.40
Annual income	36,763
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	19,681
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,983
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	99
June 2000	421
June 2001	537
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	196
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	137
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,585
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,507
Percent of students enrolled	40

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	15	150
Certified homes	2	6
Registered providers	22	68

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	82/85	78/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	82/85	78/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	78/80	78/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	78/80	78/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	17	11	18
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	38	37	38
Head Start	147	147	146

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	182	119	138
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	21	14	16
Percent under age 5	25	28	20
Percent girls	51	45	42
Percent substantiated	17	24	17
Sexual abuse reports	55	37	37
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	4	4
Percent under age 5	27	27	27
Percent girls	73	81	68
Percent substantiated	22	27	27
Emotional abuse reports	67	40	47
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	5	5
Percent under age 5	28	28	21
Percent girls	60	40	45
Percent substantiated	21	13	11
Neglect/dependency reports	433	406	410
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	50	54	47
Percent under age 5	30	26	25
Percent girls	57	50	46
Percent substantiated	14	14	24

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	19	24	25
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	46	58	61
Percent under age 13	11	8	0
Percent girls	21	17	12
Percent white	100	96	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	4	0
Percent crimes against persons	32	42	10
Percent crimes against property	16	25	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	21	4	14
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	68

Hancock County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,608	2,294	2,241
Percent under age 5	26	25	27
White	2,576	2,248	2,183
Black or African American	23	29	17
Some other race	9	17	41
Hispanic*	15	14	34
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	86	82	78
With single mothers	6	10	12
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	5	4	4
With grandparents	NA	3	3
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,215	1,267	1,170
Percent married couples	91	84	80
Percent single mothers	7	12	15
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	627	508	542
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	81	80	91
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	78	80	84
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	5	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	4	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	91	96	96
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	24
Percent mothers under age 20	20	16	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	28	18	18
Percent mothers not married	8	12	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	72	55	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	36	20	20
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	3	6	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	20	23	45
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	80	30	183

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Hancock County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	15
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	53
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.54
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.08
Annual income	36,093
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	22,147
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	535
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	20
June 2000	70
June 2001	93
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	66
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	36
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	246
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	518
Percent of students enrolled	33

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	58
6th grade math	57
9th grade reading	57
9th grade math	62

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	18
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	—	—

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	68/85	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	68/85	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/85	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	85/85	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	9	8	11
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	19	25	23
Head Start	25	26	28

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	0	2	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	1	11
Percent under age 5	—	0	16
Percent girls	—	50	44
Percent substantiated	—	0	8
Sexual abuse reports	1	1	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	1
Percent under age 5	0	100	67
Percent girls	100	100	67
Percent substantiated	0	0	0
Emotional abuse reports	0	1	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	4
Percent under age 5	—	0	25
Percent girls	—	0	38
Percent substantiated	—	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	4	20	86
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	9	38
Percent under age 5	25	40	51
Percent girls	50	55	66
Percent substantiated	0	15	24

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	0	4	4
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	0	40	40
Percent under age 13	—	25	0
Percent girls	—	25	0
Percent white	—	100	100
Percent black or African American	—	0	0
Percent other races	—	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	—	50	25
Percent crimes against property	—	25	25
Percent alcohol related crimes	—	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	—	0	50
Percent out of home placement	—	NA	50

Hardin County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	26,613	25,264	25,963
Percent under age 5	28	29	26
White	22,964	20,912	19,879
Black or African American	2,828	3,342	3,866
Some other race	821	1,010	2,218
Hispanic*	714	843	1,152
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	74	77	69
With single mothers	11	13	18
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	5	5	6
With grandparents	NA	3	5
Number in group quarters	2,033	232	235
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	12,215	13,629	13,248
Percent married couples	86	80	73
Percent single mothers	13	16	21
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	9,778	8,817	7,636
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	64	74	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	77	71
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	84	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	16	18
Percent mothers under age 20	16	14	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	23	16	14
Percent mothers not married	9	15	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	103	85	73
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	39	38	28
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	7	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	34	45	23
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	42	70	71

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Hardin County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	18
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.74
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.48
Annual income	36,929
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	21,317
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,793
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	111
June 2000	708
June 2001	1,014
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	522
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	491
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,726
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	6,523
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	63	990
Certified homes	51	173
Registered providers	109	276

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	86/135	86/350
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/130	84/350
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/125	73/125
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	68/100	69/125

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	163	174	171
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	220	244	221
Head Start	82	201	209

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	448	445	473
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	17	18
Percent under age 5	24	23	27
Percent girls	47	44	46
Percent substantiated	31	30	22
Sexual abuse reports	104	97	115
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	4
Percent under age 5	19	26	28
Percent girls	78	80	75
Percent substantiated	34	30	36
Emotional abuse reports	137	66	111
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	3	4
Percent under age 5	19	21	15
Percent girls	54	50	45
Percent substantiated	27	14	5
Neglect/dependency reports	885	851	785
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	34	33	30
Percent under age 5	36	30	37
Percent girls	51	48	50
Percent substantiated	34	33	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	102	113	134
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	84	93	110
Percent under age 13	9	1	3
Percent girls	19	17	14
Percent white	69	72	77
Percent black or African American	25	24	20
Percent other races	7	4	2
Percent crimes against persons	51	35	36
Percent crimes against property	25	34	34
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	2	2
Percent drug related crimes	9	10	8
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	45

Harlan County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	13,917	10,517	8,297
Percent under age 5	27	24	24
White	13,198	10,123	7,847
Black or African American	653	363	230
Some other race	66	31	220
Hispanic*	133	34	94
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	74	67
With single mothers	11	14	19
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	9	8	9
With grandparents	NA	6	8
Number in group quarters	7	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,211	5,778	4,282
Percent married couples	85	78	74
Percent single mothers	13	18	21
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,487	2,700	2,271
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	67	73	80
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	63	80	73
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	85	95	94
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	36	32
Percent mothers under age 20	27	25	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	50	44	35
Percent mothers not married	16	24	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	77	64	66
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	64	51	44
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	11	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	30	32	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	110	76	72

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Harlan County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	32
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	60
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.83
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.66
Annual income	37,294
Unemployment rate, 2000	11
Per capita income, 1999	14,887
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,458
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	164
June 2000	925
June 2001	961
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	767
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	377
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,460
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,611
Percent of students enrolled	75

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	91
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	47
6th grade math	43
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	41

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	199
Certified homes	7	57
Registered providers	190	500

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	73/90	63/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	73/90	78/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	66/75	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	63/70	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	98	113	108
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	76	68	76
Head Start	233	197	252

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	103	161	119
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	19	14
Percent under age 5	18	30	22
Percent girls	53	51	46
Percent substantiated	17	12	25
Sexual abuse reports	18	40	36
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	5	4
Percent under age 5	33	25	22
Percent girls	83	85	82
Percent substantiated	17	10	19
Emotional abuse reports	42	15	2
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	0
Percent under age 5	17	27	0
Percent girls	60	47	100
Percent substantiated	40	13	50
Neglect/dependency reports	329	487	353
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	40	59	43
Percent under age 5	34	39	32
Percent girls	52	48	45
Percent substantiated	22	14	27

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	35	19	26
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	66	48	66
Percent under age 13	11	16	4
Percent girls	33	11	16
Percent white	89	95	100
Percent black or African American	11	5	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	49	42	27
Percent crimes against property	34	47	15
Percent alcohol related crimes	3	0	8
Percent drug related crimes	3	5	12
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	81

Harrison County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,267	4,340	4,497
Percent under age 5	26	24	25
White	4,122	4,184	4,245
Black or African American	138	135	124
Some other race	7	21	128
Hispanic*	16	16	66
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	74	70
With single mothers	11	14	16
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	6	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	1	2	3
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,089	2,395	2,346
Percent married couples	87	78	75
Percent single mothers	12	18	18
Percent single fathers	1	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,145	1,081	1,090
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	77	73	76
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	61	70	80
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	9	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	84	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	30
Percent mothers under age 20	19	19	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	24	21
Percent mothers not married	12	25	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	72	62	57
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	38	32	26
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	8	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	31	54	12
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	106	84	109

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Harrison County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	18
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	74
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.23
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.46
Annual income	34,764
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	19,847
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,196
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	27
June 2000	199
June 2001	230
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	59
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	64
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	548
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,404
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	1
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	60
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	57
6th grade math	59
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	83
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	20	29

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	90/95	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	90/95	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	80/95	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	60/60	50/50

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	25	20	26
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	32	36	32
Head Start	112	119	117

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	24	28	55
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	12
Percent under age 5	17	25	15
Percent girls	75	61	60
Percent substantiated	30	11	25
Sexual abuse reports	6	7	21
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	5
Percent under age 5	17	14	19
Percent girls	33	57	71
Percent substantiated	0	29	43
Emotional abuse reports	3	3	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	1
Percent under age 5	0	33	17
Percent girls	100	33	33
Percent substantiated	0	0	17
Neglect/dependency reports	53	51	96
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	11	22
Percent under age 5	45	29	34
Percent girls	60	57	51
Percent substantiated	40	31	22

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	19	32	36
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	91	153	172
Percent under age 13	11	13	0
Percent girls	0	13	8
Percent white	95	100	97
Percent black or African American	5	0	3
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	37	50	29
Percent crimes against property	32	13	14
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	7
Percent drug related crimes	21	16	25
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	25

Hart County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,572	3,881	4,488
Percent under age 5	24	25	26
White	4,157	3,577	4,130
Black or African American	404	292	265
Some other race	11	12	93
Hispanic*	45	24	57
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	76	71
With single mothers	11	12	14
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	8	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	0	9	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,191	2,197	2,206
Percent married couples	86	80	76
Percent single mothers	11	16	18
Percent single fathers	3	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,047	988	1,125
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	76	79	78
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	79	82	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	5	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	67	89	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	23
Percent mothers under age 20	24	23	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	47	44	37
Percent mothers not married	14	21	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	61	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	40	50	32
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	9	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	48	20	17
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	80	53	142

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Hart County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	29
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,211
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,724
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	67
June 2000	251
June 2001	316
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	97
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	85
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	922
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,356
Percent of students enrolled	57

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	55
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	31
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	7	22

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	78/85	50/50
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	73/85	50/50
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/80	50/50
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	67/70	50/50

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	28	24	24
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	25	50	58
Head Start	40	38	36

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	71	62	83
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	16	14	18
Percent under age 5	21	24	34
Percent girls	44	43	52
Percent substantiated	35	21	25
Sexual abuse reports	25	32	44
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	7	10
Percent under age 5	20	28	25
Percent girls	64	62	75
Percent substantiated	35	19	30
Emotional abuse reports	24	20	15
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	3
Percent under age 5	21	25	7
Percent girls	46	40	47
Percent substantiated	21	15	20
Neglect/dependency reports	130	118	141
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	29	26	31
Percent under age 5	38	31	33
Percent girls	48	51	57
Percent substantiated	22	32	33

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	24	11	24
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	115	53	115
Percent under age 13	4	0	17
Percent girls	25	18	4
Percent white	92	100	92
Percent black or African American	8	0	8
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	63	55	46
Percent crimes against property	21	27	8
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	8	9	8
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	17

Henderson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	12,120	11,448	11,043
Percent under age 5	26	26	26
White	11,002	10,415	9,765
Black or African American	1,065	948	912
Some other race	53	85	366
Hispanic*	88	53	139
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	74	67
With single mothers	13	16	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	5	7
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	28	16	26
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,053	6,440	5,869
Percent married couples	83	76	72
Percent single mothers	15	20	22
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,390	2,870	2,555
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	70	70	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	82	79	64
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	11
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	91	88	92
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	11	18
Percent mothers under age 20	18	18	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	27	24	24
Percent mothers not married	16	26	36
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	72	57	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	39	38	32
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	11	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	31	33	38
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	37	93	38

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Henderson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	61
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.94
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.88
Annual income	37,757
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	24,142
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,220
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	66
June 2000	371
June 2001	489
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	413
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	226
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,822
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,921
Percent of students enrolled	41

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	6
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	23	329
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	49	134

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	89/121	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	87/121	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	79/110	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	71/96	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	87	84	51
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	110	126	106
Head Start	85	86	78

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	144	210	189
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	19	17
Percent under age 5	28	27	31
Percent girls	51	43	48
Percent substantiated	20	18	17
Sexual abuse reports	55	63	50
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	5
Percent under age 5	25	25	28
Percent girls	71	75	70
Percent substantiated	16	29	24
Emotional abuse reports	9	8	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	1
Percent under age 5	11	25	30
Percent girls	33	75	40
Percent substantiated	0	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	358	526	629
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	32	48	57
Percent under age 5	37	35	39
Percent girls	49	51	51
Percent substantiated	29	18	24

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	55	34	73
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	106	66	141
Percent under age 13	18	9	8
Percent girls	13	6	15
Percent white	85	79	78
Percent black or African American	11	21	22
Percent other races	4	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	51	38	38
Percent crimes against property	18	12	13
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	3	1
Percent drug related crimes	11	18	17
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	38

Henry County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,625	3,255	3,820
Percent under age 5	23	27	27
White	3,416	3,109	3,552
Black or African American	196	137	110
Some other race	13	9	158
Hispanic*	21	4	112
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	73	69
With single mothers	8	14	15
With single fathers	2	4	6
With other relatives	8	7	8
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,761	1,839	1,973
Percent married couples	88	78	73
Percent single mothers	9	17	18
Percent single fathers	3	6	8
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	863	889	962
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	75	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	64	77	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	5	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	69	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	31
Percent mothers under age 20	20	22	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	31	31	24
Percent mothers not married	14	28	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	63	63	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	27	45	30
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	11	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	38	40	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	52	43	40

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

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Henry County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	65
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	19,013
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	999
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	28
June 2000	141
June 2001	139
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	46
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	56
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	561
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,223
Percent of students enrolled	44

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	51
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	9	78
Certified homes	4	7
Registered providers	9	28

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	78/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	90/95	78/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	74/80	78/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/80	78/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	96	66	62
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	24	20	25
Head Start	55	48	52

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	91	63	89
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	16	23
Percent under age 5	23	19	27
Percent girls	43	32	52
Percent substantiated	28	27	27
Sexual abuse reports	28	25	39
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	7	10
Percent under age 5	21	36	28
Percent girls	71	72	82
Percent substantiated	61	20	36
Emotional abuse reports	6	10	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	3	3
Percent under age 5	0	10	46
Percent girls	67	10	38
Percent substantiated	83	60	15
Neglect/dependency reports	138	80	146
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	36	21	38
Percent under age 5	37	38	40
Percent girls	36	41	49
Percent substantiated	29	36	21

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	7	4
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	41	41	23
Percent under age 13	0	14	25
Percent girls	0	14	0
Percent white	86	71	100
Percent black or African American	14	29	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	29	57	25
Percent crimes against property	57	43	75
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	25

Hickman County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,611	1,287	1,162
Percent under age 5	24	27	24
White	1,378	1,134	949
Black or African American	230	149	170
Some other race	3	4	43
Hispanic*	8	8	18
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	73	65
With single mothers	12	15	22
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	9	8	7
With grandparents	NA	7	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	786	742	617
Percent married couples	85	78	72
Percent single mothers	13	19	23
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	338	295	260
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	77	68	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	71	71	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	11
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	85	83	92
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	27
Percent mothers under age 20	17	14	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	35	29	28
Percent mothers not married	17	28	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	56	54	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	28	24	36
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	6	20	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	34	20	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	117	58	123

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Hickman County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	22
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	29,283
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	372
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	11
June 2000	58
June 2001	60
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	43
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	18
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	228
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	472
Percent of students enrolled	55

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	28
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	—	3

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	65/65	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	65/65	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	55/55	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	55/55	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	8	6	1
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	22	26	40
Head Start	23	25	22

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	18	8	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	7	14
Percent under age 5	17	25	19
Percent girls	39	25	56
Percent substantiated	39	50	38
Sexual abuse reports	6	2	2
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	2
Percent under age 5	33	0	0
Percent girls	50	100	100
Percent substantiated	33	0	0
Emotional abuse reports	4	8	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	7	3
Percent under age 5	0	13	25
Percent girls	50	13	50
Percent substantiated	25	17	75
Neglect/dependency reports	32	26	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	22	22
Percent under age 5	53	27	50
Percent girls	50	62	35
Percent substantiated	47	15	38

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	3	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	107	53	142
Percent under age 13	17	0	0
Percent girls	33	0	13
Percent white	50	100	100
Percent black or African American	33	0	0
Percent other races	17	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	17	0	33
Percent crimes against property	33	100	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	33	0	17
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	63

Hopkins County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	13,500	12,045	11,240
Percent under age 5	26	26	25
White	12,385	10,943	9,942
Black or African American	1,064	1,004	891
Some other race	51	98	407
Hispanic*	88	61	161
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	74	68
With single mothers	11	16	19
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	8	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	11	0	6
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,714	6,912	5,947
Percent married couples	86	78	73
Percent single mothers	12	19	22
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,507	3,150	2,950
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	75	75	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	44	53	50
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	85	82	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	26
Percent mothers under age 20	21	18	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	33	25	23
Percent mothers not married	13	20	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	68	61	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	45	39	42
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	14	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	37	39	23
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	118	112	45

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Hopkins County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	55
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	20,638
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,998
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	70
June 2000	594
June 2001	717
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	564
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	324
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,330
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	3,722
Percent of students enrolled	47

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	23	319
Certified homes	3	7
Registered providers	44	150

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	93/115	73/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	90/115	70/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	81/100	68/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	74/94	64/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	111	134	134
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	138	158	156
Head Start	173	182	105

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	158	202	213
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	18	19
Percent under age 5	25	27	31
Percent girls	47	47	50
Percent substantiated	17	23	11
Sexual abuse reports	32	72	66
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	6	6
Percent under age 5	16	22	24
Percent girls	81	81	88
Percent substantiated	25	28	21
Emotional abuse reports	54	69	48
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	4
Percent under age 5	33	25	21
Percent girls	56	49	48
Percent substantiated	0	3	6
Neglect/dependency reports	405	416	425
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	36	37	38
Percent under age 5	31	40	41
Percent girls	51	53	53
Percent substantiated	13	18	22

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	25	40	41
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	48	76	78
Percent under age 13	8	8	5
Percent girls	12	13	17
Percent white	92	80	76
Percent black or African American	8	20	20
Percent other races	0	0	5
Percent crimes against persons	36	48	38
Percent crimes against property	36	25	25
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	5	20
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	63

Jackson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,933	3,420	3,516
Percent under age 5	25	24	25
White	3,929	3,416	3,479
Black or African American	0	1	4
Some other race	4	3	33
Hispanic*	38	13	22
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	75	71
With single mothers	9	14	14
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	2	7	11
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,801	1,872	1,884
Percent married couples	88	80	78
Percent single mothers	10	16	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	938	821	830
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	69	73	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	55	70	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	7
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	80	86	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	32	35
Percent mothers under age 20	27	22	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	56	45	39
Percent mothers not married	10	21	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	73	60	56
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	69	48	40
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	9	1
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	26	8	29
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	72	175	79

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Jackson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	33
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	46
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,852
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	14,104
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,786
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	54
June 2000	254
June 2001	307
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	63
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	115
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,041
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,891
Percent of students enrolled	79

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	44
9th grade reading	46
9th grade math	39

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	22
Certified homes	6	24
Registered providers	29	82

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	76/115
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	58/58	76/110
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	58/58	73/95
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	58/58	72/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	5	4	6
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	24	28	22
Head Start	83	83	76

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	17	50	45
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	14	13
Percent under age 5	35	34	27
Percent girls	47	44	47
Percent substantiated	35	40	24
Sexual abuse reports	5	13	19
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	4	5
Percent under age 5	40	0	21
Percent girls	100	69	74
Percent substantiated	0	8	53
Emotional abuse reports	13	6	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	2	3
Percent under age 5	38	17	20
Percent girls	38	33	30
Percent substantiated	31	33	10
Neglect/dependency reports	84	129	158
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	34	45
Percent under age 5	36	44	31
Percent girls	39	52	47
Percent substantiated	38	55	42

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	4	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	43	24	36
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	14	25	0
Percent white	86	100	67
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	14	0	33
Percent crimes against persons	14	50	67
Percent crimes against property	57	50	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	83

Jefferson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	169,633	162,576	168,271
Percent under age 5	26	28	28
White	148,877	123,429	117,474
Black or African American	38,774	36,858	41,673
Some other race	1,982	2,289	9,124
Hispanic*	1,447	1,354	3,739
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	69	63	58
With single mothers	20	23	25
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	8	8	9
With grandparents	NA	7	7
Number in group quarters	976	822	919
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	92,750	90,224	84,833
Percent married couples	76	68	64
Percent single mothers	22	28	29
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	51,508	50,287	48,212
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	78	83	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	67	80	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	80	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	20
Percent mothers under age 20	17	17	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	7	11
Percent mothers not high school graduates	26	23	20
Percent mothers not married	26	36	40
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	63	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	37	49	42
Median age of birth mothers	25	26	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	10	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	32	26	22
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	45	42	64

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Jefferson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	46
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	10.23
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	20.46
Annual income	43,217
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	31,474
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	47,806
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	881
June 2000	4,824
June 2001	7,231
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	8,129
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	3,970
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	28,483
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	47,066
Percent of students enrolled	49

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	419	6,977
Certified homes	140	698
Registered providers	1,236	2,556

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	105/215	94/211
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	101/215	91/211
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	94/480	85/211
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	84/275	78/175

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	1,586	1,563	1,597
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	820	799	860
Head Start	1,539	1,650	1,635

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	3,878	4,202	4,436
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	25	26
Percent under age 5	33	33	34
Percent girls	48	47	47
Percent substantiated	33	31	27
Sexual abuse reports	834	710	698
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	4
Percent under age 5	29	26	27
Percent girls	66	65	68
Percent substantiated	35	28	27
Emotional abuse reports	1,948	1,485	1,336
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	9	8
Percent under age 5	31	28	24
Percent girls	52	51	50
Percent substantiated	34	14	9
Neglect/dependency reports	5,812	5,466	6,023
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	32	36
Percent under age 5	36	36	36
Percent girls	51	49	49
Percent substantiated	43	40	37

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	50
8th grade reading	48
8th grade math	46
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	47

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	486	1,112	388
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	68	151	50
Percent under age 13	11	11	7
Percent girls	17	23	13
Percent white	46	52	[illegible]
Percent black or African American	52	46	[illegible]
Percent other races	2	2	4
Percent crimes against persons	42	21	35
Percent crimes against property	27	31	31
Percent alcohol related crimes	3	7	1
Percent drug related crimes	10	17	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	57

Jessamine County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	7,933	8,348	10,300
Percent under age 5	29	27	28
White	7,565	8,019	9,608
Black or African American	323	256	338
Some other race	45	73	354
Hispanic*	67	65	164
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	78	72
With single mothers	9	12	16
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	16	10	12
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,976	4,659	5,386
Percent married couples	88	81	76
Percent single mothers	10	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,234	2,418	2,732
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	75	77	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	65	77	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	5	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	85	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	22
Percent mothers under age 20	14	14	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	10
Percent mothers not high school graduates	27	23	19
Percent mothers not married	12	18	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	65	61	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	38	30	33
Median age of birth mothers	25	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	7	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	23	21	15
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	138	73	74

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Jessamine County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	17
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	54
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.80
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.60
Annual income	41,407
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	23,191
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,421
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	37
June 2000	304
June 2001	474
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	182
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	129
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,295
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,674
Percent of students enrolled	40

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	18	342
Certified homes	5	11
Registered providers	40	62

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	94/150	86/95
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	94/150	86/95
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	86/125	81/90
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	80/125	78/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	88	112	90
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	71	89	81
Head Start	36	36	36

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	181	121	148
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	12	14
Percent under age 5	25	26	24
Percent girls	42	48	51
Percent substantiated	26	26	20
Sexual abuse reports	41	31	43
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	4
Percent under age 5	32	23	19
Percent girls	80	77	68
Percent substantiated	33	33	23
Emotional abuse reports	49	54	33
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	5	3
Percent under age 5	22	28	33
Percent girls	41	40	67
Percent substantiated	4	2	12
Neglect/dependency reports	341	285	437
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	33	28	42
Percent under age 5	31	33	34
Percent girls	48	46	48
Percent substantiated	30	24	33

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	48	22	40
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	107	49	89
Percent under age 13	8	9	5
Percent girls	33	23	23
Percent white	92	86	83
Percent black or African American	4	14	15
Percent other races	4	0	3
Percent crimes against persons	25	14	21
Percent crimes against property	50	77	28
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	5	8
Percent drug related crimes	13	0	10
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	35

Johnson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	7,642	6,336	5,628
Percent under age 5	26	22	26
White	7,626	6,289	5,550
Black or African American	3	9	8
Some other race	13	38	70
Hispanic*	89	18	38
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	78	70
With single mothers	8	12	16
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	7	6	8
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	30	6	5
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,568	3,639	3,102
Percent married couples	89	82	76
Percent single mothers	9	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,028	1,592	1,527
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	64	72	85
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	60	76	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	77	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	29
Percent mothers under age 20	23	21	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	41	37	30
Percent mothers not married	10	21	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	58	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	50	40	37
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	9	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	31	24	42
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	54	81	46

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Johnson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	30
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	49
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,882
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	16,680
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,195
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	91
June 2000	498
June 2001	574
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	431
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	207
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,016
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,888
Percent of students enrolled	63

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	58
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	56
6th grade math	56
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	11	118
Certified homes	1	9
Registered providers	30	55

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	75/75	65/65
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	75/75	65/65
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	65/75	65/65
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	65/65	65/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	8	12	11
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	31	32	29
Head Start	159	162	163

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	235	176	141
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	42	31	25
Percent under age 5	34	30	25
Percent girls	48	52	51
Percent substantiated	28	28	27
Sexual abuse reports	101	49	38
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	9	7
Percent under age 5	23	20	29
Percent girls	63	63	68
Percent substantiated	28	18	18
Emotional abuse reports	15	2	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	0	1
Percent under age 5	0	0	0
Percent girls	67	50	50
Percent substantiated	53	50	0
Neglect/dependency reports	803	610	476
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	143	108	85
Percent under age 5	36	34	33
Percent girls	50	55	48
Percent substantiated	36	37	31

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	2	4	2
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	7	15	7
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	50	50
Percent white	100	75	50
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	25	50
Percent crimes against persons	0	75	0
Percent crimes against property	100	0	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Kenton County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	41,442	39,221	39,899
Percent under age 5	27	29	28
White	39,746	37,372	36,555
Black or African American	1,398	1,507	1,992
Some other race	298	342	1,352
Hispanic*	242	255	620
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	68
With single mothers	14	16	18
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	5	6	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	85	166	144
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	19,337	20,614	19,881
Percent married couples	82	76	72
Percent single mothers	16	20	21
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	11,709	11,709	10,967
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	92	78	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	46	79	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	90	87	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	25
Percent mothers under age 20	16	14	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	7	11
Percent mothers not high school graduates	25	20	19
Percent mothers not married	16	24	32
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	69	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	35	42	35
Median age of birth mothers	25	26	27
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	9	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	31	32	16
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	63	43	60

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Kenton County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	14
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.92
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.84
Annual income	37,665
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	27,790
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	8,285
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	107
June 2000	709
June 2001	1,029
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,073
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	616
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,621
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	7,489
Percent of students enrolled	36

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	54
8th grade reading	51
8th grade math	51
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	90	976
Certified homes	45	176
Registered providers	72	189

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	122/205	98/150
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	112/185	95/150
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	104/180	89/150
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	94/160	84/150

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	271	240	226
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	319	371	372
Head Start	193	193	159

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	774	667	624
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	17	16
Percent under age 5	29	28	21
Percent girls	50	47	48
Percent substantiated	21	24	24
Sexual abuse reports	230	206	203
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	5	5
Percent under age 5	32	24	28
Percent girls	78	67	70
Percent substantiated	34	26	24
Emotional abuse reports	138	78	66
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	2	2
Percent under age 5	17	22	20
Percent girls	55	53	47
Percent substantiated	19	25	17
Neglect/dependency reports	2,471	2,053	1,886
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	62	51	47
Percent under age 5	37	41	40
Percent girls	49	47	49
Percent substantiated	30	29	31

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	181	137	95
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	103	78	54
Percent under age 13	13	3	3
Percent girls	28	12	13
Percent white	87	79	80
Percent black or African American	11	19	18
Percent other races	2	2	2
Percent crimes against persons	36	32	36
Percent crimes against property	29	36	30
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	0	1
Percent drug related crimes	8	7	5
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	55

Knott County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,340	5,248	4,319
Percent under age 5	26	22	24
White	6,281	5,203	4,221
Black or African American	53	40	44
Some other race	6	5	54
Hispanic*	55	8	38
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	75	68
With single mothers	9	14	17
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	8
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	2	3	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,812	2,881	2,310
Percent married couples	88	79	75
Percent single mothers	10	17	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,481	1,137	1,036
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	69	82	85
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	57	81	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	87	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	30
Percent mothers under age 20	30	22	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	56	43	34
Percent mothers not married	11	20	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	53	51
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	57	34	33
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	11	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	25	15	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	83	72	145

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Knott County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	29
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	49
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.46
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.92
Annual income	35,731
Unemployment rate, 2000	8
Per capita income, 1999	15,371
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,811
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	79
June 2000	433
June 2001	443
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	564
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	197
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,864
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,134
Percent of students enrolled	72

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	6
Average daily attendance rate	91
Retention rate	6
CTBS scores *(fifties normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	47
3rd grade math	47
6th grade reading	48
6th grade math	45
9th grade reading	45
9th grade math	43

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	14	79
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	35	75

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/75	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	70/75	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	67/75	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	67/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	25	23	23
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	93	88	97
Head Start	130	146	145

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	111	163	124
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	38	29
Percent under age 5	14	16	29
Percent girls	46	47	48
Percent substantiated	34	21	22
Sexual abuse reports	41	49	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	11	6
Percent under age 5	22	31	28
Percent girls	73	65	56
Percent substantiated	56	27	32
Emotional abuse reports	17	4	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	1
Percent under age 5	12	25	33
Percent girls	41	50	0
Percent substantiated	59	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	319	350	313
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	74	81	72
Percent under age 5	32	30	31
Percent girls	45	44	45
Percent substantiated	30	35	30

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	8	7	7
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	39	34	34
Percent under age 13	13	0	0
Percent girls	13	14	0
Percent white	100	86	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	14	0
Percent crimes against persons	50	71	17
Percent crimes against property	25	14	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	13	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	57

Knox County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	10,181	8,427	8,324
Percent under age 5	25	25	27
White	10,073	8,315	8,131
Black or African American	91	70	62
Some other race	17	42	131
Hispanic*	112	29	55
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	69	64
With single mothers	13	19	20
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	7	9
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	35	23	14
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,510	4,674	4,271
Percent married couples	85	74	72
Percent single mothers	13	22	22
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,412	2,337	2,276
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	58	68	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	34	70	80
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	51	85	83
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	37	32
Percent mothers under age 20	27	24	25
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	55	46	40
Percent mothers not married	16	22	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	71	68	67
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	56	55	67
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	9	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	47	37	34
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	55	68	86

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Knox County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	37
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	46
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.67
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.34
Annual income	36,612
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	15,050
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,052
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	147
June 2000	612
June 2001	727
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	707
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	344
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,415
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,279
Percent of students enrolled	76

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	6
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	44
3rd grade math	43
6th grade reading	47
6th grade math	40
9th grade reading	47
9th grade math	41

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	23	359
Certified homes	14	44
Registered providers	76	249

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	94/120	76/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	88/105	75/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	88/90	73/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	76/90	73/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	44	57	45
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	86	78	85
Head Start	299	309	274

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	100	56	31
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	7	4
Percent under age 5	34	30	19
Percent girls	46	55	42
Percent substantiated	26	39	32
Sexual abuse reports	41	20	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	1
Percent under age 5	24	30	0
Percent girls	68	90	67
Percent substantiated	27	50	50
Emotional abuse reports	16	1	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	0	0
Percent under age 5	19	0	.
Percent girls	50	0	.
Percent substantiated	25	0	.
Neglect/dependency reports	247	169	114
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	30	20	14
Percent under age 5	37	35	51
Percent girls	49	49	39
Percent substantiated	22	33	33

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	12	18	18
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	32	49	49
Percent under age 13	0	22	0
Percent girls	0	22	22
Percent white	92	94	89
Percent black or African American	8	6	11
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	8	39	35
Percent crimes against property	67	39	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	6	12
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Larue County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,383	2,925	3,348
Percent under age 5	25	24	25
White	3,193	2,777	3,137
Black or African American	184	139	117
Some other race	6	9	94
Hispanic*	32	18	55
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	77	70
With single mothers	10	12	16
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	8	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	13
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,661	1,842	1,717
Percent married couples	87	81	75
Percent single mothers	11	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	781	733	784
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	68	78	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	72	80	84
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	85	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	24
Percent mothers under age 20	22	17	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	30	23	22
Percent mothers not married	12	21	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	61	60	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	32	39	31
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	10	11
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	40	35	16
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	53	24	82

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Larue County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	70
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	20,344
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	999
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	20
June 2000	167
June 2001	201
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	43
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	59
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	486
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,012
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	51
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	44
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	78
Certified homes	4	12
Registered providers	8	22

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/90	78/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/90	71/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	71/80	70/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/75	67/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	17	14	6
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	21	17	12
Head Start	40	40	37

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	47	78	58
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	23	17
Percent under age 5	32	26	14
Percent girls	35	40	38
Percent substantiated	36	22	28
Sexual abuse reports	16	21	15
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	4
Percent under age 5	25	19	13
Percent girls	81	57	87
Percent substantiated	19	5	13
Emotional abuse reports	11	5	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	1	3
Percent under age 5	9	20	9
Percent girls	36	20	45
Percent substantiated	9	0	9
Neglect/dependency reports	74	171	109
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	22	51	33
Percent under age 5	50	37	30
Percent girls	54	48	47
Percent substantiated	38	23	17

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	11	7	13
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	68	44	81
Percent under age 13	9	29	0
Percent girls	0	14	8
Percent white	91	57	92
Percent black or African American	0	0	8
Percent other races	9	43	0
Percent crimes against persons	27	71	8
Percent crimes against property	64	14	42
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	9	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	15

Laurel County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	12,645	11,991	13,401
Percent under age 5	26	24	28
White	12,517	11,835	13,012
Black or African American	99	81	109
Some other race	29	75	280
Hispanic*	112	64	113
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	75	70
With single mothers	9	14	17
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	7	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	6	19	10
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	5,975	6,896	7,171
Percent married couples	88	80	76
Percent single mothers	10	17	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,244	3,063	3,663
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	67	75	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	55	75	72
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	67	81	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	28
Percent mothers under age 20	23	17	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	43	36	30
Percent mothers not married	10	18	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	60	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	50	37	42
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	8	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	42	38	27
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	99	93	82

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Laurel County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	26
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	43
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.64
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.28
Annual income	36,500
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	18,969
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,966
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	146
June 2000	739
June 2001	907
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	489
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	319
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,399
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,771
Percent of students enrolled	52

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	52
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	20	255
Certified homes	13	61
Registered providers	99	301

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	86/100	76/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/90	78/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	74/85	76/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	72/85	72/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	64	47	58
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	41	41	49
Head Start	180	180	180

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	378	366	354
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	27	26
Percent under age 5	32	24	28
Percent girls	52	47	50
Percent substantiated	29	23	28
Sexual abuse reports	77	98	76
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	7	6
Percent under age 5	21	24	24
Percent girls	86	77	78
Percent substantiated	19	24	34
Emotional abuse reports	44	16	24
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	1	2
Percent under age 5	27	6	8
Percent girls	50	38	54
Percent substantiated	50	6	42
Neglect/dependency reports	1,111	991	1,018
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	83	74	76
Percent under age 5	36	36	38
Percent girls	50	54	52
Percent substantiated	30	26	30

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	27	32	27
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	45	54	45
Percent under age 13	0	3	0
Percent girls	22	3	15
Percent white	93	97	96
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	7	3	4
Percent crimes against persons	56	63	52
Percent crimes against property	37	25	26
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	4	13	4
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Lawrence County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,547	3,960	3,936
Percent under age 5	25	23	23
White	4,530	3,944	3,888
Black or African American	5	3	3
Some other race	12	13	45
Hispanic*	35	8	16
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	78	72
With single mothers	8	11	15
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	7	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,040	2,133	2,085
Percent married couples	89	83	79
Percent single mothers	9	14	16
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,183	956	877
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	76	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	66	83	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	84	85	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	32
Percent mothers under age 20	24	22	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	49	39	31
Percent mothers not married	11	18	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	77	61	53
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	53	44	35
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	12	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	46	40	27
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	46	101	153

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Lawrence County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	42
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.45
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.90
Annual income	35,684
Unemployment rate, 2000	8
Per capita income, 1999	14,789
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,180
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	85
June 2000	358
June 2001	402
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	264
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	113
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,450
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,737
Percent of students enrolled	72

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	6
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	43

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	10
Certified homes	3	8
Registered providers	13	58

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	50/50	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	50/50	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	50/50	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	50/50	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	65	70	54
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	23	21	24
Head Start	20	18	16

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	80	94	65
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	20	24	17
Percent under age 5	34	31	26
Percent girls	48	40	48
Percent substantiated	19	23	28
Sexual abuse reports	39	40	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	10	3
Percent under age 5	26	13	0
Percent girls	82	75	80
Percent substantiated	28	25	50
Emotional abuse reports	21	10	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	3	3
Percent under age 5	29	30	18
Percent girls	43	40	45
Percent substantiated	24	20	9
Neglect/dependency reports	248	414	304
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	63	105	77
Percent under age 5	38	28	30
Percent girls	54	46	49
Percent substantiated	21	16	26

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	2	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	31	10	41
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	0	25
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	100	63
Percent crimes against property	100	0	13
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	38

Lee County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,401	2,059	1,797
Percent under age 5	26	25	23
White	2,388	2,051	1,758
Black or African American	11	5	10
Some other race	2	3	29
Hispanic*	6	1	9
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	69	66
With single mothers	12	17	20
With single fathers	2	4	5
With other relatives	7	7	7
With grandparents	NA	6	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,122	1,128	974
Percent married couples	85	76	72
Percent single mothers	12	20	21
Percent single fathers	3	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	626	475	455
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	65	68	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	46	60	78
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	7	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	10	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	85	83	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	39	40
Percent mothers under age 20	27	21	23
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	7	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	54	43	37
Percent mothers not married	16	22	33
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	78	60	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	58	48	32
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	21	6	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	34	12	29
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	262	74	182

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Lee County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	36
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	44
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,570
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	14,441
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,222
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	37
June 2000	223
June 2001	216
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	132
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	72
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	818
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,023
Percent of students enrolled	76

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	48
6th grade reading	47
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	48
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	16	37

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	83/100	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/90	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	76/90	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	—	—	—
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	7	3	9
Head Start	90	81	—

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	63	55	61
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	31	34
Percent under age 5	22	36	16
Percent girls	54	65	44
Percent substantiated	33	24	26
Sexual abuse reports	20	17	18
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	11	9	10
Percent under age 5	35	35	33
Percent girls	80	88	67
Percent substantiated	65	24	17
Emotional abuse reports	38	33	28
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	21	18	16
Percent under age 5	34	3	11
Percent girls	61	61	57
Percent substantiated	32	3	4
Neglect/dependency reports	270	315	281
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	150	175	156
Percent under age 5	40	30	37
Percent girls	53	53	55
Percent substantiated	32	36	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	1	6	1
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	11	66	11
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	33	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	17	100
Percent crimes against property	0	0	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	33	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Leslie County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,427	4,136	3,051
Percent under age 5	28	25	25
White	5,418	4,129	3,031
Black or African American	0	3	0
Some other race	9	4	20
Hispanic*	64	18	15
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	74	69
With single mothers	10	14	17
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	1	1	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,523	2,326	1,732
Percent married couples	87	80	75
Percent single mothers	11	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,256	1,032	811
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	57	75	86
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	62	78	84
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	8	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	78	82	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	42	34
Percent mothers under age 20	28	22	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	55	47	31
Percent mothers not married	14	23	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	71	62	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	58	54	34
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	9	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	15	31	26
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	140	70	111

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Leslie County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	30
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	41
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,570
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	15,674
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,892
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	55
June 2000	392
June 2001	361
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	317
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	81
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,216
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,754
Percent of students enrolled	77

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	51
3rd grade math	49
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	44
9th grade math	38

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	24
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	24	85

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/75	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	70/75	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/75	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	75/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	84	84	40
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	20	9	39
Head Start	135	167	136

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	44	44	58
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	14	19
Percent under age 5	39	36	31
Percent girls	48	39	55
Percent substantiated	39	18	21
Sexual abuse reports	14	7	19
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	6
Percent under age 5	21	57	5
Percent girls	93	86	68
Percent substantiated	43	0	29
Emotional abuse reports	4	7	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	3
Percent under age 5	25	14	13
Percent girls	25	71	75
Percent substantiated	75	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	148	150	198
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	48	49	65
Percent under age 5	34	32	29
Percent girls	48	47	53
Percent substantiated	23	22	36

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	1	2	3
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	7	13	20
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	50	33
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	50	67
Percent crimes against property	0	50	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	33

Letcher County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	10,451	7,755	5,996
Percent under age 5	27	22	24
White	10,334	7,670	5,896
Black or African American	86	60	37
Some other race	31	25	63
Hispanic*	44	21	31
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	78	70
With single mothers	9	12	15
With single fathers	[illegible]	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	4	1	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,773	4,380	3,259
Percent married couples	88	81	77
Percent single mothers	10	15	17
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,530	1,801	1,494
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	78	86	90
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	65	73	75
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	14
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	83	86	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	35	15
Percent mothers under age 20	26	23	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	49	40	31
Percent mothers not married	12	20	26
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	75	57	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	52	42	38
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	15	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	42	20	18
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	104	98	73

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Letcher County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	28
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	47
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,570
Unemployment rate, 2000	11
Per capita income, 1999	15,528
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,644
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	114
June 2000	633
June 2001	640
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	548
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	226
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,239
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,892
Percent of students enrolled	68

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	48
9th grade reading	47
9th grade math	43

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	12	121
Certified homes	2	12
Registered providers	51	107

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	92/100	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	92/100	80/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	88/100	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	88/100	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	57	60	51
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	58	52	43
Head Start	210	237	226

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	148	152	157
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	25	25	26
Percent under age 5	21	28	25
Percent girls	42	46	42
Percent substantiated	26	34	31
Sexual abuse reports	29	34	44
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	7
Percent under age 5	17	15	30
Percent girls	86	59	66
Percent substantiated	34	27	32
Emotional abuse reports	9	1	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	0	1
Percent under age 5	44	0	14
Percent girls	33	100	43
Percent substantiated	22	0	43
Neglect/dependency reports	664	589	592
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	111	98	99
Percent under age 5	37	35	40
Percent girls	48	52	48
Percent substantiated	30	35	39

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	20	35	10
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	69	120	34
Percent under age 13	15	9	0
Percent girls	20	11	10
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	35	31	22
Percent crimes against property	30	14	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	5	23	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	80

Lewis County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,012	3,610	3,570
Percent under age 5	25	23	25
White	4,993	3,592	3,526
Black or African American	11	9	6
Some other race	8	9	38
Hispanic*	28	10	10
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	79	71
With single mothers	9	10	14
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	13
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,248	1,992	1,902
Percent married couples	88	82	77
Percent single mothers	10	13	15
Percent single fathers	2	5	8
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,056	891	824
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	69	77	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	78	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	46	89	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	34
Percent mothers under age 20	27	24	23
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	3	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	49	35	29
Percent mothers not married	11	17	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	66	61	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	47	42	39
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	9	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	32	51	22
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	54	163	0

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Lewis County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	33
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.40
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.90
Annual income	35,470
Unemployment rate, 2000	16
Per capita income, 1999	13,659
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,783
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	62
June 2000	198
June 2001	238
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	78
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	93
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,259
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,612
Percent of students enrolled	65

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	49
6th grade reading	50
9th grade math	50
9th grade reading	47
9th grade math	44

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	28
Certified homes	2	9
Registered providers	16	43

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	80/85	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	78/85	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/70	73/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/70	70/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	8	14	16
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	12	46	50
Head Start	139	136	125

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	45	54	86
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	15	24
Percent under age 5	20	28	33
Percent girls	51	46	38
Percent substantiated	16	17	28
Sexual abuse reports	27	13	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	4	4
Percent under age 5	48	15	50
Percent girls	78	92	88
Percent substantiated	33	31	38
Emotional abuse reports	14	6	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	2	0
Percent under age 5	21	17	0
Percent girls	50	50	100
Percent substantiated	14	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	83	121	154
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	34	43
Percent under age 5	47	41	31
Percent girls	47	50	54
Percent substantiated	25	23	38

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	13	13	17
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	79	79	103
Percent under age 13	15	23	6
Percent girls	8	46	29
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	31	54	29
Percent crimes against property	23	31	35
Percent alcohol related crimes	8	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	15	0	12
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	88

Lincoln County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,930	5,343	5,997
Percent under age 5	25	26	28
White	5,687	5,172	5,715
Black or African American	222	140	153
Some other race	11	31	129
Hispanic*	68	18	73
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	76	70
With single mothers	11	12	15
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	8	7	6
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	3	1	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,743	2,996	3,101
Percent married couples	87	80	75
Percent single mothers	11	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,233	1,403	1,485
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	74	75	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	73	67	80
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	76	86	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	29
Percent mothers under age 20	24	20	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	41	38	30
Percent mothers not married	14	21	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	64	60
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	40	44	36
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	8	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	22	34	60
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	92	39	65

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Lincoln County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	24
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	60
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.19
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.38
Annual income	34,578
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	17,106
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,179
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	36
June 2000	275
June 2001	379
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	152
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	164
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,106
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,392
Percent of students enrolled	54

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	7
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	9
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	51
6th grade math	46
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	68
Certified homes	5	12
Registered providers	36	86

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	100/100	72/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	95/95	71/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	85/95	66/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	85/95	63/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	20	47	34
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	93	83	87
Head Start	152	185	168

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	141	142	159
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	24	27
Percent under age 5	25	23	17
Percent girls	53	49	46
Percent substantiated	21	17	25
Sexual abuse reports	38	37	50
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	6	8
Percent under age 5	32	14	26
Percent girls	79	72	68
Percent substantiated	24	20	14
Emotional abuse reports	44	23	23
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	4	4
Percent under age 5	20	22	17
Percent girls	41	35	52
Percent substantiated	18	4	13
Neglect/dependency reports	275	322	314
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	46	54	52
Percent under age 5	36	37	38
Percent girls	49	51	47
Percent substantiated	9	17	22

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	10	15	19
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	37	55	70
Percent under age 13	20	0	0
Percent girls	30	27	5
Percent white	90	93	95
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	10	7	5
Percent crimes against persons	20	33	17
Percent crimes against property	40	20	39
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	7	6
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	16

Livingston County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,508	2,064	2,188
Percent under age 5	26	25	24
White	2,502	2,058	2,141
Black or African American	2	4	6
Some other race	4	2	41
Hispanic*	15	10	35
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	82	74
With single mothers	8	8	12
With single fathers	2	2	5
With other relatives	5	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,345	1,261	1,178
Percent married couples	89	86	80
Percent single mothers	9	11	14
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	567	535	450
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	86	83	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	87	83	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	87	90	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	25
Percent mothers under age 20	16	16	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	3	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	25	23	18
Percent mothers not married	7	12	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	58	54	46
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	25	32	18
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	13	2
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	31	38	12
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	109	32	157

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Livingston County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	67
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.53
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.06
Annual income	36,028
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	22,835
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	652
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	27
June 2000	124
June 2001	139
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	43
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	30
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	281
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	643
Percent of students enrolled	44

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	56
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	—	—
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	6	17

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	—	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	—	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	—	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	14	15	9
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	20	23	19
Head Start	20	20	20

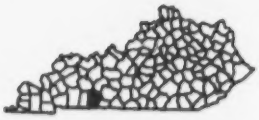
Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	62	58	55
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	28	27	25
Percent under age 5	24	21	22
Percent girls	52	52	56
Percent substantiated	23	17	15
Sexual abuse reports	25	12	22
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	11	5	10
Percent under age 5	28	25	23
Percent girls	80	92	73
Percent substantiated	32	17	50
Emotional abuse reports	6	1	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	0	0
Percent under age 5	33	0	—
Percent girls	50	0	—
Percent substantiated	33	0	—
Neglect/dependency reports	152	124	98
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	69	57	45
Percent under age 5	38	30	28
Percent girls	52	60	51
Percent substantiated	14	35	15

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	10	17
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	57	95	161
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	17	0	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	33	10	29
Percent crimes against property	33	30	47
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	10	6
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	18

Logan County



Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,949	6,412	6,825
Percent under age 5	26	25	27
White	6,141	5,687	6,015
Black or African American	787	688	625
Some other race	21	37	185
Hispanic*	66	34	69
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	75	68
With single mothers	11	13	17
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	9	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	1	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,375	3,591	3,496
Percent married couples	86	80	74
Percent single mothers	12	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,793	1,731	1,751
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	75	74	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	66	71	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	73	84	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	20	24
Percent mothers under age 20	21	17	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	29	26
Percent mothers not married	15	20	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	70	66	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	40	36	32
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	8	7	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	35	32	31
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	107	34	52

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Logan County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	61
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	19,456
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,905
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	44
June 2000	231
June 2001	276
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	172
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	98
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,082
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,016
Percent of students enrolled	44

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	51
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	48
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	78
Certified homes	3	14
Registered providers	24	76

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	78/100	55/60
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	72/90	62/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/90	62/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	68/90	59/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	64	37	22
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	197	209	236
Head Start	57	60	58

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	25	21	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	4
Percent under age 5	20	38	38
Percent girls	44	52	42
Percent substantiated	24	29	42
Sexual abuse reports	12	3	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	0	1
Percent under age 5	8	33	0
Percent girls	100	67	100
Percent substantiated	17	33	78
Emotional abuse reports	2	0	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	0
Percent under age 5	0	—	0
Percent girls	50	—	100
Percent substantiated	100	—	100
Neglect/dependency reports	50	20	70
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	3	10
Percent under age 5	62	40	37
Percent girls	32	50	43
Percent substantiated	26	20	64

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	18	22	35
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	58	71	113
Percent under age 13	0	14	6
Percent girls	39	18	20
Percent white	67	73	60
Percent black or African American	33	18	31
Percent other races	0	9	9
Percent crimes against persons	11	50	34
Percent crimes against property	33	18	28
Percent alcohol related crimes	11	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	33	14	6
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	49

Lyon County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,327	1,090	1,275
Percent under age 5	23	24	24
White	1,285	1,050	1,225
Black or African American	39	32	27
Some other race	3	8	23
Hispanic*	6	7	6
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	86	76	72
With single mothers	6	13	17
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	4	7	6
With grandparents	NA	6	5
Number in group quarters	2	1	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	723	675	727
Percent married couples	91	80	75
Percent single mothers	7	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	257	292	307
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	82	82	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	76	78	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	8	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	92	86	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	24	22
Percent mothers under age 20	17	14	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	10
Percent mothers not high school graduates	29	20	17
Percent mothers not married	11	14	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	47	55	51
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	21	21	26
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	7	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	105	74	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	41	110	112

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Lyon County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	61
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,018
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	354
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	6
June 2000	51
June 2001	63
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	21
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	21
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	156
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	343
Percent of students enrolled	32

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	59
8th grade reading	54
8th grade math	52
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	26
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	2	5

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/85	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/75	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	75/75	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	9	12	15
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	11	13	11
Head Start	29	29	29

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	75	56	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	59	44	13
Percent under age 5	23	23	35
Percent girls	53	55	53
Percent substantiated	33	29	65
Sexual abuse reports	11	12	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	9	5
Percent under age 5	36	17	14
Percent girls	91	92	71
Percent substantiated	73	42	29
Emotional abuse reports	25	16	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	20	13	1
Percent under age 5	24	31	0
Percent girls	60	56	0
Percent substantiated	56	19	0
Neglect/dependency reports	138	109	40
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	108	85	31
Percent under age 5	43	32	33
Percent girls	53	51	46
Percent substantiated	57	41	58

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	10	4	9
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	167	67	151
Percent under age 13	30	25	0
Percent girls	0	25	22
Percent white	80	100	100
Percent black or African American	20	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	30	25	0
Percent crimes against property	30	75	67
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	30	0	22
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	0

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McCracken County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	16,298	15,320	15,315
Percent under age 5	27	26	26
White	14,075	12,980	12,331
Black or African American	2,099	2,222	2,344
Some other race	124	118	640
Hispanic*	95	113	231
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	74	70	64
With single mothers	15	20	23
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	24	48	52
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	8,320	8,842	8,202
Percent married couples	82	73	68
Percent single mothers	16	24	25
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	4,286	4,084	4,101
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	86	86	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	86	89	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	88	90	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	19
Percent mothers under age 20	17	17	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	23	22	19
Percent mothers not married	18	29	33
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	59	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	40	34
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	8	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	28	35	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	82	66	95

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

McCracken County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	22
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	43
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.49
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.98
Annual income	35,854
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	27,602
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,866
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	97
June 2000	478
June 2001	587
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	861
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	354
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,118
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,473
Percent of students enrolled	45

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	59
3rd grade math	59
6th grade reading	57
6th grade math	56
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	45	1,028
Certified homes	9	32
Registered providers	132	344

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	87/130	76/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	84/110	73/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	79/101	69/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	75/100	65/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	67	84	53
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	115	116	118
Head Start	311	306	311

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	302	332	318
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	20	22	21
Percent under age 5	33	33	32
Percent girls	48	52	50
Percent substantiated	37	33	29
Sexual abuse reports	105	92	106
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	6	7
Percent under age 5	30	16	26
Percent girls	73	82	75
Percent substantiated	30	47	26
Emotional abuse reports	72	36	41
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	3
Percent under age 5	17	3	0
Percent girls	58	58	59
Percent substantiated	54	19	32
Neglect/dependency reports	599	649	646
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	39	42	42
Percent under age 5	43	37	35
Percent girls	48	46	47
Percent substantiated	45	39	40

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	48	86	70
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	66	124	101
Percent under age 13	7	3	0
Percent girls	15	20	13
Percent white	78	60	67
Percent black or African American	20	40	31
Percent other races	2	0	1
Percent crimes against persons	28	27	28
Percent crimes against property	48	33	22
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	11	19	4
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	61

McCreary County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,637	4,749	4,729
Percent under age 5	24	25	24
White	5,538	4,679	4,609
Black or African American	67	49	53
Some other race	32	21	67
Hispanic*	65	9	32
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	74	69	62
With single mothers	13	18	19
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	8	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	104	87	124
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,389	2,462	2,325
Percent married couples	83	75	70
Percent single mothers	15	21	22
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,352	1,310	1,186
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	80	79	92
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	79	89	94
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	10	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	5	90	94
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	29
Percent mothers under age 20	29	28	24
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	3
Percent mothers not high school graduates	60	54	41
Percent mothers not married	17	28	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	81	73	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	63	61	45
Median age of birth mothers	22	22	22
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	8	13
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	28	45	50
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	23	65	126

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

McCreary County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	36
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	42
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,082
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	13,193
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,057
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	116
June 2000	386
June 2001	491
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	322
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	199
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,060
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,854
Percent of students enrolled	85

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	50
3rd grade math	48
6th grade reading	43
6th grade math	41
9th grade reading	44
9th grade math	43

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	10	187
Certified homes	1	5
Registered providers	48	89

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	88/95	80/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	88/95	75/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/80	73/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/75	80/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	89	56	81
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	54	49	39
Head Start	60	56	57

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	73	103	75
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	22	16
Percent under age 5	18	22	24
Percent girls	55	65	60
Percent substantiated	30	10	17
Sexual abuse reports	27	56	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	12	4
Percent under age 5	11	20	29
Percent girls	85	75	82
Percent substantiated	33	32	24
Emotional abuse reports	20	19	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	3
Percent under age 5	20	5	8
Percent girls	50	37	54
Percent substantiated	0	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	217	171	199
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	46	36	42
Percent under age 5	36	39	34
Percent girls	47	55	54
Percent substantiated	22	20	34

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	9	5	15
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	39	22	66
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	11	20	7
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	22	20	43
Percent crimes against property	67	40	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	20	7
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	87

McLean County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,908	2,494	2,405
Percent under age 5	25	24	27
White	2,877	2,385	2,366
Black or African American	17	13	4
Some other race	14	6	35
Hispanic*	18	6	34
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	80	72
With single mothers	9	11	14
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	5	5	7
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,492	1,367	1,287
Percent married couples	87	83	77
Percent single mothers	10	13	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	714	608	583
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	77	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	73	77	79
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	4	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	13
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	91	94	92
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	27
Percent mothers under age 20	20	17	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	28	22	18
Percent mothers not married	9	17	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	66	60	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	42	32	33
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	10	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	45	43	22
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	95	84	86

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

McLean County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	67
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.54
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.08
Annual income	36,075
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	23,302
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	746
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	16
June 2000	118
June 2001	141
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	51
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	40
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	342
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	683
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	61
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	58
6th grade math	61
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	55

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	8
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	2	9

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	75/75	—/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	75/75	—/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/70	—/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	65/65	—/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	31	23	18
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	8	14	18
Head Start	34	32	38

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	14	13	33
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	5	14
Percent under age 5	21	46	39
Percent girls	64	54	24
Percent substantiated	21	38	27
Sexual abuse reports	5	1	24
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	0	10
Percent under age 5	0	0	17
Percent girls	100	0	75
Percent substantiated	20	100	42
Emotional abuse reports	2	4	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	1
Percent under age 5	0	0	0
Percent girls	50	25	33
Percent substantiated	50	25	67
Neglect/dependency reports	17	37	130
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	15	54
Percent under age 5	29	41	45
Percent girls	29	32	50
Percent substantiated	12	43	33

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	2	2	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	18	18	54
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	100	33
Percent white	50	100	100
Percent black or African American	50	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	0	0
Percent crimes against property	0	100	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	50	0	17
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	50

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Madison County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	13,205	12,856	15,512
Percent under age 5	27	26	29
White	12,352	12,141	14,158
Black or African American	737	603	716
Some other race	116	112	638
Hispanic*	96	42	221
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	74	69
With single mothers	13	16	19
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	7	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	51	15	46
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,726	7,497	8,558
Percent married couples	83	78	73
Percent single mothers	15	19	21
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,441	3,863	4,458
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	78	80	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	70	74	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	89	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	24
Percent mothers under age 20	19	16	15
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	26	21
Percent mothers not married	13	20	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	44	47	47
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	38	39	36
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	7	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	10	26	8
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	43	28	29

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Madison County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.45
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	18.90
Annual income	39,900
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	20,803
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,434
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	84
June 2000	468
June 2001	678
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	451
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	303
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	2,208
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,442
Percent of students enrolled	46

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	0
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	57
8th grade reading	52
8th grade math	54
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	36	578
Certified homes	2	2
Registered providers	71	136

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	83/100	80/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	78/100	77/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	72/78	75/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	71/75	78/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	125	83	110
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	189	206	169
Head Start	134	154	144

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	296	256	232
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	17	15
Percent under age 5	27	31	31
Percent girls	54	51	48
Percent substantiated	28	30	24
Sexual abuse reports	63	171	54
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	11	3
Percent under age 5	27	33	24
Percent girls	83	63	57
Percent substantiated	19	50	28
Emotional abuse reports	37	14	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	0
Percent under age 5	27	36	0
Percent girls	58	46	60
Percent substantiated	32	8	20
Neglect/dependency reports	659	630	557
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	42	41	36
Percent under age 5	41	37	38
Percent girls	52	52	50
Percent substantiated	32	43	32

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	50	87	47
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	76	132	71
Percent under age 13	12	3	0
Percent girls	14	5	9
Percent white	84	93	83
Percent black or African American	16	5	15
Percent other races	0	2	2
Percent crimes against persons	28	21	20
Percent crimes against property	26	45	39
Percent alcohol related crimes	4	1	2
Percent drug related crimes	8	10	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	36

Magoffin County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,959	4,052	3,570
Percent under age 5	27	23	26
White	4,949	4,045	3,524
Black or African American	0	2	13
Some other race	10	5	33
Hispanic*	36	5	18
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	78	72
With single mothers	8	12	15
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	7	5	7
With grandparents	NA	3	5
Number in group quarters	6	2	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,127	2,152	1,884
Percent married couples	89	82	79
Percent single mothers	9	14	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,318	1,030	933
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	59	72	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	50	74	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	78	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	31
Percent mothers under age 20	29	24	23
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	3	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	56	49	38
Percent mothers not married	11	18	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	87	66	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	75	55	37
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	6	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	62	38	45
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	116	103	73

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Magoffin County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	35
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.25
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.50
Annual income	34,864
Unemployment rate, 2000	14
Per capita income, 1999	13,265
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,340
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	68
June 2000	320
June 2001	379
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	443
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	156
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,533
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,948
Percent of students enrolled	77

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	6
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	48
3rd grade math	46
6th grade reading	48
6th grade math	44
9th grade reading	43
9th grade math	38

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	33
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	20	68

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	60/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	—	60/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	—	60/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	—	60/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	2	5	3
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	9	10	11
Head Start	156	152	150

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	130	87	45
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	36	24	13
Percent under age 5	36	44	36
Percent girls	41	54	53
Percent substantiated	13	9	9
Sexual abuse reports	35	20	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	6	4
Percent under age 5	23	30	19
Percent girls	83	85	88
Percent substantiated	23	10	31
Emotional abuse reports	16	39	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	11	1
Percent under age 5	19	21	0
Percent girls	56	56	50
Percent substantiated	44	21	25
Neglect/dependency reports	843	685	308
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	236	192	86
Percent under age 5	34	37	41
Percent girls	49	55	52
Percent substantiated	31	17	19

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	13	7	9
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	77	41	53
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	31	43	44
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	15	29	44
Percent crimes against property	15	14	11
Percent alcohol related crimes	15	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	57	11
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	56

Marion County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,176	4,518	4,596
Percent under age 5	26	24	26
White	5,607	4,132	4,111
Black or African American	568	369	339
Some other race	1	17	146
Hispanic*	42	7	53
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	75	67
With single mothers	12	16	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	6	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	9	0	3
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,697	2,392	2,356
Percent married couples	84	76	70
Percent single mothers	13	20	23
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,448	1,155	1,178
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	83	80	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	61	76	78
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	90	89	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	28
Percent mothers under age 20	19	14	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	31	22	18
Percent mothers not married	18	26	33
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	65	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	34	35	32
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	3	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	54	56	34
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	69	136	63

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Marion County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	59
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.52
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.04
Annual income	35,998
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	19,453
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,458
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	59
June 2000	219
June 2001	241
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	115
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	122
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	806
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,651
Percent of students enrolled	54

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	53

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	10	72
Certified homes	2	3
Registered providers	19	37

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	75/105	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	72/88	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/80	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	60/80	65/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	20	26	17
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	41	32	37
Head Start	78	90	80

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	22	58	42
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	13	9
Percent under age 5	23	24	19
Percent girls	55	36	56
Percent substantiated	32	31	19
Sexual abuse reports	5	13	12
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	3	3
Percent under age 5	20	15	25
Percent girls	60	69	67
Percent substantiated	40	31	25
Emotional abuse reports	6	11	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	2
Percent under age 5	17	18	9
Percent girls	33	55	64
Percent substantiated	0	45	36
Neglect/dependency reports	59	83	66
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	18	14
Percent under age 5	41	35	29
Percent girls	36	56	46
Percent substantiated	27	14	27

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	10	8	14
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	48	39	67
Percent under age 13	10	0	7
Percent girls	20	25	0
Percent white	80	88	43
Percent black or African American	20	13	50
Percent other races	0	0	7
Percent crimes against persons	50	13	33
Percent crimes against property	30	25	22
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	21

Marshall County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,722	6,307	6,560
Percent under age 5	25	25	23
White	6,709	6,270	6,462
Black or African American	0	2	2
Some other race	13	35	96
Hispanic*	42	41	73
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	85	81	74
With single mothers	7	11	14
With single fathers	1	2	5
With other relatives	5	4	5
With grandparents	NA	3	4
Number in group quarters	1	1	2
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,629	3,676	3,624
Percent married couples	90	84	78
Percent single mothers	8	13	16
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,547	1,591	1,493
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	84	79	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	83	82	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	5	6	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	90	88	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	27
Percent mothers under age 20	14	14	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	2	5	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	21	20	17
Percent mothers not married	7	12	20
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	56	58	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15-17)	25	33	18
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	6	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	52	61	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	64	117	74

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Marshall County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	17
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	61
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,452
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	21,828
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,578
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	46
June 2000	266
June 2001	310
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	146
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	80
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	804
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 3–17	1,556
Percent of students enrolled	32

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	56
6th grade math	56
9th grade reading	58
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	18	16
Certified homes	1	3
Registered providers	19	58

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	87/102	75/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/102	70/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	79/101	65/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	71/101	65/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	31	45	45
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	93	73	70
Head Start	59	60	59

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	80	71	52
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	11	8
Percent under age 5	22	18	15
Percent girls	44	46	53
Percent substantiated	42	26	42
Sexual abuse reports	33	24	22
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	4	3
Percent under age 5	30	29	14
Percent girls	82	54	77
Percent substantiated	36	39	55
Emotional abuse reports	10	9	8
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	1
Percent under age 5	10	0	13
Percent girls	50	56	38
Percent substantiated	40	67	38
Neglect/dependency reports	191	147	104
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	29	22	16
Percent under age 5	43	29	34
Percent girls	47	48	44
Percent substantiated	53	40	48

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	48	23	62
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	151	73	196
Percent under age 13	2	0	0
Percent girls	29	35	10
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	19	9	21
Percent crimes against property	31	39	36
Percent alcohol related crimes	2	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	29	26	16
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	31

Martin County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,287	3,973	3,539
Percent under age 5	28	24	25
White	5,277	3,959	3,509
Black or African American	0	7	2
Some other race	10	7	28
Hispanic*	26	6	29
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	77	70
With single mothers	7	13	17
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	6	6	7
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	7	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,329	2,186	1,871
Percent married couples	90	80	75
Percent single mothers	8	16	19
Percent single fathers	1	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,276	1,051	919
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	65	73	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	55	78	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	84	84	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	37	35
Percent mothers under age 20	26	25	24
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	3	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	51	48	36
Percent mothers not married	9	20	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	80	67	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	68	58	42
Median age of birth mothers	22	22	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	17	8	12
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	49	52	90
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	196	122	58

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Martin County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	33
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	44
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,882
Unemployment rate, 2000	8
Per capita income, 1999	16,112
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,359
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	88
June 2000	330
June 2001	330
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	568
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	179
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,569
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,788
Percent of students enrolled	70

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	6
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	47
3rd grade math	46
6th grade reading	46
6th grade math	43
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	45

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	129
Certified homes	2	18
Registered providers	21	52

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	75/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	70/70	75/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/70	75/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/70	75/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	7	5	2
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	3	9	13
Head Start	144	145	144

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	176	163	125
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	50	46	35
Percent under age 5	38	25	26
Percent girls	52	52	50
Percent substantiated	41	25	24
Sexual abuse reports	34	41	44
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	12	12
Percent under age 5	29	20	18
Percent girls	71	73	68
Percent substantiated	32	32	27
Emotional abuse reports	59	0	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	0	1
Percent under age 5	32	—	33
Percent girls	46	—	67
Percent substantiated	39	—	0
Neglect/dependency reports	381	415	446
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	108	117	126
Percent under age 5	39	38	25
Percent girls	45	49	53
Percent substantiated	23	39	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	4	3	3
Rate per 10,000 ages 16–17	24	18	18
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	0	33
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	25	33	0
Percent crimes against property	75	67	67
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Mason County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,094	4,278	4,053
Percent under age 5	25	26	26
White	4,633	3,965	3,581
Black or African American	454	388	318
Some other race	7	25	154
Hispanic*	29	24	62
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	74	69
With single mothers	11	17	18
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	4	2	5
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,457	2,405	2,164
Percent married couples	85	77	75
Percent single mothers	12	20	20
Percent single fathers	3	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,239	1,169	1,127
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	73	69	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	69	74	77
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	8	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	89	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	38	33
Percent mothers under age 20	20	20	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	28	23	19
Percent mothers not married	16	24	33
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	67	65	66
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	38	31
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	13	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	37	43	26
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	91	161	73

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Mason County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	55
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.23
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.46
Annual income	34,782
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	20,498
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,418
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	46
June 2000	150
June 2001	182
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	134
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	88
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	965
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,265
Percent of students enrolled	46

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	61
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	56
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	10	98
Certified homes	9	5
Registered providers	17	33

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	78/90	61/—
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	74/90	60/—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	66/75	65/—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	66/75	63/—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	41	37	36
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	41	54	61
Head Start	110	89	129

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	79	82	72
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	20	18
Percent under age 5	29	27	31
Percent girls	38	46	45
Percent substantiated	30	10	14
Sexual abuse reports	12	20	19
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	5	5
Percent under age 5	25	40	16
Percent girls	83	70	95
Percent substantiated	50	10	26
Emotional abuse reports	38	16	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	4	4
Percent under age 5	26	19	18
Percent girls	26	44	53
Percent substantiated	26	6	24
Neglect/dependency reports	195	187	171
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	48	46	42
Percent under age 5	44	45	37
Percent girls	43	48	43
Percent substantiated	32	33	27

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	27	13	25
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	143	68	132
Percent under age 13	15	23	4
Percent girls	11	0	36
Percent white	74	92	91
Percent black or African American	26	8	9
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	30	23	23
Percent crimes against property	11	31	31
Percent alcohol related crimes	7	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	19	15	15
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	32

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Meade County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	8,296	7,986	7,839
Percent under age 5	32	31	29
White	7,454	6,716	7,052
Black or African American	608	1,014	408
Some other race	234	256	379
Hispanic*	189	264	237
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	87	84	74
With single mothers	6	8	13
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	4	5	6
With grandparents	NA	3	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,980	4,241	3,992
Percent married couples	92	86	79
Percent single mothers	7	10	15
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,655	1,344	1,415
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	69	79	83
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	62	81	73
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	27
Percent mothers under age 20	25	20	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	27	21	20
Percent mothers not married	10	22	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	58	45	46
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	47	32	23
Median age of birth mothers	22	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	5	12
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	35	28	36
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	118	24	73

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Meade County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	11
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	56
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.30
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.60
Annual income	35,061
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	17,553
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,503
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	46
June 2000	289
June 2001	350
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	36
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	67
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	568
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,817
Percent of students enrolled	39

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	58
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	57
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	55
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	15	21
Certified homes	6	3
Registered providers	16	20

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	105/175	73/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	97/150	67/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	77/125	63/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	90/100	61/70

Public preschool enrollment	1997–98	1998–99	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	53	63	58
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	62	60	72
Head Start	34	34	34

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	79	59	46
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	8	6
Percent under age 5	30	22	39
Percent girls	42	42	39
Percent substantiated	16	29	20
Sexual abuse reports	20	16	20
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	2	3
Percent under age 5	45	31	15
Percent girls	70	69	75
Percent substantiated	20	13	40
Emotional abuse reports	19	6	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	0
Percent under age 5	11	0	0
Percent girls	47	33	67
Percent substantiated	26	33	0
Neglect/dependency reports	188	133	105
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	17	13
Percent under age 5	39	44	56
Percent girls	46	50	46
Percent substantiated	19	34	40

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	48	36	51
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	143	107	152
Percent under age 13	10	3	2
Percent girls	23	6	6
Percent white	92	92	92
Percent black or African American	4	8	8
Percent other races	4	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	42	50	38
Percent crimes against property	31	25	13
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	3	2
Percent drug related crimes	10	8	10
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	51

Menifee County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,702	1,399	1,634
Percent under age 5	24	24	23
White	1,677	1,374	1,573
Black or African American	19	21	32
Some other race	6	4	29
Hispanic*	6	11	25
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	74	67
With single mothers	8	12	13
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	6	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	35	46	78
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	771	754	812
Percent married couples	90	81	77
Percent single mothers	8	15	16
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	369	332	375
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	54	73	76
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	52	69	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	8	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	13
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	76	86	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	35
Percent mothers under age 20	29	20	25
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	7	5	3
Percent mothers not high school graduates	53	39	31
Percent mothers not married	11	13	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	68	58	54
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	63	49	47
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	27	27	3
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	32	38	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	101	79	97

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Menifee County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	30
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	56
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.26
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.52
Annual income	34,882
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	14,849
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	813
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	28
June 2000	115
June 2001	168
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	119
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	65
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	509
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	704
Percent of students enrolled	64

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	47
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	150
Certified homes	1	6
Registered providers	10	36

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	87/108	73/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	84/102	73/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	81/96	73/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	81/96	75/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	10	5	2
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	12	4	7
Head Start	40	36	—

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	15	32	59
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	20	36
Percent under age 5	33	28	14
Percent girls	53	66	47
Percent substantiated	0	28	17
Sexual abuse reports	7	20	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	12	6
Percent under age 5	14	5	0
Percent girls	57	85	70
Percent substantiated	14	0	0
Emotional abuse reports	7	2	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	6
Percent under age 5	29	0	22
Percent girls	57	100	22
Percent substantiated	14	0	44
Neglect/dependency reports	91	140	210
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	56	86	129
Percent under age 5	44	38	32
Percent girls	42	50	45
Percent substantiated	22	30	39

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	1	1	3
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	12	12	36
Percent under age 13	0	0	33
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent white	100	100	67
Percent black or African American	0	0	33
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	0	50
Percent crimes against property	0	0	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	67

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Mercer County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,467	4,894	5,060
Percent under age 5	25	25	26
White	5,197	4,427	4,668
Black or African American	255	220	206
Some other race	15	38	206
Hispanic*	28	27	84
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	77	70
With single mothers	9	12	16
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	8	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	6	0	5
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,657	2,696	2,681
Percent married couples	88	80	76
Percent single mothers	10	15	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,309	1,347	1,349
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	80	82	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	70	73	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	12	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	92	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	25
Percent mothers under age 20	22	17	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	34	26	22
Percent mothers not married	13	18	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	63	65	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	39	38	39
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	10	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	44	27	20
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	73	158	93

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Mercer County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	21,722
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,204
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	17
June 2000	166
June 2001	213
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	111
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	91
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	566
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,229
Percent of students enrolled	34

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	14	30
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	21	4

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	73/90	78/78
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	73/90	78/78
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	78/90	78/78
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	72/90	78/78

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	13	16	19
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	74	90	94
Head Start	33	28	30

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	89	85	69
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	17	14
Percent under age 5	17	19	10
Percent girls	41	44	55
Percent substantiated	17	18	25
Sexual abuse reports	29	18	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	4	5
Percent under age 5	14	28	19
Percent girls	89	67	68
Percent substantiated	41	50	19
Emotional abuse reports	15	2	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	0	0
Percent under age 5	20	0	—
Percent girls	60	50	—
Percent substantiated	40	0	—
Neglect/dependency reports	177	190	187
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	37	37
Percent under age 5	32	41	36
Percent girls	45	49	51
Percent substantiated	28	18	20

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	14	11	22
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	64	50	100
Percent under age 13	7	0	9
Percent girls	21	18	27
Percent white	93	91	91
Percent black or African American	7	9	9
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	36	45	14
Percent crimes against property	43	36	68
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	7	18	5
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	50

Metcalfe County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,733	2,214	2,471
Percent under age 5	24	25	26
White	2,637	2,161	2,397
Black or African American	94	46	38
Some other race	2	7	36
Hispanic*	33	10	18
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	77	70
With single mothers	8	12	14
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	8	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,338	1,292	1,296
Percent married couples	88	81	76
Percent single mothers	9	15	17
Percent single fathers	3	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	612	594	640
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	77	89	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	78	87	89
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	5	3
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	63	95	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	27	23
Percent mothers under age 20	22	19	22
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	7	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	42	35	30
Percent mothers not married	11	16	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	62	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	39	41	36
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	10	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	50	35	21
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	120	220	122

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Metcalfe County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	26
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,238
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	992
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	29
June 2000	131
June 2001	179
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	45
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	67
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	501
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,045
Percent of students enrolled	63

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	57
8th grade reading	55
8th grade math	54
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	12
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	2	3

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	83/90	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	78/90	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	65/75	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	60/70	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	39	35	32
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	26	18	41
Head Start	20	20	20

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	85	71	61
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	34	29	25
Percent under age 5	26	23	33
Percent girls	39	37	39
Percent substantiated	44	15	16
Sexual abuse reports	21	19	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	8	6
Percent under age 5	29	16	19
Percent girls	57	95	88
Percent substantiated	33	11	25
Emotional abuse reports	21	4	18
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	2	7
Percent under age 5	0	25	39
Percent girls	48	25	18
Percent substantiated	24	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	147	112	156
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	59	45	63
Percent under age 5	35	30	42
Percent girls	62	50	54
Percent substantiated	53	14	24

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	4	9	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	36	81	54
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	25	11	17
Percent white	100	89	100
Percent black or African American	0	11	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	50	22	0
Percent crimes against property	50	33	60
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	0

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Monroe County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,549	2,824	2,811
Percent under age 5	25	25	26
White	3,409	2,702	2,638
Black or African American	133	117	113
Some other race	7	5	60
Hispanic*	19	22	34
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	75	70
With single mothers	9	13	15
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	6	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,763	1,664	1,475
Percent married couples	88	79	78
Percent single mothers	10	16	17
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	871	784	754
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	77	82	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	72	76	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	6
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	54	93	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	20
Percent mothers under age 20	24	20	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	3	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	35	29	27
Percent mothers not married	13	22	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	68	65	63
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	[illegible]	47	32
Median age of birth mothers	22	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	8	9	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	60	46	103
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	53	124	72

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Monroe County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	26
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	45
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	12
Per capita income, 1999	19,304
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,201
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	30
June 2000	222
June 2001	260
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	39
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	75
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	674
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,295
Percent of students enrolled	59

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	56
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	120
Certified homes	—	5
Registered providers	1	55

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	62/80	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	64/80	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	62/80	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	55/65	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	30	27	30
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	25	27	33
Head Start	36	38	37

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	66	61	56
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	22	20
Percent under age 5	11	25	21
Percent girls	39	51	39
Percent substantiated	24	16	30
Sexual abuse reports	16	13	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	5	9
Percent under age 5	13	8	24
Percent girls	88	54	80
Percent substantiated	38	8	64
Emotional abuse reports	33	14	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	12	5	2
Percent under age 5	18	7	0
Percent girls	52	50	60
Percent substantiated	12	0	60
Neglect/dependency reports	187	262	125
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	67	93	44
Percent under age 5	35	32	28
Percent girls	44	51	56
Percent substantiated	21	14	35

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	4	2
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	47	32	16
Percent under age 13	17	0	0
Percent girls	33	0	0
Percent white	83	100	100
Percent black or African American	17	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	33	50	100
Percent crimes against property	33	25	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	33	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	50

Montgomery County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,365	5,159	5,615
Percent under age 5	27	24	28
White	6,053	4,956	5,327
Black or African American	307	183	162
Some other race	5	20	126
Hispanic*	53	18	90
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	74	68
With single mothers	12	15	18
With single fathers	1	2	5
With other relatives	7	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	31	20	38
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,078	2,955	2,992
Percent married couples	85	79	74
Percent single mothers	14	18	20
Percent single fathers	1	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,423	1,415	1,522
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	60	69	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	74	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	67	88	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	24
Percent mothers under age 20	23	20	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	38	28	21
Percent mothers not married	15	19	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	63	62
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	49	41	36
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	10	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	25	56	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	115	25	96

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Montgomery County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 (percent of children under age 18)	22
Child support payments, 2001 (percent of obligated payments collected)	61
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income (1 adult)	8.42
Hourly income (2 adults)	16.84
Annual income	35,570
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	20,335
Medicaid (recipients under age 18), 2001	2,120
KCHIP (recipients under age 19), 2001	
June 1999	59
June 2000	328
June 2001	340
K-TAP (recipients under age 18), 2001	247
SSI (recipients under age 18), 2000	137
Food stamps (recipients under age 19), 2001	1,149
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,097
Percent of students enrolled	52

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate (grades 7–12)	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores (Mean normal curve equivalent)	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	55
9th grade math	56

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	13	53
Certified homes	3	—
Registered providers	24	28

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants (under age 1)	84/100	78/100
Toddlers (ages 1–3)	78/85	72/100
Preschool (ages 3–4)	67/85	73/100
School age (ages 5 and up)	66/85	73/100

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk (4 years)	59	33	28
Disabled (3–4 years)	44	64	81
Head Start	—	95	—

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	93	82	128
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	15	23
Percent under age 5	31	38	26
Percent girls	39	44	46
Percent substantiated	34	17	17
Sexual abuse reports	37	29	32
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	5	6
Percent under age 5	19	24	28
Percent girls	81	45	81
Percent substantiated	32	24	31
Emotional abuse reports	19	15	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	3	2
Percent under age 5	21	27	11
Percent girls	39	40	44
Percent substantiated	32	13	22
Neglect/dependency reports	404	309	288
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	72	55	51
Percent under age 5	30	34	38
Percent girls	57	51	48
Percent substantiated	33	24	22

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	19	7	11
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	77	28	44
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	11	43	18
Percent white	95	100	100
Percent black or African American	5	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	21	0	0
Percent crimes against property	42	0	25
Percent alcohol related crimes	5	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	11	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	73

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Morgan County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,891	3,211	3,118
Percent under age 5	26	24	24
White	3,858	3,184	3,075
Black or African American	15	22	9
Some other race	18	5	34
Hispanic*	18	15	12
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	77	74
With single mothers	8	11	12
With single fathers	2	4	5
With other relatives	6	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	38	39	42
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,803	1,724	1,652
Percent married couples	89	83	80
Percent single mothers	9	13	14
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	977	764	747
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	61	65	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	52	67	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	84	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	34	34
Percent mothers under age 20	22	19	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	6	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	51	42	41
Percent mothers not married	7	15	19
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	61	56
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	46	46	40
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	14	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	48	49	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	83	41	61

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Morgan County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	33
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	59
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.40
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.80
Annual income	35,470
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	12,784
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,658
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	61
June 2000	266
June 2001	300
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	213
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	85
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,084
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,582
Percent of students enrolled	69

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	44
3rd grade math	45
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	49
9th grade reading	47
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	7	155
Certified homes	—	5
Registered providers	8	48

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	78/80	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	75/75	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/75	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	75/75	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	7	5	2
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	28	24	30
Head Start	131	116	133

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	45	31	56
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	10	19
Percent under age 5	33	16	19
Percent girls	53	52	50
Percent substantiated	29	16	16
Sexual abuse reports	13	11	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	3
Percent under age 5	15	18	11
Percent girls	100	91	89
Percent substantiated	15	36	0
Emotional abuse reports	11	1	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	0	1
Percent under age 5	36	100	0
Percent girls	82	0	33
Percent substantiated	0	100	0
Neglect/dependency reports	110	106	181
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	34	58
Percent under age 5	37	31	26
Percent girls	48	59	50
Percent substantiated	37	42	31

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	12	4	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	80	27	53
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	25	0	25
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	25	50	13
Percent crimes against property	25	50	50
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	25	0	13
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	75

Muhlenberg County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	9,572	8,058	7,206
Percent under age 5	27	24	26
White	8,976	7,634	6,761
Black or African American	555	390	305
Some other race	41	34	140
Hispanic*	67	21	79
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	76	70
With single mothers	9	13	15
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	7	6	8
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	119	70	83
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,675	4,559	3,799
Percent married couples	89	81	78
Percent single mothers	9	15	17
Percent single fathers	1	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,319	1,890	1,999
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	74	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	64	81	77
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	78	81
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	28	28
Percent mothers under age 20	22	19	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	34	32	25
Percent mothers not married	10	18	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	67	55	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	40	39	39
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	8	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	45	52	18
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	107	62	73

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Muhlenberg County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	48
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,284
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	18,546
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,880
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	61
June 2000	599
June 2001	606
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	214
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	223
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,311
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,395
Percent of students enrolled	46

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	10	165
Certified homes	1	3
Registered providers	21	52

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	80/85	80/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	73/85	80/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	70/80	70/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/125	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	45	41	38
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	82	110	116
Head Start	171	168	179

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	102	115	30
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	16	4
Percent under age 5	25	26	40
Percent girls	49	46	67
Percent substantiated	23	20	43
Sexual abuse reports	28	23	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	2
Percent under age 5	18	26	31
Percent girls	89	96	81
Percent substantiated	21	30	38
Emotional abuse reports	13	15	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	2	1
Percent under age 5	15	27	0
Percent girls	69	47	60
Percent substantiated	0	0	40
Neglect/dependency reports	306	314	98
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	42	44	14
Percent under age 5	46	45	40
Percent girls	51	51	48
Percent substantiated	13	22	23

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	29	28	14
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	86	83	41
Percent under age 13	0	0	7
Percent girls	7	32	0
Percent white	83	96	100
Percent black or African American	14	4	0
Percent other races	3	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	14	18	7
Percent crimes against property	55	32	43
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	29	14
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	79

Nelson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	9,299	8,641	10,372
Percent under age 5	26	25	27
White	8,634	7,986	9,440
Black or African American	652	615	684
Some other race	13	40	248
Hispanic*	54	54	157
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	76	69
With single mothers	11	14	17
With single fathers	1	4	6
With other relatives	5	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	4	3	5
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,227	4,637	5,298
Percent married couples	86	78	72
Percent single mothers	12	17	20
Percent single fathers	2	5	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,433	2,423	2,646
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	75	81	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	64	78	77
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	87	89	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	24	23
Percent mothers under age 20	17	15	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	22	18	17
Percent mothers not married	16	25	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	77	70	65
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	38	29
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	7	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	41	41	27
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	81	109	130

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Nelson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	16
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	64
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	22,162
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,468
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	71
June 2000	321
June 2001	410
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	225
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	141
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,404
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,665
Percent of students enrolled	41

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	19	287
Certified homes	2	8
Registered providers	28	61

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	80/80	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	76/85	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	77/112	72/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	71/112	70/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	55	68	61
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	90	103	122
Head Start	99	100	100

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	111	82	85
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	11	8	8
Percent under age 5	25	32	24
Percent girls	55	55	48
Percent substantiated	28	12	22
Sexual abuse reports	28	18	33
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	2	3
Percent under age 5	36	11	12
Percent girls	57	94	82
Percent substantiated	36	33	48
Emotional abuse reports	32	15	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	1	2
Percent under age 5	19	40	19
Percent girls	72	53	13
Percent substantiated	19	7	0
Neglect/dependency reports	133	118	160
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	11	15
Percent under age 5	42	47	34
Percent girls	49	53	57
Percent substantiated	31	31	38

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	65	26	42
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	140	56	90
Percent under age 13	8	0	12
Percent girls	20	8	29
Percent white	88	85	81
Percent black or African American	11	15	17
Percent other races	2	0	2
Percent crimes against persons	29	50	39
Percent crimes against property	20	19	28
Percent alcohol related crimes	5	0	3
Percent drug related crimes	2	8	3
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	38

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Nicholas County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,051	1,712	1,608
Percent under age 5	25	23	26
White	2,009	1,683	1,583
Black or African American	35	21	11
Some other race	7	8	14
Hispanic*	17	5	12
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	75	68
With single mothers	7	13	14
With single fathers	2	3	7
With other relatives	7	7	9
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	2	4	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,000	992	853
Percent married couples	87	79	75
Percent single mothers	11	17	16
Percent single fathers	3	5	9
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	478	425	472
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	63	75	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	55	72	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	10	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	10	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	83	87	84
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	29
Percent mothers under age 20	25	16	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	44	28	23
Percent mothers not married	12	20	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	59	67
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	48	29	41
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	2	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	0	15	33
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	161	40	45

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Nicholas County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	64
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	12
Per capita income, 1999	16,295
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	652
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	14
June 2000	92
June 2001	92
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	87
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	41
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	333
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	601
Percent of students enrolled	51

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	43
3rd grade math	47
6th grade reading	45
6th grade math	40
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	48
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	17	27

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	81/100	62/65
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/100	62/65
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/85	62/65
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	70/70	62/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	19	23	21
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	9	5	7
Head Start	51	53	54

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	11	20	23
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	12	14
Percent under age 5	9	20	17
Percent girls	36	20	57
Percent substantiated	45	15	30
Sexual abuse reports	9	2	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	1	1
Percent under age 5	0	0	100
Percent girls	100	100	0
Percent substantiated	67	50	0
Emotional abuse reports	6	6	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	0
Percent under age 5	0	0	—
Percent girls	0	50	—
Percent substantiated	50	50	—
Neglect/dependency reports	27	22	32
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	14	20
Percent under age 5	33	41	38
Percent girls	41	41	56
Percent substantiated	37	41	16

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	4	4	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	54	54	81
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	25	25	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	25	0
Percent crimes against property	75	75	17
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	67
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	0

Ohio County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,559	5,726	5,704
Percent under age 5	27	25	25
White	6,452	5,680	5,584
Black or African American	75	38	34
Some other race	32	28	86
Hispanic*	26	26	64
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	79	74
With single mothers	8	11	13
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	1	0	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,145	3,116	2,938
Percent married couples	90	83	79
Percent single mothers	9	13	15
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,533	1,338	1,359
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	77	81	90
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	77	82	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	93	93	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	31
Percent mothers under age 20	23	22	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	40	32	28
Percent mothers not married	10	18	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	66	59	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	43	43	40
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	8	7	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	51	45	18
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	137	88	121

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Ohio County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	24
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	60
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	16,514
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,253
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	68
June 2000	334
June 2001	405
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	107
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	161
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,184
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,101
Percent of students enrolled	50

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	51
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	9	196
Certified homes	1	4
Registered providers	23	61

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	90/100	—/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	82/100	—/65
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	77/80	—/65
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	77/80	—/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	50	51	61
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	74	75	65
Head Start	90	90	61

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	129	104	106
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	18	19
Percent under age 5	32	25	32
Percent girls	52	37	47
Percent substantiated	19	18	19
Sexual abuse reports	47	22	39
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	4	7
Percent under age 5	32	27	10
Percent girls	87	82	73
Percent substantiated	34	33	69
Emotional abuse reports	27	12	6
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	1
Percent under age 5	22	17	0
Percent girls	48	75	83
Percent substantiated	44	42	17
Neglect/dependency reports	285	284	244
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	50	50	43
Percent under age 5	42	36	32
Percent girls	52	58	48
Percent substantiated	24	25	22

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	25	18	19
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	92	66	70
Percent under age 13	17	6	11
Percent girls	24	22	26
Percent white	100	94	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	6	0
Percent crimes against persons	52	39	31
Percent crimes against property	20	28	31
Percent alcohol related crimes	8	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	12	0	13
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	58

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Oldham County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	8,949	9,529	12,644
Percent under age 5	23	23	24
White	8,678	9,216	11,959
Black or African American	230	226	266
Some other race	41	87	419
Hispanic*	72	77	227
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	84	83	83
With single mothers	7	10	9
With single fathers	2	2	3
With other relatives	5	4	4
With grandparents	NA	3	3
Number in group quarters	25	0	9
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,358	5,260	6,547
Percent married couples	89	85	85
Percent single mothers	9	12	11
Percent single fathers	3	3	4
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,851	2,085	2,530
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	85	90	94
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	74	84	89
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	5	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	90	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	21	14
Percent mothers under age 20	12	8	7
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	11	18
Percent mothers not high school graduates	17	12	10
Percent mothers not married	11	14	17
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	57	53	55
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	23	11	12
Median age of birth mothers	26	28	29
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	8	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	17	27	26
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	112	98	63

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Oldham County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	7
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	67
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.98
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.97
Annual income	42,172
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	30,564
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	994
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	22
June 2000	172
June 2001	216
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	8
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	56
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	390
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,131
Percent of students enrolled	13

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	64
3rd grade math	62
6th grade reading	63
6th grade math	64
9th grade reading	60
9th grade math	61

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	28	154
Certified homes	5	9
Registered providers	7	16

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	109/170	95/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	109/165	91/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	92/153	90/100
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	88/120	81/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	13	6	22
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	86	91	106
Head Start	72	72	72

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	205	154	148
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	16	12	12
Percent under age 5	19	29	15
Percent girls	40	43	47
Percent substantiated	43	31	24
Sexual abuse reports	34	27	21
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	2	2
Percent under age 5	35	15	10
Percent girls	85	67	86
Percent substantiated	35	59	24
Emotional abuse reports	60	26	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	2	2
Percent under age 5	15	12	12
Percent girls	40	68	50
Percent substantiated	47	58	23
Neglect/dependency reports	211	194	213
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	15	17
Percent under age 5	34	30	24
Percent girls	44	48	49
Percent substantiated	30	22	29

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	13	4	7
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	22	7	12
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent white	92	100	86
Percent black or African American	8	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	14
Percent crimes against persons	15	75	43
Percent crimes against property	46	0	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	15	0	14
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	57

Owen County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,617	2,410	2,694
Percent under age 5	28	23	24
White	2,566	2,369	2,606
Black or African American	45	35	15
Some other race	6	6	73
Hispanic*	33	3	32
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	77	71
With single mothers	7	12	12
With single fathers	2	3	8
With other relatives	7	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,247	1,282	1,368
Percent married couples	89	81	77
Percent single mothers	8	14	14
Percent single fathers	3	5	9
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	557	529	569
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	65	77	84
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	83	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	67	86	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	31
Percent mothers under age 20	24	18	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	37	31	23
Percent mothers not married	13	20	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	63	57	53
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	41	34	29
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	4	16
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	41	32	48
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	243	93	79

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Owen County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	62
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	17,721
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	815
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	24
June 2000	121
June 2001	162
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	33
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	512
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	866
Percent of students enrolled	44

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	6
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	51
3rd grade math	48
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	52
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	3
Certified homes	1	2
Registered providers	7	25

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	65/65	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	63/63	50/50
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	55/80	50/50
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	55/80	50/50

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	37	23	15
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	10	11	39
Head Start	33	31	32

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	26	33	39
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	10	12	14
Percent under age 5	27	24	21
Percent girls	58	52	67
Percent substantiated	40	33	24
Sexual abuse reports	10	10	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	4
Percent under age 5	20	10	27
Percent girls	60	60	64
Percent substantiated	29	63	0
Emotional abuse reports	8	11	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	4	1
Percent under age 5	38	45	33
Percent girls	63	55	67
Percent substantiated	50	33	0
Neglect/dependency reports	61	80	81
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	30	30
Percent under age 5	33	41	35
Percent girls	43	41	52
Percent substantiated	29	49	48

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	21	8	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	163	62	47
Percent under age 13	5	38	33
Percent girls	10	0	17
Percent white	86	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	14	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	24	63	20
Percent crimes against property	33	0	40
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	24	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	0

Owsley County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,851	1,336	1,194
Percent under age 5	25	24	22
White	1,849	1,330	1,180
Black or African American	0	5	2
Some other race	2	1	12
Hispanic*	16	2	4
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	70	63
With single mothers	8	15	20
With single fathers	2	6	5
With other relatives	9	8	11
With grandparents	NA	6	9
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	837	755	618
Percent married couples	88	75	71
Percent single mothers	9	17	22
Percent single fathers	2	8	7
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	410	319	326
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	58	71	77
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	41	64	65
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	6	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	5	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	85	85
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	45	45
Percent mothers under age 20	30	25	24
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	6	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	60	53	45
Percent mothers not married	14	24	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	69	59	66
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	77	49	75
Median age of birth mothers	22	22	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	19	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	28	0	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	152	209	109

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Owsley County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	37
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	23
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,570
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	13,663
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	962
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	32
June 2000	114
June 2001	128
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	169
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	69
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	703
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	988
Percent of students enrolled	93

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	92
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	46
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	44
9th grade math	36

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	25
Certified homes	3	12
Registered providers	10	20

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	—	83/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	—	83/90
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	—	80/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	—	78/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	4	4	3
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	4	4	1
Head Start	111	101	—

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	2	1	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	3
Percent under age 5	0	100	25
Percent girls	50	0	50
Percent substantiated	0	0	50
Sexual abuse reports	0	0	2
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	2
Percent under age 5	—	—	50
Percent girls	—	—	100
Percent substantiated	—	—	0
Emotional abuse reports	0	1	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	1	0
Percent under age 5	—	0	—
Percent girls	—	0	—
Percent substantiated	—	0	—
Neglect/dependency reports	10	14	27
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	12	23
Percent under age 5	0	57	33
Percent girls	70	21	26
Percent substantiated	20	21	33

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	5	2	6
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	85	34	102
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	50	17
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	0	0
Percent crimes against property	100	0	17
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	17
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	0

Pendleton County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,498	3,497	4,084
Percent under age 5	24	28	24
White	3,487	3,466	3,996
Black or African American	9	17	23
Some other race	2	14	65
Hispanic*	15	9	27
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	78	72
With single mothers	10	10	13
With single fathers	1	3	6
With other relatives	5	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	3
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,633	1,833	2,015
Percent married couples	88	83	78
Percent single mothers	11	13	14
Percent single fathers	1	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	797	929	896
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	85	85	88
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	57	82	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	92	87	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	33
Percent mothers under age 20	21	19	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	32	21	21
Percent mothers not married	11	18	30
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	68	69	57
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	41	42	31
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	11	10
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	23	22	56
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	72	66	57

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Pendleton County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	18
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of [illegible] payments collected)*	63
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.45
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.90
Annual income	35,676
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	18,327
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	954
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	23
June 2000	111
June 2001	149
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	73
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	54
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	582
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,279
Percent of students enrolled	42

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	1
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	46
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	19
Certified homes	3	14
Registered providers	6	13

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	68/75	80/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	68/75	78/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	68/75	73/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	68/75	74/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	28	32	34
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	82	87	85
Head Start	20	18	20

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	73	81	82
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	20	20
Percent under age 5	21	26	18
Percent girls	60	58	54
Percent substantiated	38	26	15
Sexual abuse reports	16	16	31
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	8
Percent under age 5	19	6	13
Percent girls	100	88	68
Percent substantiated	44	31	55
Emotional abuse reports	16	7	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	2	3
Percent under age 5	25	29	9
Percent girls	44	57	55
Percent substantiated	6	0	18
Neglect/dependency reports	176	205	173
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	43	50	42
Percent under age 5	26	31	30
Percent girls	49	57	58
Percent substantiated	30	35	26

Juvenile Justice

Committed youth	1998	1999	2000
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	9	10	28
Percent under age 13	47	53	147
Percent girls	25	0	0
Percent white	22	10	14
Percent black or African American	100	100	93
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	0	0	7
Percent crimes against property	22	40	27
Percent alcohol related crimes	67	40	27
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	19
Percent out of home placement	0	0	8
	NA	NA	43

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Perry County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	11,654	8,620	7,161
Percent under age 5	28	23	24
White	11,408	8,416	6,907
Black or African American	226	172	144
Some other race	20	32	110
Hispanic*	128	17	51
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	76	67
With single mothers	8	12	17
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	8	7	9
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	28	31	46
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	5,277	4,881	3,920
Percent married couples	88	80	74
Percent single mothers	10	16	20
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,991	2,468	2,145
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	69	81	86
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	56	78	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	9	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	84	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	36	31
Percent mothers under age 20	26	24	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	53	43	34
Percent mothers not married	14	22	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	78	67	65
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	60	48	42
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	6	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	40	48	26
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	114	105	18

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Perry County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	31
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	43
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.54
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.08
Annual income	36,058
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	18,191
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	4,534
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	141
June 2000	614
June 2001	739
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	798
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	335
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,032
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	3,792
Percent of students enrolled	64

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(fifties normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	48
9th grade reading	46
9th grade math	43

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	21	308
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	49	120

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	75/90	88/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	72/90	88/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	64/75	88/100
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	62/75	88/100

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	117	111	120
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	110	130	127
Head Start	152	118	134

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	295	206	191
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	41	29	27
Percent under age 5	28	29	24
Percent girls	45	48	49
Percent substantiated	23	16	27
Sexual abuse reports	116	86	47
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	16	12	7
Percent under age 5	31	30	21
Percent girls	82	89	68
Percent substantiated	28	41	13
Emotional abuse reports	42	22	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	3	2
Percent under age 5	24	18	19
Percent girls	57	45	75
Percent substantiated	29	5	0
Neglect/dependency reports	782	710	678
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	111	99	95
Percent under age 5	32	36	35
Percent girls	47	52	49
Percent substantiated	32	26	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	17	17
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	18	50	50
Percent under age 13	17	0	0
Percent girls	33	6	6
Percent white	100	94	94
Percent black or African American	0	6	0
Percent other races	0	0	6
Percent crimes against persons	50	29	20
Percent crimes against property	0	29	13
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	20
Percent drug related crimes	17	6	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	35

Pike County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	27,349	20,181	16,285
Percent under age 5	27	23	26
White	27,196	20,012	15,918
Black or African American	91	90	97
Some other race	62	79	270
Hispanic*	216	68	146
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	78	71
With single mothers	8	13	16
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	6	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	4	0	63
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	13,128	11,945	9,294
Percent married couples	89	82	77
Percent single mothers	9	15	18
Percent single fathers	2	3	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	6,179	5,065	4,392
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	68	77	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	50	73	89
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	8
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	83	92	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	32
Percent mothers under age 20	25	21	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	43	34	27
Percent mothers not married	9	18	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	66	57	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	50	37	36
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	9	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	40	37	34
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	109	124	86

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Pike County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	48
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.52
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.04
Annual income	35,964
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	19,105
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	8,223
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	268
June 2000	1,500
June 2001	1,584
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	944
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	543
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	4,879
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	7,406
Percent of students enrolled	63

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	49
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	13	574
Certified homes	3	4
Registered providers	93	258

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	87/100	100/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	84/90	100/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	84/90	100/100
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	84/90	100/100

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	55	48	26
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	40	28	31
Head Start	589	588	576

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	250	204	220
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	13	14
Percent under age 5	28	25	20
Percent girls	52	48	47
Percent substantiated	27	30	29
Sexual abuse reports	72	62	61
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	4
Percent under age 5	31	23	25
Percent girls	75	75	66
Percent substantiated	26	34	23
Emotional abuse reports	37	21	60
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	4
Percent under age 5	24	29	32
Percent girls	38	62	55
Percent substantiated	22	24	35
Neglect/dependency reports	756	760	822
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	46	47	50
Percent under age 5	37	33	36
Percent girls	47	52	52
Percent substantiated	32	28	30

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	22	22	15
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	29	29	20
Percent under age 13	0	5	0
Percent girls	45	14	0
Percent white	100	95	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	5	0
Percent crimes against persons	23	41	50
Percent crimes against property	45	32	21
Percent alcohol related crimes	5	5	7
Percent drug related crimes	5	14	7
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	67

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Powell County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,835	3,476	3,524
Percent under age 5	26	25	26
White	3,782	3,447	3,463
Black or African American	41	18	27
Some other race	12	11	34
Hispanic*	25	21	30
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	66
With single mothers	11	15	17
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	8	8	9
With grandparents	NA	6	7
Number in group quarters	1	0	16
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,765	1,905	1,820
Percent married couples	86	78	73
Percent single mothers	12	17	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	959	929	941
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	62	66	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	53	68	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	10	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	81	85	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	34	35
Percent mothers under age 20	24	22	22
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	3	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	51	40	35
Percent mothers not married	15	27	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	74	68	64
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	52	47	41
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	15	12
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	21	30	37
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	202	82	76

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Powell County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	27
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	60
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.31
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.62
Annual income	35,105
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	14,325
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,645
KCHIP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	
June 1999	62
June 2000	231
June 2001	231
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	108
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	86
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,062
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,548
Percent of students enrolled	58

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	93
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	53
3rd grade math	53
8th grade reading	49
8th grade math	50
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	51

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	75
Certified homes	3	11
Registered providers	8	23

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	83/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/85	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	75/75	73/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	65/85	55/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	16	17	13
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	15	14	15
Head Start	107	110	86

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	68	48	107
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	14	30
Percent under age 5	22	25	26
Percent girls	40	48	49
Percent substantiated	18	17	22
Sexual abuse reports	27	22	22
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	6	6
Percent under age 5	26	32	14
Percent girls	85	73	73
Percent substantiated	33	5	18
Emotional abuse reports	5	4	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	0
Percent under age 5	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	50	0
Percent substantiated	80	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	174	204	283
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	49	58	80
Percent under age 5	37	35	33
Percent girls	49	55	48
Percent substantiated	12	16	10

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	8	14	12
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	48	83	71
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	13	29	8
Percent white	100	93	100
Percent black or African American	0	7	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	50	36	33
Percent crimes against property	38	50	17
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	13	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	58

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Pulaski County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	13,335	12,217	13,156
Percent under age 5	25	25	25
White	13,134	11,976	12,728
Black or African American	158	166	168
Some other race	43	75	260
Hispanic*	117	64	142
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	76	69
With single mothers	10	14	17
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	125	70	82
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	6,619	7,049	7,087
Percent married couples	87	80	75
Percent single mothers	11	17	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	3,245	3,176	3,322
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	83	87	92
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	88	92	95
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	4	93	94
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	24	19
Percent mothers under age 20	22	19	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	5	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	37	28	27
Percent mothers not married	12	18	26
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	58	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	46	38	42
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	14	8	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	24	34	32
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	58	91	76

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Pulaski County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.33
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.66
Annual income	35,191
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	19,043
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,378
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	136
June 2000	768
June 2001	1,058
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	411
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	412
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,717
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	5,954
Percent of students enrolled	61

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(fifties normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	50
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	33	623
Certified homes	13	47
Registered providers	64	157

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	87/140	69/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	83/140	68/90
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	71/110	67/90
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	69/100	65/90

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	172	170	168
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	87	112	101
Head Start	112	23	118

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	191	307	302
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	23	23
Percent under age 5	29	26	28
Percent girls	56	49	49
Percent substantiated	21	20	25
Sexual abuse reports	47	100	70
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	8	5
Percent under age 5	21	17	29
Percent girls	72	66	70
Percent substantiated	36	16	31
Emotional abuse reports	28	19	32
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	1	2
Percent under age 5	21	5	19
Percent girls	54	37	59
Percent substantiated	36	11	19
Neglect/dependency reports	247	620	603
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	19	47	46
Percent under age 5	35	37	40
Percent girls	58	52	54
Percent substantiated	17	12	28

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	19	15	19
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	31	24	31
Percent under age 13	5	20	0
Percent girls	16	20	11
Percent white	95	93	89
Percent black or African American	5	7	11
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	32	40	47
Percent crimes against property	53	47	42
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	5
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	74

Robertson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	624	509	539
Percent under age 5	25	25	23
White	624	508	528
Black or African American	0	1	0
Some other race	0	0	11
Hispanic*	13	0	13
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	68
With single mothers	11	9	14
With single fathers	4	6	8
With other relatives	7	9	8
With grandparents	NA	7	8
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	312	281	269
Percent married couples	84	80	77
Percent single mothers	11	12	14
Percent single fathers	5	8	9
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	139	125	128
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	71	80
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	56	72	73
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	4	11
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	86	90
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	34	37
Percent mothers under age 20	21	16	18
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	9	6	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	29	30	26
Percent mothers not married	12	18	32
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	58	58	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	22	32	43
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	0	0	16
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	0	0	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	0	132	0

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Robertson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	22
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.30
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.60
Annual income	35,043
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	14,508
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	200
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	7
June 2000	23
June 2001	34
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	17
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	10
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	123
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	195
Percent of students enrolled	51

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	47
6th grade reading	58
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	5
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	—	—

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	95/100	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	95/100	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	90/90	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	85/90	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	2	—	—
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	8	1	—
Head Start	19	20	18

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	22	17	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	41	32	19
Percent under age 5	14	6	0
Percent girls	73	65	40
Percent substantiated	36	12	10
Sexual abuse reports	4	6	0
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	11	0
Percent under age 5	0	0	—
Percent girls	50	83	—
Percent substantiated	25	17	—
Emotional abuse reports	16	2	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	30	4	6
Percent under age 5	6	0	0
Percent girls	63	100	67
Percent substantiated	94	0	67
Neglect/dependency reports	37	27	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	69	50	46
Percent under age 5	32	30	36
Percent girls	57	63	48
Percent substantiated	14	22	52

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	1	0	0
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	49	0	0
Percent under age 13	0	—	—
Percent girls	0	—	—
Percent white	100	—	—
Percent black or African American	0	—	—
Percent other races	0	—	—
Percent crimes against persons	100	—	—
Percent crimes against property	0	—	—
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	—	—
Percent drug related crimes	0	—	—
Percent out of home placement	NA	—	—

Rockcastle County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,436	3,949	4,054
Percent under age 5	23	25	24
White	4,426	3,935	4,010
Black or African American	0	2	4
Some other race	10	12	40
Hispanic*	22	17	29
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	76	69
With single mothers	10	14	17
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	0	5	1
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,063	2,231	2,198
Percent married couples	88	80	75
Percent single mothers	11	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	959	973	918
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	73	78	85
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	63	78	83
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	41	90	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	31	30
Percent mothers under age 20	25	23	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	45	39	30
Percent mothers not married	12	18	24
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	65	58	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	46	46	38
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	9	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	60	80	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	15	99	54

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Rockcastle County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	28
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	50
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.30
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.60
Annual income	35,043
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	15,641
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,786
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	62
June 2000	278
June 2001	309
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	64
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	92
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,005
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,925
Percent of students enrolled	63

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	64
3rd grade math	63
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	48
9th grade math	44

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	3	35
Certified homes	1	6
Registered providers	39	76

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/85	73/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	96/107	73/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	84/102	73/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	66/102	73/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	50	46	43
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	16	17	28
Head Start	34	36	35

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	46	83	53
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	11	20	13
Percent under age 5	24	23	19
Percent girls	52	55	57
Percent substantiated	17	19	32
Sexual abuse reports	22	25	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	4
Percent under age 5	23	20	0
Percent girls	76	64	75
Percent substantiated	41	16	69
Emotional abuse reports	18	4	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	1
Percent under age 5	22	25	0
Percent girls	22	25	67
Percent substantiated	33	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	171	188	108
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	42	46	27
Percent under age 5	46	36	48
Percent girls	39	49	45
Percent substantiated	30	27	43

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	5	4	5
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	26	21	26
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	20	50	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	40	50	33
Percent crimes against property	40	0	67
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	25	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	80

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Rowan County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,885	4,198	4,475
Percent under age 5	26	28	27
White	4,838	4,116	4,295
Black or African American	22	43	43
Some other race	25	39	137
Hispanic*	34	25	55
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	73	70
With single mothers	13	17	17
With single fathers	1	2	5
With other relatives	6	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	75	39	74
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,421	2,408	2,416
Percent married couples	83	77	75
Percent single mothers	15	20	19
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,284	1,325	1,217
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	59	74	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	58	79	85
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	5	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	91	87	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	26
Percent mothers under age 20	18	14	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	7	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	27	21	19
Percent mothers not married	10	17	26
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	47	44	41
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	36	27	20
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	5	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	33	6	0
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	29	33	25

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Rowan County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	25
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.46
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.92
Annual income	35,731
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	15,883
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,769
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	51
June 2000	277
June 2001	310
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	141
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	124
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	924
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,512
Percent of students enrolled	50

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	16	244
Certified homes	3	18
Registered providers	13	42

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	77/85	63/65
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	74/85	63/65
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	67/75	63/65
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	63/75	63/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	37	45	25
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	65	59	80
Head Start	75	71	.

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	59	88	75
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	20	17
Percent under age 5	36	32	35
Percent girls	51	48	48
Percent substantiated	24	24	25
Sexual abuse reports	26	28	20
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	6	6	4
Percent under age 5	8	25	10
Percent girls	84	82	70
Percent substantiated	46	18	28
Emotional abuse reports	5	12	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	3	1
Percent under age 5	20	25	20
Percent girls	40	58	60
Percent substantiated	0	25	20
Neglect/dependency reports	256	332	356
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	57	74	80
Percent under age 5	43	29	32
Percent girls	51	49	54
Percent substantiated	37	26	39

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	10	8	10
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	51	41	51
Percent under age 13	20	0	0
Percent girls	30	25	0
Percent white	90	100	100
Percent black or African American	10	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	40	25	22
Percent crimes against property	30	50	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	20	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	10	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	80

Russell County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,842	3,476	3,675
Percent under age 5	22	25	24
White	3,807	3,452	3,602
Black or African American	31	19	25
Some other race	4	5	48
Hispanic*	28	16	28
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	76	67
With single mothers	9	14	17
With single fathers	2	3	6
With other relatives	8	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	5
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,899	2,067	2,014
Percent married couples	87	80	74
Percent single mothers	10	17	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	868	1,009	921
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	76	83	91
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	76	91	91
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	6	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	41	92	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	23	18
Percent mothers under age 20	24	19	21
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	40	35	29
Percent mothers not married	8	14	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	61	63	57
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	39	52	38
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	9	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	7	15	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	0	150	130

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Russell County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	29
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	56
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,082
Unemployment rate, 2000	8
Per capita income, 1999	16,406
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,821
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	66
June 2000	285
June 2001	348
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	88
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	114
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	914
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,556
Percent of students enrolled	56

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	5
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	60
3rd grade math	61
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	111
Certified homes	7	39
Registered providers	28	76

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	92/95	78/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/95	78/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	72/80	76/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/75	76/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	40	22	25
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	20	32	18
Head Start	48	40	40

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	59	109	96
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	16	30	26
Percent under age 5	34	29	14
Percent girls	64	51	40
Percent substantiated	24	28	26
Sexual abuse reports	10	27	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	7	7
Percent under age 5	10	33	24
Percent girls	70	78	84
Percent substantiated	60	30	44
Emotional abuse reports	14	3	2
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	1
Percent under age 5	21	33	100
Percent girls	64	67	50
Percent substantiated	43	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	164	137	192
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	45	37	52
Percent under age 5	41	31	30
Percent girls	58	58	57
Percent substantiated	34	23	38

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	20	32
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	40	114	183
Percent under age 13	14	10	0
Percent girls	29	10	6
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	14	15	13
Percent crimes against property	14	30	50
Percent alcohol related crimes	29	0	8
Percent drug related crimes	14	10	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	34

Scott County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,490	6,394	8,685
Percent under age 5	27	25	29
White	6,041	5,898	7,846
Black or African American	430	440	475
Some other race	19	56	364
Hispanic*	34	36	193
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	75	72
With single mothers	11	15	17
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	5	5
With grandparents	NA	4	4
Number in group quarters	10	11	11
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,218	3,596	4,658
Percent married couples	86	78	74
Percent single mothers	12	18	20
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,661	1,738	2,189
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	68	75	74
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	64	76	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	8	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	81	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	21
Percent mothers under age 20	18	16	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	6	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	33	27	21
Percent mothers not married	15	22	25
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	64	58	54
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	44	35	34
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	8	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	36	35	18
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	73	49	47

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Scott County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	14
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	56
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.56
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.12
Annual income	40,403
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	25,514
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,979
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	55
June 2000	285
June 2001	344
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	74
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	114
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	995
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,714
Percent of students enrolled	29

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	56
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	24	167
Certified homes	6	23
Registered providers	29	54

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	94/110	85/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	91/105	82/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	86/100	81/100
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	77/95	82/100

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	83	63	68
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	85	94	116
Head Start	35	48	58

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	153	148	137
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	17	16
Percent under age 5	20	16	31
Percent girls	47	54	43
Percent substantiated	38	33	31
Sexual abuse reports	59	42	38
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	5	4
Percent under age 5	17	19	39
Percent girls	64	67	79
Percent substantiated	35	46	39
Emotional abuse reports	43	13	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	1	1
Percent under age 5	21	8	45
Percent girls	49	62	64
Percent substantiated	51	55	27
Neglect/dependency reports	301	357	378
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	41	44
Percent under age 5	43	40	39
Percent girls	48	45	51
Percent substantiated	47	33	35

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	25	20	35
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	69	55	97
Percent under age 13	12	5	9
Percent girls	12	15	6
Percent white	68	90	69
Percent black or African American	28	10	23
Percent other races	4	0	9
Percent crimes against persons	44	20	29
Percent crimes against property	32	45	39
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	6
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	34

Shelby County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	6,750	6,270	8,391
Percent under age 5	24	26	27
White	5,877	5,524	7,063
Black or African American	861	685	793
Some other race	12	61	535
Hispanic*	38	33	409
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	74	70
With single mothers	10	14	15
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	8	8	7
With grandparents	NA	6	6
Number in group quarters	126	66	133
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,279	3,577	4,201
Percent married couples	88	79	76
Percent single mothers	11	18	18
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,628	1,724	2,047
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	79	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	69	78	81
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	5	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	12
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	75	83	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	22
Percent mothers under age 20	20	15	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	11
Percent mothers not high school graduates	30	22	20
Percent mothers not married	16	25	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	61	59	54
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	35	31	25
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	27
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	10	8	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	16	17	25
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	50	85	66

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Shelby County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	15
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.19
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.38
Annual income	34,603
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	27,251
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,528
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	18
June 2000	180
June 2001	313
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	97
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	85
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	666
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,704
Percent of students enrolled	32

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	51
8th grade reading	53
8th grade math	51
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	13	140
Certified homes	7	34
Registered providers	25	61

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	74/90	83/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	74/90	81/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	72/81	76/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	68/81	73/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	58	59	62
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	34	36	31
Head Start	65	66	65

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	125	115	192
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	15	14	23
Percent under age 5	18	28	24
Percent girls	46	54	54
Percent substantiated	35	33	31
Sexual abuse reports	24	40	39
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	5	5
Percent under age 5	25	13	15
Percent girls	83	78	69
Percent substantiated	50	38	56
Emotional abuse reports	31	16	12
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	2	1
Percent under age 5	29	31	0
Percent girls	39	38	67
Percent substantiated	26	6	8
Neglect/dependency reports	260	245	337
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	31	29	40
Percent under age 5	38	39	36
Percent girls	51	51	49
Percent substantiated	38	32	34

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	19	22	21
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	50	58	55
Percent under age 13	11	0	0
Percent girls	16	9	19
Percent white	74	86	81
Percent black or African American	26	14	14
Percent other races	0	0	5
Percent crimes against persons	16	18	40
Percent crimes against property	21	32	35
Percent alcohol related crimes	11	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	21	32	10
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	57

Simpson County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,449	4,034	4,305
Percent under age 5	27	27	29
White	3,804	3,479	3,708
Black or African American	623	527	472
Some other race	22	28	125
Hispanic*	35	16	50
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	72	72	67
With single mothers	15	17	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	8	7	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,122	2,275	2,168
Percent married couples	80	75	73
Percent single mothers	18	20	21
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,073	1,113	1,115
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	74	69	75
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	70	70	73
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	8	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	67	91	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	29	25
Percent mothers under age 20	26	20	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	5	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	34	31	24
Percent mothers not married	19	25	32
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	67	65	65
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	55	53	48
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	13	9
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	30	6	30
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	30	36	74

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Simpson County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	17
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,545
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	19,862
Medicaid *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	1,038
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	15
June 2000	113
June 2001	164
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	63
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	56
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	502
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,061
Percent of students enrolled	36

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	58
6th grade reading	53
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	49

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	10	157
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	5	8

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/75	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	69/75	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	66/75	—
School age *(ages 5 or 1 up)*	65/70	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	28	26	29
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	54	52	54
Head Start	37	39	33

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	101	68	55
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	23	16	13
Percent under age 5	25	18	24
Percent girls	57	47	48
Percent substantiated	39	29	43
Sexual abuse reports	33	23	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	5	4
Percent under age 5	15	22	6
Percent girls	81	74	71
Percent substantiated	24	17	47
Emotional abuse reports	61	17	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	14	4	2
Percent under age 5	39	18	11
Percent girls	42	59	78
Percent substantiated	20	13	11
Neglect/dependency reports	202	123	98
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	47	29	23
Percent under age 5	35	32	36
Percent girls	55	48	55
Percent substantiated	34	42	43

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	10	34
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	32	53	180
Percent under age 13	17	10	3
Percent girls	0	0	18
Percent white	83	90	91
Percent black or African American	17	10	9
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	17	60	39
Percent crimes against property	17	10	16
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	17	10	6
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	41

Spencer County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,828	1,831	3,171
Percent under age 5	24	25	27
White	1,802	1,810	3,092
Black or African American	26	14	22
Some other race	0	7	57
Hispanic*	3	4	44
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	79	78
With single mothers	8	10	10
With single fathers	2	3	4
With other relatives	9	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	6
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	890	1,004	1,632
Percent married couples	89	84	83
Percent single mothers	9	12	12
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	402	486	704
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	81	83	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	68	81	82
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	10	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	84	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	24
Percent mothers under age 20	22	18	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	6	7
Percent mothers not high school graduates	36	28	16
Percent mothers not married	11	19	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	62	63	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	44	45	22
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	2	10	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	87	14	8
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	187	40	125

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Spencer County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	15
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	56
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	16,919
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	549
KCHIP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	
June 1999	14
June 2000	81
June 2001	138
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	9
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	20
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	283
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	707
Percent of students enrolled	33

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	7
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	51
3rd grade math	53
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	48
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	42
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	2	10

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	90/95	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	87/90	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	80/85	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	67/80	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	23	37	28
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	76	71	82
Head Start	19	16	20

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	3	8	33
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	3	10
Percent under age 5	67	25	15
Percent girls	67	50	33
Percent substantiated	0	25	21
Sexual abuse reports	2	1	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	0	1
Percent under age 5	0	100	0
Percent girls	100	100	100
Percent substantiated	50	0	75
Emotional abuse reports	0	0	1
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	0
Percent under age 5	—	—	0
Percent girls	—	—	0
Percent substantiated	—	—	0
Neglect/dependency reports	1	9	18
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	3	6
Percent under age 5	100	33	33
Percent girls	100	22	31
Percent substantiated	100	11	22

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	4	7	3
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	29	51	22
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	25	0	0
Percent white	100	100	67
Percent black or African American	0	0	33
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	25	43	67
Percent crimes against property	75	29	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

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Taylor County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,901	5,248	5,365
Percent under age 5	26	26	26
White	5,534	4,935	4,950
Black or African American	351	299	303
Some other race	16	14	112
Hispanic*	42	7	68
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	81	78	68
With single mothers	11	14	19
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	3	5
Number in group quarters	5	1	2
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	3,108	3,051	2,852
Percent married couples	86	80	72
Percent single mothers	12	17	22
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,489	1,414	1,404
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	84	84	87
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	75	85	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	6
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	92	86	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	29
Percent mothers under age 20	19	17	17
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	28	25	26
Percent mothers not married	9	18	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	61	60	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	39	33
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	11	6	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	14	29	24
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	89	105	56

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Taylor County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	23
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	51
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.33
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.66
Annual income	35,198
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	16,965
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,974
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	52
June 2000	319
June 2001	416
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	105
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	175
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	922
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,683
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	54
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	56
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	50

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	15	172
Certified homes	2	8
Registered providers	26	62

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	78/90	50/50
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	74/90	50/50
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	71/90	50/50
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	64/90	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	31	45	34
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	60	58	52
Head Start	109	110	103

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	72	98	108
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	13	18	20
Percent under age 5	32	23	19
Percent girls	38	49	52
Percent substantiated	24	14	23
Sexual abuse reports	14	35	28
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	7	5
Percent under age 5	14	11	32
Percent girls	79	71	57
Percent substantiated	29	23	32
Emotional abuse reports	39	33	23
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	6	4
Percent under age 5	18	36	13
Percent girls	44	67	57
Percent substantiated	18	0	9
Neglect/dependency reports	187	286	277
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	35	50	52
Percent under age 5	39	33	32
Percent girls	52	59	49
Percent substantiated	26	28	32

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	13	12	27
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	52	48	107
Percent under age 13	8	17	4
Percent girls	0	33	4
Percent white	85	67	78
Percent black or African American	15	33	7
Percent other races	0	0	15
Percent crimes against persons	31	25	55
Percent crimes against property	54	42	18
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	5
Percent drug related crimes	0	17	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	52

Todd County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,476	2,877	3,183
Percent under age 5	25	26	28
White	2,938	2,480	2,793
Black or African American	523	377	311
Some other race	15	20	79
Hispanic*	35	26	78
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	77	75	71
With single mothers	10	14	16
With single fathers	2	2	4
With other relatives	9	7	8
With grandparents	NA	6	6
Number in group quarters	8	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,595	1,564	1,529
Percent married couples	87	80	76
Percent single mothers	11	16	19
Percent single fathers	2	4	5
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	821	772	812
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	57	68	76
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	59	60	65
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	9	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	83	85	86
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	23	26
Percent mothers under age 20	22	16	14
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	9
Percent mothers not high school graduates	44	42	36
Percent mothers not married	13	23	21
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	68	66	66
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	36	45	33
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	7	6	5
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	69	36	24
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	75	148	73

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Todd County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	22
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	54
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,291
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	18,496
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,044
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	29
June 2000	160
June 2001	220
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	63
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	43
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	520
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,038
Percent of students enrolled	49

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	51
8th grade reading	49
8th grade math	48
9th grade reading	44
9th grade math	43

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	58
Certified homes	1	6
Registered providers	12	27

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/75	80/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	73/80	70/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	72/80	68/70
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	40/80	65/65

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	21	22	11
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	152	150	145
Head Start	17	17	16

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	4	5	94
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	30
Percent under age 5	0	20	23
Percent girls	25	80	51
Percent substantiated	50	20	28
Sexual abuse reports	2	1	23
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	0	7
Percent under age 5	50	0	35
Percent girls	100	100	78
Percent substantiated	50	0	43
Emotional abuse reports	1	0	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	0	0	5
Percent under age 5	100	—	31
Percent girls	100	—	67
Percent substantiated	0	—	0
Neglect/dependency reports	8	20	371
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	6	117
Percent under age 5	63	40	39
Percent girls	38	55	54
Percent substantiated	50	70	17

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	2	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	58	14	57
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	29	0	0
Percent white	71	50	88
Percent black or African American	14	50	13
Percent other races	14	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	43	0	43
Percent crimes against property	43	0	14
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	29
Percent drug related crimes	14	100	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	50

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Trigg County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,576	2,357	2,886
Percent under age 5	24	25	26
White	2,136	1,948	2,427
Black or African American	431	393	363
Some other race	9	16	96
Hispanic*	24	9	42
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	75	72
With single mothers	10	13	15
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	7	6
With grandparents	NA	6	5
Number in group quarters	3	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,224	1,353	1,516
Percent married couples	88	79	76
Percent single mothers	10	17	17
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	574	578	686
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	65	70	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	69	71	75
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	8	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	88	85	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	22
Percent mothers under age 20	20	18	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	6	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	30	24	21
Percent mothers not married	19	23	29
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	63	58	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	34	43
Median age of birth mothers	24	24	24
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	7	7	3
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	62	22	44
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	104	83	142

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Trigg County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	63
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,265
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	17,447
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	745
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	18
June 2000	116
June 2001	142
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	14
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	47
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	316
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	982
Percent of students enrolled	48

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	55
6th grade math	53
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	6	41
Certified homes	2	4
Registered providers	4	15

Average/highest weekly rates ($$) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/85	68/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	70/85	68/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	66/80	55/60
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	66/80	50/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	16	18	18
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	30	35	53
Head Start	41	40	39

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	6	26	56
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	9	19
Percent under age 5	17	27	23
Percent girls	50	54	54
Percent substantiated	83	19	23
Sexual abuse reports	3	4	16
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	1	6
Percent under age 5	33	25	13
Percent girls	33	100	69
Percent substantiated	33	25	25
Emotional abuse reports	3	14	18
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	5	6
Percent under age 5	33	0	11
Percent girls	0	77	39
Percent substantiated	67	0	22
Neglect/dependency reports	22	73	112
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	25	39
Percent under age 5	27	34	29
Percent girls	50	46	51
Percent substantiated	95	37	44

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	7	10	15
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	53	76	113
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	20	27
Percent white	43	80	73
Percent black or African American	57	20	27
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	43	30	36
Percent crimes against property	43	20	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	10	14
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	7

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Trimble County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	1,901	1,610	2,145
Percent under age 5	25	27	26
White	1,899	1,598	2,082
Black or African American	0	0	7
Some other race	2	12	56
Hispanic*	13	12	40
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	86	81	72
With single mothers	6	9	13
With single fathers	1	3	6
With other relatives	5	6	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	0	0	0
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	942	915	1,110
Percent married couples	91	85	78
Percent single mothers	8	11	15
Percent single fathers	2	4	7
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	404	389	438
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	69	75	90
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	64	80	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	11	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	13
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	47	85	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	30	27
Percent mothers under age 20	20	16	11
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	2	2	6
Percent mothers not high school graduates	31	24	20
Percent mothers not married	9	17	19
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	59	57	50
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	32	29	12
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	5	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	68	33	35
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	37	87	37

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Trimble County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	19
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	58
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.15
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.30
Annual income	34,417
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1998	15,210
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	597
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	7
June 2000	89
June 2001	143
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	20
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	27
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	276
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	720
Percent of students enrolled	45

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(the normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	46
9th grade reading	54
9th grade math	54

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	1
Certified homes	1	7
Registered providers	3	7

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	80/80	75/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	80/80	73/85
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	80/80	72/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	80/80	70/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	—	—	—
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	—	—	—
Head Start	73	70	81

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	52	29	46
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	14	21
Percent under age 5	21	34	22
Percent girls	62	48	57
Percent substantiated	37	21	33
Sexual abuse reports	6	16	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	3	7	12
Percent under age 5	0	13	31
Percent girls	100	63	65
Percent substantiated	33	38	58
Emotional abuse reports	5	8	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	2	4	2
Percent under age 5	0	0	0
Percent girls	80	75	100
Percent substantiated	100	13	0
Neglect/dependency reports	84	51	61
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	39	24	28
Percent under age 5	38	39	34
Percent girls	48	57	54
Percent substantiated	38	41	20

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	6	4	1
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	61	41	10
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	0	50	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	17	0	0
Percent crimes against property	67	0	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Union County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,685	4,713	3,957
Percent under age 5	24	21	25
White	4,522	3,877	3,241
Black or African American	1,134	804	598
Some other race	29	32	118
Hispanic*	68	48	85
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	70	67	61
With single mothers	9	14	17
With single fathers	1	3	4
With other relatives	6	5	8
With grandparents	NA	4	7
Number in group quarters	744	458	318
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,372	2,311	1,832
Percent married couples	86	78	74
Percent single mothers	12	18	21
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,345	964	920
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	72	71	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	74	77	63
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	7	10
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	89	90	91
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	10	15
Percent mothers under age 20	21	19	19
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	3	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	26	22	20
Percent mothers not married	15	26	35
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	69	53	57
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	34	26	31
Median age of birth mothers	23	24	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	8	4	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	48	48	36
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	40	60	33

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Union County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	17
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	64
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.54
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.08
Annual income	36,067
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	17,948
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,341
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	23
June 2000	147
June 2001	335
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	91
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	83
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	589
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,208
Percent of students enrolled	48

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	5
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	50
6th grade math	47
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	48

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	8	69
Certified homes	1	—
Registered providers	6	15

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/90	—
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	85/90	—
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	63/75	—
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	57/70	—

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	41	57	57
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	45	49	44
Head Start	85	87	90

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	73	35	90
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	9	23
Percent under age 5	37	17	36
Percent girls	56	60	53
Percent substantiated	15	23	21
Sexual abuse reports	14	10	18
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	5
Percent under age 5	29	30	11
Percent girls	79	70	67
Percent substantiated	36	30	17
Emotional abuse reports	16	1	4
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	0	1
Percent under age 5	13	0	0
Percent girls	75	0	100
Percent substantiated	6	0	0
Neglect/dependency reports	145	96	196
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	37	24	47
Percent under age 5	32	36	44
Percent girls	55	59	58
Percent substantiated	25	15	37

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	38	14	18
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	188	69	89
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	16	0	11
Percent white	61	71	67
Percent black or African American	39	14	33
Percent other races	0	14	0
Percent crimes against persons	34	43	18
Percent crimes against property	39	0	29
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	16	36	12
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	67

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Warren County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	18,744	18,641	21,398
Percent under age 5	28	26	28
White	16,813	16,396	17,774
Black or African American	1,789	1,961	2,281
Some other race	142	282	1,343
Hispanic*	143	113	744
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	76	72	66
With single mothers	14	17	19
With single fathers	2	3	5
With other relatives	7	6	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	101	97	164
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	9,479	10,545	11,107
Percent married couples	83	76	72
Percent single mothers	15	20	22
Percent single fathers	2	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	5,624	5,494	5,981
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	64	74	80
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	67	77	78
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	14
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	52	90	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	26	21
Percent mothers under age 20	16	16	16
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	6	9
Percent mothers not high school graduates	27	23	20
Percent mothers not married	14	24	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	58	53	52
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	40	40	37
Median age of birth mothers	24	25	25
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	12	7	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	45	33	29
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	61	31	34

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Warren County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	20
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	48
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.70
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	17.40
Annual income	36,753
Unemployment rate, 2000	3
Per capita income, 1999	24,401
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	6,906
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	163
June 2000	843
June 2001	1,164
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	682
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	424
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	3,985
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	6,073
Percent of students enrolled	42

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	55
3rd grade math	57
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	54
9th grade reading	53
9th grade math	52

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	58	892
Certified homes	1	5
Registered providers	53	127

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	91/142	83/90
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	84/112	77/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	78/102	75/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	72/102	75/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	176	156	197
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	119	121	130
Head Start	270	292	296

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	642	600	482
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	30	28	23
Percent under age 5	26	29	25
Percent girls	45	43	44
Percent substantiated	29	27	25
Sexual abuse reports	104	105	97
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	5	5
Percent under age 5	21	20	26
Percent girls	80	72	75
Percent substantiated	34	28	27
Emotional abuse reports	199	173	134
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	9	8	6
Percent under age 5	27	18	12
Percent girls	49	55	53
Percent substantiated	24	8	7
Neglect/dependency reports	1,134	1,024	943
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	53	48	44
Percent under age 5	39	38	35
Percent girls	50	50	48
Percent substantiated	35	27	27

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	26	21	110
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	27	22	116
Percent under age 13	4	5	3
Percent girls	12	10	11
Percent white	58	52	61
Percent black or African American	38	33	33
Percent other races	4	14	6
Percent crimes against persons	38	57	33
Percent crimes against property	58	24	38
Percent alcohol related crimes	4	0	2
Percent drug related crimes	4	14	9
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	34

Washington County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	3,361	2,817	2,757
Percent under age 5	25	26	23
White	2,899	2,512	2,434
Black or African American	454	293	228
Some other race	8	12	95
Hispanic*	34	18	72
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	83	78	70
With single mothers	9	12	15
With single fathers	2	2	5
With other relatives	5	7	8
With grandparents	NA	6	5
Number in group quarters	0	1	64
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,511	1,519	1,365
Percent married couples	88	82	77
Percent single mothers	10	15	17
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	737	646	649
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	79	80	82
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	63	75	76
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	8	5	6
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	6	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	90	89	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	18	20
Percent mothers under age 20	20	13	13
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	8	8
Percent mothers not high school graduates	28	22	22
Percent mothers not married	15	19	27
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	65	57	58
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	33	24	26
Median age of birth mothers	23	26	26
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	5	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	57	73	38
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	36	103	94

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Washington County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	18
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	62
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.35
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.70
Annual income	35,284
Unemployment rate, 2000	4
Per capita income, 1999	20,075
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	748
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	10
June 2000	127
June 2001	151
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	32
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	49
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	292
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	778
Percent of students enrolled	43

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	1
Average daily attendance rate	96
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	49
3rd grade math	47
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	43
9th grade reading	47
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	5	39
Certified homes	1	3
Registered providers	12	28

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	75/90	63/70
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	74/90	60/60
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	73/90	60/60
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/90	60/60

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	30	11	13
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	14	13	14
Head Start	60	60	58

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	45	33	30
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	16	12	11
Percent under age 5	38	33	10
Percent girls	56	45	47
Percent substantiated	38	27	17
Sexual abuse reports	4	6	7
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	3
Percent under age 5	75	17	14
Percent girls	50	67	57
Percent substantiated	0	67	29
Emotional abuse reports	12	4	3
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	1	1
Percent under age 5	58	25	0
Percent girls	33	50	33
Percent substantiated	67	0	100
Neglect/dependency reports	66	57	60
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	24	21	22
Percent under age 5	62	32	43
Percent girls	48	53	53
Percent substantiated	55	23	31

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	5	7	3
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	37	52	22
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	40	0	0
Percent white	80	100	100
Percent black or African American	20	0	0
Percent other races	20	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	40	14	100
Percent crimes against property	60	43	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	14	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	67

Wayne County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,306	4,717	5,049
Percent under age 5	26	24	26
White	5,153	4,616	4,906
Black or African American	139	87	88
Some other race	14	14	95
Hispanic*	39	14	77
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	79	76	71
With single mothers	12	13	15
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	6	5	6
With grandparents	NA	4	5
Number in group quarters	43	29	37
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,503	2,004	2,646
Percent married couples	86	80	76
Percent single mothers	13	16	18
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,252	1,201	1,245
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	74	82	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	73	91	92
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	5	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	28	93	93
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	25	19
Percent mothers under age 20	22	27	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	45	41	32
Percent mothers not married	10	17	23
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	69	63	61
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	46	55	41
Median age of birth mothers	23	22	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	9	9	12
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	25	11	31
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	75	85	56

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Wayne County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	33
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	54
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.07
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.14
Annual income	34,082
Unemployment rate, 2000	6
Per capita income, 1999	14,839
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	2,615
KCHIP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	
June 1999	90
June 2000	425
June 2001	516
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	198
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	171
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,400
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	2,536
Percent of students enrolled	70

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Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	4
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	4
CTBS scores *(fifth percentile norm equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	52
3rd grade math	83
6th grade reading	52
6th grade math	50
9th grade reading	51
9th grade math	44

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	11	216
Certified homes	14	49
Registered providers	45	132

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	85/95	58/80
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	85/95	58/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	71/90	58/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	67/90	57/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	56	56	67
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	61	69	56
Head Start	127	148	139

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	100	85	139
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	22	17	28
Percent under age 5	28	31	24
Percent girls	57	49	48
Percent substantiated	28	26	21
Sexual abuse reports	22	22	25
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	5
Percent under age 5	27	5	24
Percent girls	73	64	72
Percent substantiated	27	9	16
Emotional abuse reports	39	15	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	8	3	2
Percent under age 5	21	33	33
Percent girls	51	60	25
Percent substantiated	31	7	0
Neglect/dependency reports	222	238	276
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	44	47	55
Percent under age 5	32	33	34
Percent girls	50	50	54
Percent substantiated	31	20	17

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	11	12	7
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	46	50	29
Percent under age 13	0	0	0
Percent girls	27	0	0
Percent white	100	92	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	8	0
Percent crimes against persons	36	17	29
Percent crimes against property	64	17	60
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	8	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Webster County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	4,265	3,866	3,406
Percent under age 5	26	24	25
White	3,961	3,406	3,142
Black or African American	295	224	181
Some other race	9	36	83
Hispanic*	18	11	70
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	82	76	69
With single mothers	8	14	16
With single fathers	1	2	4
With other relatives	6	6	8
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	0	10	11
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,087	2,054	1,775
Percent married couples	90	80	76
Percent single mothers	9	16	18
Percent single fathers	1	4	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,182	921	826
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	70	68	78
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	63	59	52
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	9	8	9
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	11
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	86	87	89
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	23	22
Percent mothers under age 20	23	20	22
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	2	3	4
Percent mothers not high school graduates	33	29	28
Percent mothers not married	11	22	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	77	63	56
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	44	42	39
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	16	5	6
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	74	21	31
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	64	78	20

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Webster County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	21
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	57
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.39
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.78
Annual income	35,444
Unemployment rate, 2000	7
Per capita income, 1999	22,417
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,076
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	19
June 2000	163
June 2001	185
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	130
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	95
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	568
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,143
Percent of students enrolled	46

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	2
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	51
3rd grade math	52
6th grade reading	47
6th grade math	45
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	47

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	4	21
Certified homes	1	6
Registered providers	3	11

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	70/70	75/75
Toddlers *(ages 1–2)*	65/70	75/75
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	65/70	75/75
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	51/60	75/75

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	47	49	40
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	48	40	44
Head Start	41	42	26

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	61	83	48
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	18	24	14
Percent under age 5	34	25	13
Percent girls	48	45	60
Percent substantiated	23	17	13
Sexual abuse reports	13	13	11
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	4	3
Percent under age 5	46	54	18
Percent girls	77	77	91
Percent substantiated	15	38	27
Emotional abuse reports	5	11	10
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	3	3
Percent under age 5	20	18	30
Percent girls	20	55	90
Percent substantiated	20	36	30
Neglect/dependency reports	146	194	119
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	43	57	35
Percent under age 5	34	42	45
Percent girls	54	49	48
Percent substantiated	14	13	32

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	9	10	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	57	63	51
Percent under age 13	0	10	0
Percent girls	11	10	25
Percent white	89	90	75
Percent black or African American	11	10	25
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	22	40	13
Percent crimes against property	56	50	0
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	25
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	63

Whitley County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	10,282	9,050	9,245
Percent under age 5	26	25	25
White	10,208	9,004	9,071
Black or African American	51	20	16
Some other race	23	26	158
Hispanic*	64	32	85
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	78	71	67
With single mothers	12	18	18
With single fathers	1	3	5
With other relatives	7	7	8
With grandparents	NA	5	7
Number in group quarters	9	10	21
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	4,736	5,005	4,640
Percent married couples	85	75	73
Percent single mothers	13	22	22
Percent single fathers	2	3	6
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	2,649	2,552	2,323
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	60	70	79
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	52	80	86
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	8
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	7	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	70	77	83
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	33	35
Percent mothers under age 20	25	22	20
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	4	4	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	45	41	34
Percent mothers not married	12	22	28
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	70	66	59
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	56	51	40
Median age of birth mothers	23	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	15	11	7
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	51	72	28
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	60	93	70

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Whitley County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	32
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	40
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,582
Unemployment rate, 2000	5
Per capita income, 1999	16,589
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	5,179
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	169
June 2000	683
June 2001	855
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	370
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	383
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	3,318
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	4,892
Percent of students enrolled	63

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	2
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	57
3rd grade math	55
6th grade reading	54
6th grade math	51
9th grade reading	49
9th grade math	46

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	20	345
Certified homes	20	88
Registered providers	92	301

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed centers & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	98/150	79/85
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	93/140	77/80
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	81/130	74/80
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	73/80	74/80

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	94	87	75
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	80	58	67
Head Start	151	151	156

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	153	130	177
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	14	19
Percent under age 5	31	23	20
Percent girls	44	43	49
Percent substantiated	27	30	34
Sexual abuse reports	43	60	48
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	6	5
Percent under age 5	40	15	6
Percent girls	85	67	72
Percent substantiated	35	13	33
Emotional abuse reports	9	20	17
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	1	2	2
Percent under age 5	11	30	0
Percent girls	56	45	41
Percent substantiated	22	25	6
Neglect/dependency reports	373	479	553
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	40	52	60
Percent under age 5	33	32	27
Percent girls	51	53	54
Percent substantiated	37	26	27

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	18	10	8
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	42	23	19
Percent under age 13	6	0	0
Percent girls	28	30	13
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	39	60	38
Percent crimes against property	44	10	13
Percent alcohol related crimes	11	10	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	13
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	100

Wolfe County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	2,179	1,877	1,831
Percent under age 5	28	22	26
White	2,177	1,870	1,801
Black or African American	0	6	14
Some other race	2	1	16
Hispanic*	24	0	9
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	74	70	63
With single mothers	14	18	17
With single fathers	1	4	8
With other relatives	6	5	7
With grandparents	NA	5	6
Number in group quarters	75	23	46
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	1,013	1,027	946
Percent married couples	84	75	70
Percent single mothers	15	20	21
Percent single fathers	2	5	10
	1980–84	1988–92	1995–99
BIRTHS			
All live births	668	488	510
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	57	85	81
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	46	73	74
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	6	7	7
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	10
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	82	85	88
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	44	35
Percent mothers under age 20	28	24	26
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	5	5
Percent mothers not high school graduates	52	43	39
Percent mothers not married	15	23	31
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	92	66	68
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	73	55	64
Median age of birth mothers	22	23	23
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	13	8	8
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	125	41	42
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	86	151	114

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Wolfe County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	32
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	60
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	8.42
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	16.84
Annual income	35,563
Unemployment rate, 2000	9
Per capita income, 1999	13,575
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	1,231
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	40
June 2000	164
June 2001	165
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	68
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	138
Food stamps *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	861
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	1,149
Percent of students enrolled	84

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	94
Retention rate	1
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	**2001**
3rd grade reading	56
3rd grade math	51
6th grade reading	49
6th grade math	45
9th grade reading	45
9th grade math	38

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	2	21
Certified homes	2	6
Registered providers	8	20

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	165/165	83/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	153/153	83/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	130/130	83/100
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	—	83/100

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	10	3	1
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	10	7	7
Head Start	91	77	—

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	61	74	49
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	33	40	27
Percent under age 5	28	31	20
Percent girls	52	62	43
Percent substantiated	28	15	8
Sexual abuse reports	9	16	9
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	5	9	5
Percent under age 5	22	25	11
Percent girls	44	73	78
Percent substantiated	22	25	33
Emotional abuse reports	21	8	5
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	11	4	3
Percent under age 5	29	38	0
Percent girls	48	88	60
Percent substantiated	24	13	60
Neglect/dependency reports	194	193	156
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	106	105	85
Percent under age 5	41	42	35
Percent girls	54	53	48
Percent substantiated	23	26	40

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	5	7	5
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	57	80	57
Percent under age 13	0	14	0
Percent girls	0	0	0
Percent white	100	100	100
Percent black or African American	0	0	0
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	20	29	33
Percent crimes against property	20	43	33
Percent alcohol related crimes	20	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	20	14	0
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	40

Woodford County

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends

	1980	1990	2000
NUMBER OF CHILDREN			
All children under age 18	5,530	5,270	5,891
Percent under age 5	24	27	25
White	5,097	4,876	5,355
Black or African American	423	355	316
Some other race	10	39	220
Hispanic*	39	38	198
CHILD LIVING ARRANGEMENTS			
Percent of all children			
With married couples	80	78	76
With single mothers	9	11	14
With single fathers	2	3	3
With other relatives	6	6	5
With grandparents	NA	5	4
Number in group quarters	68	46	57
FAMILY TYPES			
All families with children	2,685	3,048	3,112
Percent married couples	87	82	79
Percent single mothers	11	14	16
Percent single fathers	2	3	4
	1980–84	**1988–92**	**1995–99**
BIRTHS			
All live births	1,299	1,428	1,403
Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester	73	83	89
Percent 10 or more prenatal care visits	66	80	84
Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birthweight)	7	7	4
Percent gestation less than 37 weeks	NA	9	9
Percent five-minute APGAR score of 9 or 10	79	85	87
Percent mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy	NA	19	17
Percent mothers under age 20	16	12	12
Percent mothers ages 35 and older	5	11	14
Percent mothers not high school graduates	26	17	17
Percent mothers not married	13	17	22
General fertility rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)	59	58	54
Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)	24	25	18
Median age of birth mothers	25	27	27
CHILD AND TEEN DEATHS			
Infant mortality rate (deaths under age 1 per 1,000 live births)	8	13	4
Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)	34	15	22
Teen violent death rate (deaths ages 15–19 by accident, homicide, or suicide per 100,000)	112	130	25

*Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race

Woodford County

Economic Security

Child poverty, 1998 *(percent of children under age 18)*	11
Child support payments, 2001 *(percent of obligated payments collected)*	65
Basic Cost of Living*, 2001	
Hourly income *(1 adult)*	9.80
Hourly income *(2 adults)*	19.60
Annual income	41,407
Unemployment rate, 2000	2
Per capita income, 1999	31,721
Medicaid *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	870
KCHIP *(recipients under age 19)*, 2001	
June 1999	14
June 2000	106
June 2001	138
K-TAP *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	41
SSI *(recipients under age 18)*, 2000	61
Food stamps *(recipients under age 18)*, 2001	367
Free & reduced price lunches, 2000	
Recipients 5–17	759
Percent of students enrolled	20

* The Basic Cost of Living indices are calculations of how much money working adults need to meet their basic needs without subsidies of any kind in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family in Kentucky. Based on findings from the 2001 report, Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties. See data sources for more information on this indicator.

Student Performance

	2000
Dropout rate *(grades 7–12)*	3
Average daily attendance rate	95
Retention rate	3
CTBS scores *(Mean normal curve equivalent)*	2001
3rd grade reading	54
3rd grade math	60
6th grade reading	56
6th grade math	58
9th grade reading	52
9th grade math	53

Child Care and Early Education

Child care providers, 2001	#	# of children receiving subsidies
Licensed centers and homes	17	138
Certified homes	—	—
Registered providers	17	37

Average/highest weekly rates ($) charged to families	Licensed center & homes combined	Certified homes
Infants *(under age 1)*	106/150	85/100
Toddlers *(ages 1–3)*	98/110	87/100
Preschool *(ages 3–4)*	93/110	80/85
School age *(ages 5 and up)*	88/110	80/85

Public preschool enrollment	1998–99	1999–00	2000–01
At risk *(4 years)*	10	3	10
Disabled *(3–4 years)*	29	38	23
Head Start	38	36	38

Child Abuse and Neglect

	1998	1999	2000
Physical abuse reports	90	72	57
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	17	12	10
Percent under age 5	27	24	19
Percent girls	51	42	47
Percent substantiated	27	17	16
Sexual abuse reports	21	19	26
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	4	3	4
Percent under age 5	24	5	35
Percent girls	81	37	69
Percent substantiated	19	37	23
Emotional abuse reports	39	44	13
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	7	7	2
Percent under age 5	15	9	0
Percent girls	62	45	46
Percent substantiated	32	11	31
Neglect/dependency reports	132	219	142
Rate per 1,000 under age 18	22	37	24
Percent under age 5	33	39	30
Percent girls	55	50	54
Percent substantiated	31	23	41

Juvenile Justice

	1998	1999	2000
Committed youth	14	5	20
Rate per 10,000 ages 10–17	50	18	71
Percent under age 13	0	0	10
Percent girls	21	40	10
Percent white	71	100	90
Percent black or African American	29	0	10
Percent other races	0	0	0
Percent crimes against persons	64	60	37
Percent crimes against property	21	20	32
Percent alcohol related crimes	0	0	0
Percent drug related crimes	0	0	11
Percent out of home placement	NA	NA	30

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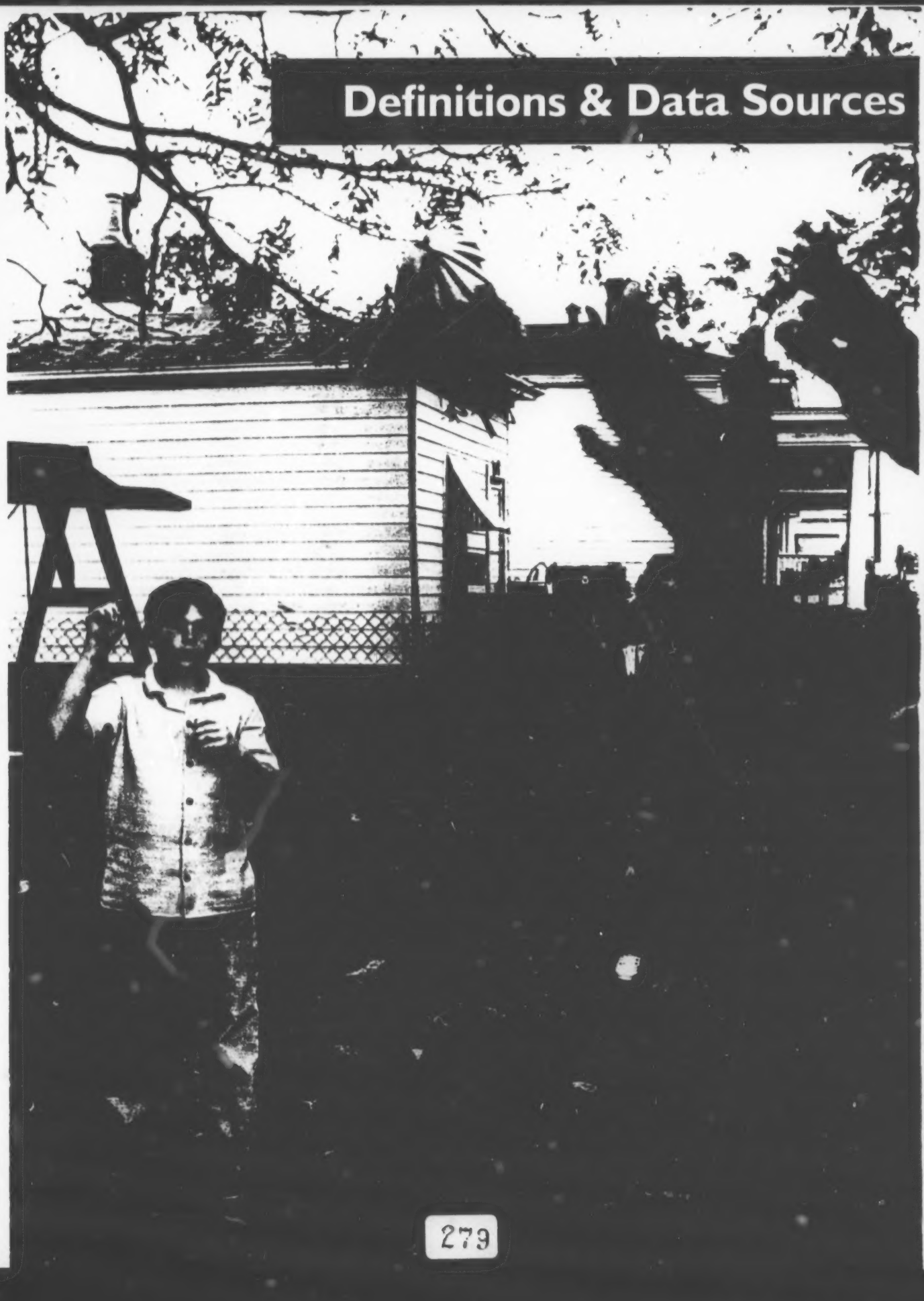

Definitions & Data Sources

Definitions and Data Sources

A statistical portrait of Kentucky's children is shown in two-page profiles for the state and each of the 120 counties. The front page includes "Two Decades of Child and Family Trends" that displays data on child population, child living arrangements, family types, births, and child and teen deaths. The back page is comprised of child well-being indicators that reflect children's economic security, school performance, access to quality child care and early education, as well as their vulnerability to risks, such as child abuse and neglect and contact with the juvenile justice system.

Two Decades of Child and Family Trends (Front Page)

All data for number of children, living arrangements, and family type are taken from questions asked of all households in the 1980, 1990, and 2000 Censuses.

Number of Children

Resident population under age 18 as of April 1, of the Census year. Some other race is the total of all persons who identified themselves as a race other than white or black. In 2000, totals also include those who responded with two or more races, even if one was white or African American. All race categories include those of Hispanic origin. Hispanic origin includes persons of all races. **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau.

Child Living Arrangements

Percent of all children living with married couples, single mothers, or single fathers.
Includes all "own" children under 18 related to the householder by birth, marriage (stepchild), or adoption. **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau.

Percent of all children living with other relatives (including grandparents for 1990 and 2000).
Includes any household member under 18, related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included in the "own" child category. These relationships may include grandchild, sibling, nephew, cousin, etc. **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau.

Percent of all children living in group quarters
All children under 18 that do not live in a household. The Census Bureau recognizes two categories of people in group quarters: 1) institutionalized and 2) noninstitutionalized. The institutionalized population includes people living in correctional institutions, nursing homes, hospitals, juvenile institutions, and other institutions where residents are under supervised care or custody. The noninstitutionalized population includes all people living in college dormitories, group homes, military quarters, and other noninstitutionalized group quarters. **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau and Population Reference Bureau.

Family Types

All families with children
A family includes a householder and one or more people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may be a group of unrelated people or one person living alone. **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau.

Percent married couple with children
A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are members of the same family. **Source:** U.S. Census Bureau.

Percent single mothers and single fathers
A family, with one or more children, with no spouse of householder present in the household.

Births

Percent prenatal care in 1st trimester
Births in which the mother reported beginning prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent 10 or more prenatal visits
Births in which the mother reported visiting her doctor for prenatal care at least 10 times prior to the birth of the infant. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent weighing less than 5.5 pounds (low birth-weight)
Infants weighing less than 2500 grams (5 pounds, 8 ounces) at birth. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent gestation of less than 37 weeks
Gestational age of the newborn is determined from the physician's estimate of gestation recorded on the infant's birth certificate. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent 5 Minute APGAR score of 9 or 10
Infants that scored a 9 or 10 on the 5-minute APGAR. A score of 9 or 10 represents an optimal score on the numerical measurement of the physical condition of a newborn, obtained through a series of tests shortly after birth. The tests measure Activity (muscle tone), Pulse, Grimace (reflex irritability), Appearance (skin color), and Respiration. The maximum score possible is 10. A score of 7–10 is considered normal, a score of 4–7 might require some resuscitative measures, and a score of 3 or below requires immediate resuscitation. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent mothers reported smoking during pregnancy
Births in which the mother reported smoking tobacco during pregnancy. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent mothers under the age of 20
Births in which the mother is under age 20 at the time of the infant's birth. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent mothers ages 35 and older
Births in which the mother is age 35 or older at the time of the infant's birth. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Percent mothers not high school graduate
Births in which the mother did not graduate from high school. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by the Kentucky Population Research.

Note: To find what counties are included in regional comparisons of "percent of mothers not married," see "Economic Study Regions" at the end of the Data Sources section.

Percent mothers not married
Births in which the mother is unmarried at the time of the infant's birth. Unmarried includes never married, divorced, or widowed. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by the Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Note: To find what counties are included in regional comparisons of "percent of mothers not married," see "Economic Study Regions" at the end of the Data Sources section.

General birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–44)
Number of live births per 1,000 females ages 15–44. **Source:** Data were recorded on birth certificates and maintained by the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch. Receiving CHS data files on an annual basis, Kentucky Population Research currently maintains individual records of births and deaths that have occurred to citizens of Kentucky between January 1, 1980 and December 31, 1999, from which the general birth rate statistics were derived.

Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–17)
Number of live births per 1,000 females ages 15–17. **Source:** Data were recorded on birth certificates and maintained in databases by the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch. Receiving CHS data files on an annual basis, Kentucky Population Research currently maintains individual records of births and deaths that have occurred to citizens of Kentucky between January 1, 1980 and December 31, 1999, from which the teen birth statistics were derived.

Median age of birth mothers
Number represents the age of mother for which one half of births in a given period were below and one half of births were above the reported age. For example, during 1995–99 in Kentucky, among all births, one half of births were to women under age 25 and one half were to women over age 25. Data were reported by mother's place of residence, not infant's place of birth. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Child and Teen Deaths

Infant mortality rate (deaths under age one per 1,000 live births)
The number of deaths occurring to infants under 1 year of age per 1,000 live births. The data are reported by infant's place of residence, not place of death. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Child death rate (deaths ages 1–14 per 100,000)
The number of child deaths (ages 1–14), per 100,000 children. Deaths from all causes are reported. The data are reported by child's place of residence, not place of death. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Vital Statistics Branch and processed by Kentucky Population Research (KPR).

Child Safety and Well-Being (Back Page)

Economic Security

Child poverty (percent of children under age 18 in poverty)
The percent of children under age 18 who lived in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Only children who lived in a household where they were related to the head of the household were included in the poverty measurement. **Source:** Poverty estimates for calendar year 1998 were produced by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates Program, available on-line at the Census Bureau's website (www.census.gov). In 1998, the poverty threshold for a typical family of four persons was $16,450. (Updated for inflation, the poverty threshold for a family of four in 2001 is $17,650.)

Child support payments (percent of obligated payments collected)
Rates were calculated by dividing the dollar amount collected by the dollar amount owed for state fiscal year 2001. Amount owed was determined by dollar amounts owed based on established current child support orders. Rates do not reflect amounts collected for arrearages. Child support data are only available for cases managed by the Kentucky Division of Child Support Enforcement. Data are not available for child support cases handled through private collection efforts. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Support.

Basic Cost of Living
This indicator reflects how much working adults in a two parent, two child (one preschool and one school-aged) family require to meet their basic needs. The indicator includes the hourly income needed for each parent, hourly income for both parents combined, and the total annual income necessary to meet a basic needs budget without any public or private assistance. **Source:** "Real Budgets, Real Families: The Basic Cost of Living in Kentucky's Counties". The report includes the basic cost of living for various family types in each of Kentucky's 120 counties and is available on-line at www.kyyouth.org.

Per Capita Income
Per capita income is the average income computed for every person in Kentucky's population. **Source:** Data for 1999 are from the Regional Economic Information System (REIS), Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), U.S. Department of Commerce.

Unemployment Rate
Data are 2000 annual averages, obtained from the Kentucky Department for Employment Services, Labor Market Information website (www.kycwd.org/des/lmi/labor/clf).

Medicaid (recipients under age 18)
Data are for January 2001 and obtained from the Kentucky

Department of Medicaid, Cabinet for Health Services, MS-264 Supplement: Medicaid in Kentucky. Available on-line at (chs.state.ky.us/dms/Eligibility).

KCHIP (recipients under age 19)
Number of children enrolled in the Kentucky Child Health Insurance Program (KCHIP) for three comparison points in time; June 1999, June 2000, and June 2001. KCHIP is a federal and state funded program to provide health insurance to children, ages 0–19. The program was developed with funding made available by federal legislation for States' Children's Health Insurance Program (S-CHIP), created by the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (P.L. 105–33). The Act allocated $24 billion for 1998 through 2002 to help states provide health insurance to children whose families earn too much to be eligible for Medicaid or do not receive health insurance for dependents through an employer. **Source:** Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services

Kentucky Transitional Assistance Program (K-TAP) (recipients under age 18)
Data are for January 2001 and are available only for cases in which a parent is in the home and is able-bodied. **Source:** Data were obtained from the University of Louisville, Kent School/Urban Studies Institute's Kentucky Welfare Reform Evaluation, under contract with the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) (recipients under age 18)
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal program of the Social Security Administration that provides direct cash payments to low-income aged, blind and disabled persons who have few financial assets. Children under 18 are eligible if they meet one of the following criteria: 1) have special health care needs as determined by assessment under SSI criteria; 2) require institutional care but can be cared for at home for less cost; or 3) are "Department wards," that is receiving foster care or for whom there is an adoption assistance agreement. (Title IV-E). **Source:** Data were obtained from the U.S. Social Security Administration website (www.ssa.gov/statistics/ssi_st_cty/2000/ky.html) and are reported for December 2000.

Food Stamps (recipients under age 19)
The number of children (under 19) that were Food Stamp recipients in August 2001. **Source:** Data obtained from a computer printout produced by the Kentucky Department of Social Insurance.

Free & reduced price lunches
Number and percent of enrolled public school students (ages 5–17) receiving either free or reduced price school lunches. To be eligible for free lunch, a child must live in a family with an income at or below 130% of the federal poverty threshold. To receive reduced price school lunch, a child must live in a family with an income of more than 130% of poverty, but not more than 185% of poverty. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education website (www.kde.state.ky.us/odss/nutrition/octdataout).

Student Performance

Dropout rate (grades 7–12)
Number of students in grades 7–12 who dropped out during the school year. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) website (www.kde.state.ky.us) for school districts and were aggregated to county totals for the 2000 school year.

Average daily attendance rate
Average percent of children in attendance for all grades. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) website (www.kde.state.ky.us) for school districts and were aggregated to county totals the 2000 school year.

Retention Rate
Students in grades 4–12 who did not progress to the next grade level or graduate in a given year. The primary years are not included in the retention measure. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) website (www.kde.state.ky.us) for school districts and were aggregated to county totals for the 2000 school year.

CTBS scores
The Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills (CTBS) is a national norm-referenced standardized achievement test. **Source:** Mean normal curve equivalent (NCE) scores were obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) website (www.kde.state.ky.us) for school districts and were aggregated to county totals for 2001 school year. Educational accountability regions for which the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills (CTBS) is tracked in Kentucky can be found at the Kentucky Department of Education's web site at www.kde.state.ky.us/oapd/rsc.

Child Care and Early Education

Child Care Providers
The number of child care providers include numbers of licensed centers (Type I) and homes (Type II) combined, certified homes, and registered providers. Licensed centers and homes are those facilities and homes licensed by the Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Division of Licensing and Regulation, and are the most regulated among types of child care providers. See KRS 199.8982 (1) (c) and 905 KAR 2: 10. Certified family child care homes are certified by the Cabinet for Health Services (CHS), Division of Licensing and Regulation. See KRS 199.8982 (1) (c) and 905 KAR 2: 100. Registered providers are child care providers who are not required to be licensed or certified, but must meet the requirements of Kentucky Administrative Regulations (922 KAR 2:180). **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care.

Number of children receiving subsidies
The number of children in child care centers, homes and with regulated providers who were receiving child care subsidy assistance from the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care. Eligibility for child care subsidies is based on family earnings below qualifying income levels (for Kentucky, 165% of the federal poverty level). **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care.

Average/Highest Weekly rates charged to families
Average weekly full-time rates for licensed centers and homes combined and for certified homes. Rates are divided by age group: Infants (under age 1), Toddlers (ages 1 year to 2 years, 11 months), Preschool (ages 3 years to 4 years, 11 months), and School-age (ages 5 and up). **Source:** Data were derived from the Market Rate Survey. The survey is required biennially by KRS 199.899 and was conducted by Murray State University in May and June 2001, under contract with the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Division of Child Care.

Public Pre-school Enrollment

Public preschool enrollment figures are reported for school years 1998–99, 1999–00, and 2000–01. Eligibility is based on 4-year old children at risk, those whose family income is at or below 130 percent of poverty, and 3–4 year old children with disabilities, regardless of family income. Head Start enrollment figures are reported for school years 1998–99, 1999–00, 2000–01. To be eligible for Head Start, families' incomes cannot exceed 100 percent of the federal poverty level, or $14,630 for a family of three. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education, Division of Extended Learning.

Child Abuse and Neglect

Reported incidents of child abuse and neglect for calendar years 1998, 1999, and 2000 are reported by four categories—physical abuse, sexual abuse, emotional abuse, and neglect/dependency. Reports are disaggregated by age (percent under age 5) and gender. Data are displayed by number of reports, by rate per 1,000 children under age 18, and by percent of reports substantiated. Definitions of physical abuse, sexual abuse, and neglect are found in KRS 620.020. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children, Department of Community Based Services and processed by Kentucky Population Research.

Juvenile Justice

Committed Youth (number and rate per 10,000)

Youth are committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) by order of the court. Commitment places a child under the custodial control or supervision of the DJJ. Commitment extends until the child reaches age eighteen (18) unless the commitment is discharged under KRS Chapter 605 or the committing court terminates or extends the order (KRS 600.020(12)). Commitment results in either probation or placement in a DJJ operated or contracted facility such as a group home, juvenile detention center, boot camp, or youth development center. Data are disaggregated by age, race, gender, and type of offense. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Justice Cabinet, Department of Juvenile Justice.

Out-of-Home Placement (percent of committed youth)

Youths committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice are placed either "In Community" or "Out of Community". The indicator, "Out-of-Home Placement," is the equivalent of "Out of Community" placement, and includes any placement outside of a youth's home or relative's home. "In Community" includes placement in a youth's home or the home of a relative. Youths placed "In Community" may be either on probation or attending a day treatment center. "Out of Community" placements include foster care or a Department of Juvenile Justice operated or contracted facility such as a group home, detention center, boot camp, or youth development center. **Source:** Data were obtained from the Kentucky Justice Cabinet, Department of Juvenile Justice.

Economic Study Regions

The nine economic study regions for comparisons of trends in percents of births to unmarried mothers and trends in percent of mothers who have not completed high school were defined in the following research report:

Coomes, Paul and Price, Michael. (2001). "The Recent Economic Performance of Regions in Kentucky". A report for the Kentucky Economic Development Partnership and the Kentucky Economic Development Cabinet that delineates nine economic study regions in Kentucky. The report with a regional map is available on-line at http://monitor.cbpa.louisville.edu/research papers/kyregionsed.pdf?6&55.

The counties included in the nine economic study regions are listed below.

Lexington Area
- Anderson
- Bath
- Bourbon
- Boyle
- Clark
- Fayette
- Franklin
- Garrard
- Harrison
- Jessamine
- Lincoln
- Madison
- Mercer
- Montgomery
- Nicholas
- Owen
- Robertson
- Scott
- Woodford

Mountain Area
- Bell
- Breathitt
- Clay
- Estill
- Floyd
- Harlan
- Jackson
- Johnson
- Knott
- Lee
- Leslie
- Letcher
- Magoffin
- Martin
- Menifee
- Morgan
- Owsley
- Perry
- Pike
- Powell
- Wolfe

Cumberland Area
- Adair
- Casey
- Clinton
- Cumberland
- Knox
- Laurel
- McCreary
- Pulaski
- Rockcastle
- Russell
- Wayne
- Whitley

Bowling Green–Hopkinsville Area
- Allen
- Barren
- Butler
- Christian
- Edmonson
- Green
- Hart
- Logan
- Metcalfe
- Monroe
- Simpson
- Taylor
- Todd
- Trigg
- Warren

Paducah–Purchase Area
- Ballard
- Caldwell
- Calloway
- Carlisle
- Fulton
- Graves
- Hickman
- Livingston
- Lyon
- McCracken
- Marshall

Owensboro–Henderson Area
- Crittenden
- Davis
- Hancock
- Henderson
- Hopkins
- McLean
- Muhlenberg
- Ohio
- Union
- Webster

Louisville Area
- Breckinridge
- Bullitt
- Carroll
- Grayson
- Hardin
- Henry
- Jefferson
- Larue
- Marion
- Meade
- Nelson
- Oldham
- Shelby
- Spencer
- Trimble
- Washington

Northern Kentucky Area
- Boone
- Bracken
- Campbell
- Fleming
- Gallatin
- Grant
- Kenton
- Mason
- Pendleton

Ashland Area
- Boyd
- Carter
- Elliott
- Greenup
- Lawrence
- Lewis
- Rowan

[1] Coomes, Paul and Price, Michael (2001). The Recent Economic Performance of Regions in Kentucky, A report for the Kentucky Economic Development Partnership and the Kentucky Economic Development Cabinet that delineates nine economic study regions in Kentucky. The counties located in each region are listed in the Definitions and Data Sources section of this data book. The report with a regional map is available on-line at http://monitor.cbpa.louisville.edu/ researchpapers/kyregionsed.pdf?6&55.

[2] The category "minority" includes all children other than those who selected only one race (white).

[3] Hispanic can be of any race.

[4] For more information on the new racial categories see the KIDS COUNT/Population Reference Bureau Report, "Using the New Racial Categories in the 2000 Census," available at www.kidscount.org.

[5] The 2001 federal poverty guidelines are set at $14,630 for a family of three. Low-income families are defined as having incomes no more than double (200%) the federal poverty guidelines.

[6] Garkovich, Lorraine and Julie Zimmerman, (1999). "Welfare Reform and Kentucky Women," in The Future Well-Being of Women in Kentucky. The Kentucky Long-Term Policy Research Center.

[7] Married-couple families include households in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Census definitions available at www.kidscount.org, prepared by the Population Reference Bureau, 2001.

[8] Cohabiting includes "persons of the opposite sex sharing living quarters." The male may or may not be the biological father of the children in the family. U.S. Census Bureau.

[9] "Family" households are those with two or more persons related by birth, marriage or adoption, and include both families with children under 18 and families with no children under 18. U.S. Census Bureau.

[10] 126,485 families were headed by single mothers. 34,318 families were headed by single fathers. U.S. Census 2000.

[11] Households and Families: 2000. Census Brief. Tavia Simmons and Grace O'Neill. U.S. Census Bureau. Available on-line at www.census.gov.

[12] Co-resident Grandparents and Their Grandchildren: Grandparent Maintained Families. (2001). Census Brief. Available on-line at www.census.gov/population.

[13] Annie E. Casey Foundation (2001). 2001 KIDS COUNT Data Book: State Profiles of Child Well-Being. Baltimore: Author.

[14] Annie E. Casey Foundation. (2001) The Right Start State Trends: Conditions of Babies and their Families Across the Nation. Baltimore: Author.

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[16] Ventura, Stephanie J. and Bachrach, Christine A. Nonmarital Childbearing in the United States, 1940–99, National Vital Statistics Reports Vol. 48, No. 16, October 18, 2000, National Institute for Child Health and Human Development. This study found that, after fifty years of a rising national rate of nonmarital childbearing, births to unmarried mothers leveled off in the 1990's to approximately 33 percent. Available on-line at www.cdc.gov/nchs.

[17] Harknett, Kristen, Hardman, Laura, Garfinkel, Irwin, and McLanahan, Sara. (2001). Fragile Families and Welfare Reform. Center for Research on Child Well-being. This study reveals that more infants born to unmarried mothers may be going home from the hospital to two parents than commonly believed. This qualitative study found that, among unmarried mothers in selected cities, over half were cohabiting with their infant's father, and another thirty percent were romantically involved with the father. Nineteen percent of mothers were not involved with the fathers. Available on-line at http://crcw.princeton.edu/fragilefamilies.

[18] Halpern, Ariel. (2001) Poverty among Children Born Outside of Marriage: Preliminary Findings from the National Survey of America's Families, Discussion Paper 99–16. The Urban Institute. Among children living with single mothers, those born outside of marriage are 1.7 times more likely to be poor than are those born to married parents, even after controlling for differences in such factors as mother's education and work status. Available on-line at http://newfederalism.urban.org/html/discussion99-16.html.

[19] See Data Sources for complete list of counties included in the mountain region or visit http://monitor.cbpa.louisville.edu/researchpapers/kyregionsed.pdf?6&55.

[20] Garkovich, Lorraine and Zimmerman, Julie. "Welfare Reform and Kentucky Women," in The Future Well-Being of Women in Kentucky. The Kentucky Long-Term Policy Research Center. (1999).

[21] National Center for Children in Poverty. High School Diploma, Working Parents, Little Protection Against Young Child Poverty. (Summer, 1999) vol.9. no.2.New York, New York: Author.

[22] Kentucky Annual Vital Statistics Report, 1999. Kentucky Cabinet for Health Services, State Center for Health Statistics.

[23] Kirby, Douglas (2001). Emerging Answers: Research Findings on Programs to Reduce Teen Pregnancy. The National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy. Available on-line at www.teenpregnancy.org.

[24] Annie E. Casey Foundation (2001). 2001 KIDS COUNT Data Book: State Profiles of Child Well-Being. Baltimore: Author.

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[36] Educational accountability regions for which the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills (CTBS) scores are tracked in Kentucky can be found at the Kentucky Department of Education's web site at www.kde.state.ky.us/oapd/rsc.

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[43] "Low-Income" in this scenario represents 170 percent of the federal poverty line (FPL) for a family of three, or $24,871 gross income. Low-income is generally defined as more than the FPL up to 200 percent of FPL. Because child care subsidy assistance is initially available only to parents with gross incomes of up to 165 percent of FPL, the family in this example would not qualify for child care assistance to lower the cost of child care.

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Kentucky Youth Advocates

Mission: To be a strong voice for all of Kentucky's children and to promote positive public policies.

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